Albaraka Türk Katılım Bankası Anonim Şirketi

Consolidated financial statements and related disclosures at December 31, 2019 together with independent auditors' report

(Convenience translation of the independent auditors' report and financial statements originally issued in Turkish – see section three Note I.b)



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Convenience Translation of the Independent Auditor's Report originally issued in Turkish (See Note 1.b of Section Three)

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the General Assembly of Albaraka Türk Katılım Bankası A.Ş

Report on the Consolidated Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of Albaraka Türk Katılım Bankası A.Ş. (the "Bank") and its subsidiaries(together will be referred as "the Group"), which comprise the statement of consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2019, consolidated statement of profit or loss and consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in shareholders' equity and consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended and the notes to the consolidated financial statements including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of Albaraka Türk Katılım Bankası A.Ş. as at December 31, 2019 and financial performance and consolidated its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with the prevailing accounting principles and standards set out as in accordance with "Regulation on Accounting Applications for Banks and Safeguarding of Documents" published in the Official Gazette no.26333 dated 1 November 2006 and other regulations on accounting records of Banks published by Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency (BRSA), circulars, interpretations published by BRSA and "BRSA Accounting and Financial Reporting Legislation" which includes the provisions of Turkish Financial Reporting Standards (TFRS) for the matters which are not regulated by these regulations.

Basis for Opinion

Our audit was conducted in accordance with "Regulation on independent audit of the Banks" published in the Official Gazette no.29314 dated 2 April 2015 by BRSA (BRSA Independent Audit Regulation) and Independent Auditing Standards ("ISA") which are the part of Turkish Auditing Standards issued by the Public Oversight Accounting and Auditing Standards Authority ("POA"). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with of Code of Ethics for Independent Auditors (Code of Ethics) published by POA and have fulfilled our other responsibilities' in accordance with the code of ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Other Matter

The consolidated financial statements of the Bank as at 31 December 2018 was audited by another audit firm, which expressed an unqualified opinion in their report issued on 7 March 2019.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.



Key Audit Matter	How the matter is addressed in our audit
Financial impact of IFRS 9 "Financial Instruments" standard and recognition of impairment on financial assets and related important disclosures	
We considered the impact of IFRS 9 to the financial Statements which outlines the expected credit loss calculations of financial assets as a key audit matter due to: - Amount of on and off balance sheet items that are subject to expected credit loss calculation is material to the financial statements. - There are complex and comprehensive requirements of TFRS 9. - Policies implemented by the Group management regarding expected credit loss calculation include compliance risk to the regulations and other practices. - New or re-structured processes of TFRS 9 are advanced and complex. - Judgements and estimates used in expected credit loss calculation are new, complex and comprehensive - Disclosure requirements of TFRS 9 are comprehensive and complex.	include: - Evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies as to the requirements of TFRS 9, Group's past experience, local and global practices. - Reviewing and testing of new or re-structured processes and systems which are used for the calculation of expected credit losses by involving our IT and Process audit specialists. - Evaluating the reasonableness of management's key judgements, estimates and data sources used in expected credit loss calculations considering the standard requirements, sectorial, local and global practices. - Involving financial risk management specialists to assess the appropriateness of definition of significant increase in credit risk, default criteria,



Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged With Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Group management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with the BRSA Accounting and Reporting Legislation and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial statement that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

In an independent audit, the responsibilities of us as independent auditors are:

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with BRSA Independent Audit Regulation and ISAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with BRSA Independent Audit Regulation and ISAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. (The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.)
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.



- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- In order to provide an opinion on consolidated financial statements, adequate and appropriate audit evidence is obtained about the financial information of the operating segments and entities in the Group. We are responsible for directing, supervising and conducting the Group audit. We are also responsible for the audit opinion that we provide by ourselves.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.



Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1) In accordance with Article 402 paragraph 4 of the Turkish Commercial Code ("TCC") numbered 6102; no significant matter has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the Bank's bookkeeping activities and financial statements for the period January 1 December 31, 2019 are not in compliance with the code and provisions of the Bank's articles of association in relation to financial reporting.
- 2) In accordance with Article 402 paragraph 4 of the TCC; the Board of Directors submitted to us the necessary explanations and provided required documents within the context of audit.

The engagement partner who supervised and concluded this independent auditor's report is Emre Çelik.

Additional paragraph for convenience translation to English

As explained in detail in Note 1.b. of Section Three, accounting principles and standards set out by regulations in conformity with BRSA Accounting and Reporting Legislation, accounting principles generally accepted in countries in which the accompanying consolidated financial statements are to be distributed and International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") have not been quantified in the accompanying consolidated financial statements. Accordingly, the accompanying consolidated financial statements are not intended to present the financial position, results of operations and changes in financial position and cash flows in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in such countries and IFRS.

Güney Bağımsız Denetim ve Serbest Muhasebeci Mali Müşavirlik Anonim Şirketi A member firm of Ernst & Young Global Limited

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Emre Selle, SMM Associate Partner

March 2, 2020 Istanbul, Türkiye



CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL REPORT OF ALBARAKA TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI A.S. AS OF AND FOR YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

Parent Bank's headquarter address : Saray Mah. Dr. Adnan Büyükdeniz Cad. No: 6

34768 Ümraniye/İstanbul

Parent Bank's phone number and facsimile : 00 90 216 666 01 01 - 00 90 216 666 16 00

Parent Bank's website : www.albaraka.com.tr

Electronic mail contact info : albarakaturk@albarakaturk.com.tr

The consolidated year ended financial report prepared in accordance with the Communiqué on Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes to be Announced to Public by Banks as regulated by the Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency is comprised of the following sections.

GENERAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE PARENT BANK

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF THE PARENT BANK

- EXPLANATIONS ON THE ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES APPLIED IN THE RELATED PERIOD
- INFORMATION ON FINANCIAL STRUCTURE AND RISK MANAGEMENT
- EXPLANATORY DISCLOSURES AND FOOTNOTES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
- INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Investments in subsidiaries, real estate investment funds, venture capital investment funds, security funds, joint ventures and associates whose financial statements have been consolidated in this consolidated financial report are as follows:

	Subsidiaries	Real Estate Investment Funds	Joint Ventures	Associates		
1.	Bereket Varlık Kiralama A.Ş. Albaraka Portföy Yönetim A.Ş. One Tower Gayrimer Yatırım Fonu		Albaraka Portföy Yönetimi A.Ş. Değer Girişim Sermayesi Yatırım Fonu	Albaraka PortföyYönetimi A.Ş. Katılım Hisse Senedi Fonu (Hisse Senedi Yoğun Fon)	Katılım Emeklilik ve Hayat A.Ş.	-
2.	Albaraka Portföy Yönetimi A.Ş.			Albaraka Portföy Yönetimi A.Ş. Katılım Fonu	-	-
3.	Albaraka Portföy Yönetimi A.Ş. Batışehir Gayrimenkul Yatırım Fonu		-	Albaraka Portföy Yönetimi A.Ş. Altın Katılım Fonu		-
4.	Albaraka Portföy Yönetimi - A.Ş. Metropol Gayrimenkul Yatırım Fonu		-	Albaraka Portföy Yönetimi A.Ş. Kira Sertifikaları Katılım Fonu	-	-

Bereket One Ltd and Albaraka Sukuk Ltd, which are not a subsidiaries of the Bank but over which the Bank has 100% controlling power, have been included in the consolidation due to the reason that these companies are "Structured Entity".

The consolidated financial statements and related disclosures and footnotes; presented in thousands of Turkish Lira unless otherwise indicated; have been prepared in accordance with the Communiqué on Accounting Applications of Banks and Safeguarding of Documents, Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency regulations, Turkish Accounting Standards, Turkish Financial Reporting Standards and the related appendices and interpretations and in compliance with the records of our Bank, have been independently audited and presented as attached.

March 2, 2020

Adnan Ahmed Yusuf ABDULMALEK

Chairman of the Board of Directors

Melikşan UTKU

Mustafa CETIN

Kemaleddin DİLBAZ

General Manager

Assistant General Manager

Financial Reporting

Manager

Mustafa BÜNÜKABACI

Chairman of the Audit Committee

Süleyman KALKAN

Member of the Audit Committee

Mehmet ASUTAY

Member of the Audit Committee

Contact information of the personnel in charge of the addressing of questions about this financial report:

Name-Surname/Title Bora SIMSEK / Financial Reporting / Vice Manager

Telephone 00 90 216 666 05 59 Facsimile : 00 90 216 666 16 11

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(Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

SECTION ONE

General Information

I. History of the Parent Bank including its incorporation date, initial legal status and amendments to legal status:

Albaraka Türk Katılım Bankası Anonim Şirketi ("The Parent Bank") was incorporated on November 5, 1984 with the name of Albaraka Türk Özel Finans Kurumu A.Ş., based on the decision of the Council of Ministers numbered 83/7506 and dated December 16, 1983 regarding establishments of Special Finance Houses and obtained the operating permission from the Central Bank of Turkey with the letter numbered 10912 and dated January 21, 1985.

Special Finance Houses, operating in accordance with the Communiqués of Under Secretariat of Treasury and the Central Bank of Turkey based on the decision of Council of Ministers numbered 83/7506, have been subjected to the provisions of the Banking Law numbered 4389 with the change of law dated December 17, 1999 and numbered 4491. Special Finance Houses have been subjected to the provisions of "Communiqué Related to the Incorporation and Activities of Special Finance Houses" published in the Official Gazette dated September 20, 2001 numbered 24529 by the Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency ("BRSA"). "Communiqué Related to the Incorporation and Activities of Special Finance Houses" has been superseded by the "Communiqué Related to Credit Operations of Banks" published in the Official Gazette dated November 1, 2006 numbered 26333 and the Parent Bank operates in accordance with the Banking Law numbered 5411 published in the Official Gazette dated November 1, 2005 numbered 25983.

The decision regarding the change in the title of the Parent Bank, in relation with the provisions of the Banking Law numbered 5411, was agreed in the Extraordinary General Meeting dated December 21, 2005 and the title of the Parent Bank was changed as "Albaraka Türk Katılım Bankası A.Ş.". The change in the title was registered in Istanbul Trade Registry on December 22, 2005 and published in the Trade Registry Gazette dated December 27, 2005, numbered 6461.

The Parent Bank together with its consolidated ownerships is referred to as the "Group" in the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

The Parent Bank's head office is located in Istanbul and is operating through 228 (December 31, 2018: 229) local branches and 2 (December 31, 2018: 1) foreign branch and with 3.791 (December 31, 2018: 3.988) staff as of December 31, 2019. The Group has 3.811 (December 31, 2018: 4.005) staff as of December 31, 2019.

II. Shareholding structure, shareholders having direct or indirect, joint or individual control over the management and supervision of the Parent Bank and the disclosures on related changes in the current year, if any:

As of December 31, 2019, 54,06% (December 31, 2018: 54,06%) of the Parent Bank's shares are owned by Albaraka Banking Group located in Bahrain and 7,84% (December 31, 2018: 7,84%) owned by Islamic Development Bank, 25,25% (December 31, 2018: 25,22%) of the shares are publicly traded and quoted at Borsa İstanbul. Rest belongs to different real persons and corporate entities. As of December 31, 2019, the Parent Bank has completed capital increase through rights issues and additional TL 450.000 has been represented under "other capital reserves" since the new capital has not been registered yet. After the registration, Albaraka Banking Group's share will be 36,29% on the issued capital amounts to TL 1.350.000.

(Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

III. Explanation on the chairman and members of board of directors, members of audit committee, general manager and assistant general managers, their areas of responsibility and their shares in the Parent Bank, if any(*):

Title	Name and Surname	Administrative Function and Responsibility	Educational Degree	Ownership Percentage (%)
Chairman of the Board of Directors (BOD):	Adnan Ahmed Yusuf ABDULMALEK	Chairman of BOD	Master	(*) 0,0000
Members of BOD:	Osman AKYÜZ	II.Chairman of BOD	Bachelor	-
	İbrahim Fayez Humaid ALSHAMSI	Member of BOD	Bachelor	(*) 0,0000
	Hamad Abdulla A. ALOQAB	Member of BOD	Bachelor	(*) 0,0000
	Fahad Abdullah A. ALRAJHI	Member of BOD	Bachelor	(*) 0,0000
	Süleyman KALKAN	Member of BOD	Bachelor	· -
	Mustafa BÜYÜKABACI	Member of BOD	Master	_
	Dr. Khaled Abdulla Mohamed ATEEQ	Member of BOD	Doctorate	_
	Prof. Dr. Mehmet ASUTAY	Member of BOD	Doctorate	_
	Wasim Ahmed ABDULWAHAB(**)	Member of BOD	Master	_
	Prof. Dr. Kemal VAROL	Member of BOD	Doctorate	_
	Muhammad Zarrug M. RAJAB	Independent Member of BOD	Bachelor	-
General Manager:	Melikşah UTKU	Member of BOD/General Manager	Master	-
Assistant General Managers:	Turgut SIMITCIOĞLU	Assistant General Manager Responsible for Credit Risks	Master	-
	Mustafa ÇETİN	Assistant General Manager Responsible for Finance and Strategy	Bachelor	-
	Nevzat BAYRAKTAR(***)	Assistant General Manager Responsible for Sales	Bachelor	-
	Hasan ALTUNDAĞ	Assistant General Manager Responsible for Marketing	Bachelor	-
	Malek Khodr TEMSAH	Assistant General Manager Responsible for Treasury and Financial Institutions	Master	-
	Fatih BOZ	Assistant General Manager Responsible for Credits	Master	-
	Volkan Evcil	Assistant General Manager Responsible Central Operations	Bachelor	-
	Süleyman ÇELİK	Assistant General Manager Responsible for Human Values and Administrative Affairs	Bachelor	-
	Süleyman ÇELİK (Deputy)	Assistant General Manager Responsible for Information Technologies	Bachelor	-
Chief Legal Consultancy	Hasan AVŞAR	Chief Legal Consultant	Bachelor	-
Audit Committee:	Mustafa BÜYÜKABACI	Chairman of Audit Committee	Master	-
	Süleyman KALKAN	Member of Audit Committee	Bachelor	-
	Prof. Dr. Mehmet ASUTAY	Member of Audit Committee	Doctorate	-

 $[\]ensuremath{^{(1)}}$ The share amounts of these persons are between TL 1-10 (full).

Chairman and members of BOD, members of audit committee, general manager and assistant general managers own 0,0000% of the Parent Bank's share capital (December 31, 2018: 0,0000%).

IV. Information on the Parent Bank's qualified shareholders:

The Parent Bank's paid in capital amounting to TL 900.000 consists of 900.000.000 number of shares with a nominal value of TL 1 (full) for each share. TL 486.523 of the paid in capital is owned by gualified shareholders who are listed below:

Name/Commercial Name	Share amount (nominal)	Share ratio	Paid shares	Unpaid shares
Albaraka Banking Group	486.523	54.06% ^(*)	486 523	-

⁽¹) Shares purchased by the Parent Albaraka Banking Group from Stock Exchange is not included. Related share rate and paid up shares are valid before the capital increase through rights issues completed in December 2019. Since the capital has not been registered yet, the share rates and paid up shares are represented taking the balance sheet balance (TL 900.000) as reference and base. After the registration, Albaraka Banking Group's share will be 36,29% on the issued capital amounts to TL 1.350.000.

^(**) Resigned on January 22, 2020.

^(***) Resigned on February 14, 2020.

(Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

V. Summary on the Parent Bank's service activities and field of operations:

The Parent Bank operates in accordance with the principles of interest-free banking as a participation bank. The Parent Bank mainly collects funds through current accounts and participation accounts based on profit and loss sharing agreements and investment agency agreements, which are only for legal entities. The Parent Bank lends such funds through corporate finance support, retail finance support, profit/loss sharing investment, finance lease, financing commodity against document and joint investments.

The Parent Bank classifies current and profit sharing accounts separately from other accounts in accordance with their maturities. Profit sharing accounts are classified under six different maturity groups; up to one month, up to three months (three months included), up to six months (six months included), up to one year (one year included), one year and more than one year (with monthly, quarterly, semi-annual and annual profit share payment) and accumulated participation accounts.

The Bank may determine the profit rate following operating the participation accounts or estimated rates for investment agencies. The rate of participation accounts' participation to the loss is one hundred percent.

The Parent Bank constitutes specific fund pools with minimum maturities of one month, to be allocated to individually predetermined projects for financing purposes. Profit sharing accounts, which are part of the funds collected for project financing purpose, are managed in accordance with their maturities and independently from other accounts and transfers from these accounts to any other maturity groups are not executed. Specific fund pools are liquidated at the end of the financing period.

In addition to its ordinary banking activities, the Parent Bank operates as an insurance agency on behalf of Bereket Sigorta, Anadolu Sigorta, Güneş Sigorta, Allianz Sigorta, Unico Sigorta, Neova Sigorta, Ankara Sigorta, Coface Sigorta, Avivasa Emeklilik Hayat, as an insurance agency on behalf of Generali Sigorta, as a private pension insurance agency on behalf of Anadolu Hayat Emeklilik, Avivasa Emeklilik Hayat and Katılım Emeklilik ve Hayat, and as a brokerage agency on behalf of Bizim Menkul Değerler A.Ş. through its branches, engages in purchase and sale of precious metals, provides intermediary services in quick money transfers, credit card and member business (P.O.S.) services.

Moreover, the Parent Bank is involved in providing non-cash loans, which mainly comprise letters of guarantee, letters of credit and acceptances.

Transactions, which can be carried out by the Parent Bank, are not limited to the clauses listed above. If any activities other than those mentioned are considered as beneficial to the Parent Bank, the application must be recommended by the Board of Directors, approved by the General Assembly and authorized by relevant legal authorities, which then needs to be approved by the Ministry of Trade since such applications, are amendments in nature to the Article of Association. The application is included in the Article of Association after all necessary approvals are obtained.

VI. Differences between the Communiqué on Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements of Banks and Turkish Accounting Standards with respect to consolidation and short explanation about the institutions subject to full or proportional consolidation and institutions, which are deducted from equity or not included in these three methods:

The Parent Bank did not consolidate its associate Kredi Garanti Fonu A.Ş. through equity method considering the materiality principle and its insignificant influence over the associate, the related associate is carried at cost in the accompanying financial statements, Natura Gida Sanavi ve Ticaret A.S. which is an subsidiary of "Değer Girisim Sermayesi Yatırım Fonu" controlled by the Parent Bank, Inooster Bilgi Teknolojileri A.Ş. and Pedudi Bilişim Teknolojileri A.Ş., Tam Entegre Yazılım A.Ş. and Kronnika Bilgi Teknolojileri A.Ş. which are associates of "Fintech Girişim Sermayesi Yatırım Fonu" controlled by Parent Bank have not been consolidated since they are non-financial subsidiaries and associates, respectively. The Parent Bank consolidated Katılım Emeklilik ve Hayat A.Ş., an entity under common control, and Bereket Varlık Kiralama A.Ş., Insha Gmbh, Albaraka Portföy Yönetimi A.Ş. the subsidiaries of the Parent Bank, through equity method and full consolidation method, respectively. Bereket One Ltd, and Albaraka Sukuk Ltd, which are not subsidiaries of the Parent Bank but over which the Parent Bank has 100% controlling power have been included in the consolidation due to the reason that these companies are "Structured Entity". Real Estate Investment Funds "Albaraka Portföy Yönetimi A.S. One Tower Gayrimenkul Yatırım Fonu", "Albaraka Portföy Yönetimi A.Ş. Batışehir Gayrimenkul Yatırım Fonu", "Albaraka Portföy Yönetimi A.Ş. Dükkan Gayrimenkul Yatırım Fonu", "Albaraka Portföy Yönetimi A.Ş. Metropol Gayrimenkul Yatırım Fonu" and Venture Capital Investment Funds "Albaraka Portföy Yönetimi A.Ş. Değer Girişim

(Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

VI. Differences between the Communiqué on Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements of Banks and Turkish Accounting Standards with respect to consolidation and short explanation about the institutions subject to full or proportional consolidation and institutions, which are deducted from equity or not included in these three methods (continued):

Sermayesi Yatırım Fonu", "Albaraka Portföy Yönetimi A.Ş. Fintech Girişim Sermayesi Yatırım Fonu" and other security (investment) funds controlled by the Parent Bank have been consolidated as well.

Due to non-financial partnership, "Albaraka Kültür Sanat ve Yayıncılık A.Ş." and "Albaraka Teknoloji Bilişim Sistemleri ve Pazarlama Ticaret A.Ş." which are the subsidiaries of the Parent Bank, have not been consolidated.

VII. The existing or potential, actual or legal obstacles on immediate transfer of equity or reimbursement of liabilities between the parent bank and its subsidiaries:

There is no immediate transfer of equity between the Parent Bank and its subsidiaries. There is no existing or potential, actual or legal obstacle to the reimbursement of liabilities between the Parent Bank and its subsidiaries.

SECTION TWO

The consolidated financial statements

- I. Consolidated balance sheet (Statement of financial position)
- II. Consolidated statement of off-balance sheet
- III. Consolidated statement of profit or loss
- IV. Consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income
- V. Consolidated statement of changes in shareholders' equity
- VI. Consolidated statement of cash flows
- VII. Consolidated statement of profit appropriation

ALBARAKA TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI A.Ş. CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET (STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION) AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2019

(Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

				Audited		Audited				
	ASSETS	Notes		RENT PER			PRIOR PERIOD			
	AGGETG	(Section		ember 31, 2			ember 31, 20			
		Five-I)	TL	FC	Total	TL	FC	Total		
	FINANCIAL ACCETS (No4)		0 407 750	40 005 000	45 500 070	0 005 704	40 400 700	40 005 540		
l.	FINANCIAL ASSETS (Net)	(4)		12.065.923	15.533.676	2.035.734		12.205.516		
1.1	Cash and Cash Equivalents	(1)		10.453.621	12.973.065	1.315.576	9.803.977	11.119.553		
	Cash and Balances with Central Bank		1.426.702		8.795.909	509.720	5.408.661	5.918.381		
	Banks		1.109.920	3.084.627	4.194.547	822.730	4.395.605	5.218.335		
	Money Market Placements									
	Expected Credit Losses (-)		17.178	213	17.391	16.874	289	17.163		
1.2	Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through	(2)								
404	Profit/Loss (FVTPL)	(2)	134.498	437.979	572.477	10.472	1.997	12.469		
	Government Securities		99.148	435.174	534.322	834	-	834		
	Equity Securities									
	Other Financial Assets		35.350	2.805	38.155	9.638	1.997	11.635		
1.3	Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Other	4-3								
404	Comprehensive Income (FVOCI)	(3)	813.673	1.174.064	1.987.737	708.176	363.808	1.071.984		
	Government Securities		813.658	1.150.767	1.964.425	708.161	350.353	1.058.514		
	Equity Securities		15	23.297	23.312	15	13.455	13.470		
	Other Financial Assets		-				-			
1.4	Derivative Financial Assets	(5)	138	259	397	1.510	-	1.510		
1.4.1	Derivative Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through									
	Profit/Loss		138	259	397	1.510	-	1.510		
1.4.2	Derivative Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through									
	Other Comprehensive Income		-	-	-	-	-	-		
II.	FINANCIAL ASSETS MEASURED AT AMORTISED COST									
	(NET)			14.745.234	31.743.408	16.594.878	10.208.617	26.803.495		
2.1	Loans	(6)		13.617.465	30.637.193	16.796.658	10.265.568	27.062.226		
2.2	Lease Receivables	(7)	227.356	16.322	243.678	375.304	4.250	379.554		
2.3	Financial Assets Measured at Amortised Cost	(4)	638.021		1.994.319	618.506	-	618.506		
	Government Securities		638.021	1.296.462	1.934.483	618.506	-	618.506		
	Other Financial Assets		-	59.836	59.836	-	-	-		
2.4	Expected Credit Losses (-)	(6)	886.931	244.851	1.131.782	1.195.590	61.201	1.256.791		
III.	ASSETS HELD FOR SALE AND ASSETS OF									
	DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (Net)	(8)	124.196	284	124.480	648.970	718	649.688		
3.1	Asset Held for Resale		124.196	284	124.480	648.970	718	649.688		
3.2	Assets of Discontinued Operations		-	-	-	-	-	-		
IV.	OWNERSHIP INVESTMENTS (Net)	(9)	286.470	-	286.470	99.571	-	99.571		
4.1	Associates (Net)		8.258	-	8.258	71.647	-	71.647		
	Associates Consolidated Under Equity Accounting		-	-	-	-	-	-		
	Unconsolidated Associates		8.258	-	8.258	71.647	-	71.647		
4.2	Subsidiaries (Net)		240.236	-	240.236	3.540	-	3.540		
	Unconsolidated Financial Investments in Subsidiaries		-	-	-	-	-	-		
	Unconsolidated Non-Financial Investments in Subsidiaries		240.236	-	240.236	3.540	-	3.540		
4.3	Joint Ventures (Net)		37.976	-	37.976	24.384	-	24.384		
4.3.1	Joint-Ventures Consolidated Under Equity Accounting		37.976	-	37.976	24.384	-	24.384		
	Unconsolidated Joint-Ventures				-	-	-	-		
٧.	TANGIBLE ASSETS (Net)	(10)	1.496.680	19.905	1.516.585	655.238	219	655.457		
VI.	INTANGIBLE ASSETS (Net)	(11)	30.538	5.272	35.810	31.422	5.312	36.734		
6.1	Goodwill		-	3.970	3.970	-	4.000	4.000		
6.2	Others		30.538	1.302	31.840	31.422	1.312	32.734		
VII.	INVESTMENT PROPERTY (Net)	(12)	1.419.315	-	1.419.315	1.074.667	-	1.074.667		
VIII.	CURRENT TAX ASSET		1.231	-	1.231	3.992	-	3.992		
IX.	DEFERRED TAX ASSET	(13)	166.345	-	166.345	169.474	-	169.474		
X.	OTHER ASSETS	(14)	397.149	251.499	648.648	481.598	41.755	523.353		
	TOTAL ASSETS		24.387.851	27.088.117	51.475.968	21.795.544	20.426.403	42.221.947		

Along with the Communiqué amending the Communiqué on a Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes to be Announced to Public by Banks in the Official Gazette dated 1 February 2019 and numbered 30673, the formats of the financial statements have been changed. Based on this change, the prior year financial statements are reprepared in order to be consistent with the current period financial statements.

ALBARAKA TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI A.Ş. CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET (STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION) AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2019

(Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

				Audited		Audited				
	LIADUITICO	Notes	CUI	RRENT PERIO	OD	PRIOR PERIOD				
	LIABILITIES	(Section	Dec	ember 31, 20	19	Dec	ember 31, 20	018		
		`Five-II)	TL	FC	Total	TL	FC	Total		
	FUNDS COLLECTED	(4)	44.670.000	25.066.274	20 700 000	44 605 400	46 040 005	28.539.331		
I.	FUNDS COLLECTED	(1)	14.672.926		39.739.200		16.843.865			
II.	FUNDS BORROWED	(2)	100.219	1.691.379	1.791.598	220.698	3.168.852	3.389.550		
III. IV.	BORROWINGS FROM MONEY MARKETS	(2)	18.237	-	18.237	771.957 1.405.143	4 750 000	771.957		
IV. V.	SECURITIES ISSUED (Net) FINANCIAL LIABILITIES AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH	(3)	2.519.419	-	2.519.419	1.405.143	1.753.909	3.159.052		
v.	PROFIT AND LOSS									
VI.	DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL LIABILITIES	(4)	504	345	849	1.545	_	1.545		
6.1	Derivative Financial Liabilities at Fair Value through Profit or	(4)	304	343	043	1.545	_	1.545		
0.1	Loss		504	345	849	1.545	_	1.545		
6.2	Derivative Financial Liabilities at Fair Value through Other		304	343	043	1.545	_	1.545		
0.2	Comprehensive Income		_	_	_	_	_	_		
VII.	LEASE PAYABLES	(5)	287.755	12.905	300.660	_	_	_		
VIII.	PROVISIONS	(6)	134.069	1.627	135.696	90.111	769	90.880		
8.1	Restructuring Reserves	(-,	-	-	-	-	-	-		
8.2	Reserve for Employee Benefits		100.138	-	100.138	73.897	-	73.897		
8.3	Insurance Technical Reserves (Net)		-	-	-	-	-	-		
8.4	Other Provisions		33.931	1.627	35.558	16.214	769	16.983		
IX.	CURRENT TAX LIABILITY	(7)	69.726	4.874	74.600	55.407	3.181	58.588		
Х.	DEFERRED TAX LIABILITY		-	-	-	-	-	-		
XI.	LIABILITIES FOR ASSETS HELD FOR SALE AND									
	ASSETS OF DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (Net)	(8)	-	-	-	-	-	-		
11.1	Assets Held for Sale		-	-	-	-	-	-		
11.2	Assets of Discontinued Operations		-	-	-	-	-	-		
XII.	SUBORDINATED LOANS	(9)	-	1.375.164	1.375.164	-	1.204.297	1.204.297		
12.1	Loans		-	1.375.164	1.375.164	-	1.204.297	1.204.297		
12.2	Other Debt Instruments			-	-	-		-		
XIII.	OTHER LIABILITIES	(10)	1.281.404	207.875	1.489.279	1.380.164	75.001	1.455.165		
XIV. 14.1	SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	(11)	3.995.233	36.033	4.031.266	3.557.148	(5.566)	3.551.582		
14.1	Paid-In Capital Capital Reserves		900.000 1.344.905	-	900.000 1.344.905	900.000 845.976	-	900.000 845.976		
14.2.1	Share Premium		1.344.905	-	1.344.905	045.976	-	645.976		
14.2.1	Share Cancellation Profits		_	_	_	_	_	_		
14.2.3	Other Capital Reserves		1.344.905	_	1.344.905	845.976	_	845.976		
14.3	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income or Expenses		1.044.505		1.044.505	040.570		040.570		
	that will not be Reclassified to Profit or Loss		243.404	_	243.404	234.708	_	234.708		
14.4	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income or Expenses		2.00		2.00	20 00		20 00		
	that will be Reclassified to Profit or Loss		76.995	36.033	113.028	33.499	(5.566)	27.933		
14.5	Profit Reserves		1.430.839	-	1.430.839	1.301.198	-	1.301.198		
14.5.1	Legal Reserves		136.641	-	136.641	134.313	-	134.313		
14.5.2	Status Reserves		-	-	-	-	-	-		
14.5.3	Extraordinary Reserves		1.294.198	-	1.294.198	1.166.885	-	1.166.885		
14.5.4	Other Profit Reserves		-	-	-	-	-	-		
14.6	Profit or Loss		(158.346)	-	(158.346)	(20.297)	-	(20.297)		
	Prior Years Profit/(Loss)		(248.391)	-	(248.391)	(178.311)	-	(178.311)		
14.6.2	Current Year Profit/(Loss)		90.045	-	90.045	158.014	-	158.014		
14.7	Minority Shares		157.436	-	157.436	262.064	-	262.064		
	TOTAL LIADILITIES		22 070 400	20 206 470	E4 47E 000	10 177 600	22 044 202	42 224 047		
	TOTAL LIABILITIES		23.079.492	28.396.476	51.475.968	19.177.639	23.044.308	42.221.947		

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ALBARAKA TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI A.Ş. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF OFF- BALANCE SHEET AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2019

(Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

				Audited			Audited		
	STATEMENT OF OFF-BALANCE SHEET	Notes		CURRENT PER	IOD	Р	RIOR PERIO	D	
	STATEMENT OF OFF-BALANCE SHEET	(Section		December 31, 2	1		December 31, 2018		
		Five-III)	TL	FC	Total	TL	FC	Total	
A. I. 1.1.	OFF BALANCE SHEET COMMITMENTS (I+II+III) GUARANTEES AND SURETIES Letters of Guarantees		6.884.242 5.128.502 5.099.099	5.792.399 5.302.936 3.619.295	12.676.641 10.431.438 8.718.394	6.476.432 4.655.835 4.625.551	5.967.594 5.389.862 3.949.014	12.444.026 10.045.697 8.574.565	
1.1.2.	Guarantees Subject to State Tender Law Guarantees Given for Foreign Trade Operations		697.926 15	62.581 835.718	760.507 835.733	569.981 399	58.456 966.333	628.437 966.732	
1.2.	Other Letters of Guarantee Bank Loans Import Letter of Acceptances		4.401.158	2.720.996 14.463 14.463	7.122.154 14.463 14.463	4.055.171	2.924.225 39.338 39.338	6.979.396 39.338 39.338	
	Other Bank Acceptances Letter of Credits		257	1.329.663	1.329.920	7.980	1.221.635	1.229.615	
1.3.1. 1.3.2.	Documentary Letter of Credits Other Letter of Credits Profiseration Civen as Currentee		257	1.329.663	1.329.920	7.980	1.221.635	1.229.615	
1.4. 1.5. 1.5.1.	Prefinancing Given as Guarantee Endorsements Endorsements to the Central Bank of Turkey		-	-	-	-	-	-	
1.5.2. 1.6.	Other Endorsements Other Guarantees		-	339.515	339.515	-	- 170.661	170.661	
1.7. II. 2.1.	Other Collaterals COMMITMENTS Irrevocable Commitments	(1)	29.146 1.722.506 1.722.506	389.607 389.607	29.146 2.112.113 2.112.113	22.304 1.553.305 1.553.305	9.214 315.080 315.080	31.518 1.868.385 1.868.385	
2.1.1.	Asset Purchase and Sale Commitments Share Capital Commitment to Associates and Subsidiaries		47.797	389.607	437.404	161.878	315.080	476.958	
2.1.4.	Loan Granting Commitments Securities Underwriting Commitments Commitments for Reserve Deposit Requirements		262.517	-	262.517	215.439	-	215.439	
2.1.6.	Payment Commitment for Cheques Tax And Fund Liabilities from Export Commitments		631.606 10.381	-	631.606 10.381	537.673 6.906	-	537.673 6.906	
	Commitments for Credit Card Expenditure Limits Commitments for Promotions Related with Credit Cards and Banking Activities		769.342 335	-	769.342 335	630.690 332	-	630.690	
2.1.10	Receivables From Short Sale Commitments of Marketable Securities Payables for Short Sale Commitments of Marketable		-	-	-	-	-	-	
	Securities Other Irrevocable Commitments		- 528	-	- 528	387		387	
	Revocable Commitments Revocable Loan Granting Commitments Other Revocable Commitments		-	-	-	-	-	-	
III. 3.1.	DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS Derivative Financial Instruments for Hedging	(2)	33.234	99.856	133.090	267.292	262.652	529.944	
	Purposes Fair Value Hedge Cash Flow Hedge		-	-	-	-	-	-	
3.1.3. 3.2.	Hedge of Net Investment in Foreign Operations Held for Trading Transactions		33.234	99.856	133.090	- 267.292	262.652	529.944	
	Forward Foreign Currency Buy/Sell Transactions Forward Foreign Currency Transactions-Buy Forward Foreign Currency Transactions-Sell		33.234 27.547 5.687	41.953 10.149 31.804	75.187 37.696 37.491	27.630 27.630	25.097 - 25.097	52.727 27.630 25.097	
3.2.2. 3.3.	Other Forward Buy/Sell Transactions Other		-	57.903 -	57.903 -	239.662	237.555	477.217 -	
B. IV. 4.1.	CUSTODY AND PLEDGED ITEMS (IV+V+VI) ITEMS HELD IN CUSTODY Assets Under Management		72.616.853 3.812.406 1.522.915	16.137.385 3.053.641	88.754.238 6.866.047 1.522.915	68.732.410 2.380.394 393.768	13.762.534 2.083.413	82.494.944 4.463.807 393.768	
4.2. 4.3.	Investment Securities Held in Custody Cheques Received for Collection		72 1.480.111	26.320 285.800	26.392 1.765.911	72 1.448.653	4.118 225.232	4.190 1.673.885	
4.4. 4.5. 4.6.	Commercial Notes Received for Collection Other Assets Received for Collection Assets Received for Public Offering		543.651 103	76.306 - -	619.957 103	494.993 103	50.417	545.410 103	
4.7. 4.8.	Other Items Under Custody Custodians		210.617 54.937	341.146 2.324.069	551.763 2.379.006	9.316 33.489	356.885 1.446.761	366.201 1.480.250	
V. 5.1. 5.2.	PLEDGED ITEMS Marketable Securities Guarantee Notes		68.804.447 10.007.092 1.223.615	13.083.744 3.875.114 193.710	81.888.191 13.882.206 1.417.325	66.352.016 10.540.645 1.099.082	11.679.121 3.388.191 155.984	78.031.137 13.928.836 1.255.066	
5.3. 5.4. 5.5.	Commodity Warranty Properties		3.520.395 - 51.035.646	1.194.171 - 5.913.841	4.714.566 - 56.949.487	2.097.532 - 49.073.908	926.359 - 5.963.148	3.023.891 - 55.037.056	
5.6. 5.7. VI.	Other Pledged Items Pledged Items-Depository ACCEPTED INDEPENDENT GUARANTEES AND WARRANTIES		2.763.503 254.196	1.898.042 8.866	4.661.545 263.062	3.307.628 233.221	1.240.217 5.222	4.547.845 238.443	
	TOTAL OFF BALANCE SHEET ACCOUNTS (A+B)		79.501.095	21.929.784	101.430.879	75.208.842	19.730.128	94.938.970	

ALBARAKA TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI A.Ş. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2019

(Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

	STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS	Notes	Audited CURRENT PERIOD	Audited PRIOR PERIOD
	STATEMENT OF TROTT ON EGGS	(Section Five-IV)	January 1- December 31, 2019	January 1- December 31, 2018
I.	PROFIT SHARE INCOME	(1)	3.308.530	3.000.503
1.1	Profit Share on Loans	` ,	2.960.036	2.651.251
1.2	Income Received from Reserve Deposits		51.897	58.557
1.3	Income Received from Banks		2.273	2.591
1.4	Income Received from Money Market Placements		-	-
1.5	Income Received from Marketable Securities Portfolio		270.472	215.528
1.5.1	Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit and Loss		6.237	933
1.5.2	Financial Assets at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income		155.654	126.978
1.5.3	Financial Assets Measured at Amortised Cost		108.581	87.617
1.6	Finance Lease Income		20.202	70.404
1.7	Other Profit Share Income		3.650	2.172
II.	PROFIT SHARE EXPENSE	(2)	2.462.446	1.959.225
2.1	Expense on Profit Sharing Accounts		1.594.918	1.336.163
2.2	Profit Share Expense on Funds Borrowed		222.674	275.150
2.3	Profit Share Expense on Money Market Borrowings		103.162	103.864
2.4	Profit Share Expense on Securities Issued		475.134	238.195
2.5	Finance Lease Expense		59.485	-
2.6	Other Profit Share Expense		7.073	5.853
III.	NET PROFIT SHARE INCOME (I – II)	1	846.084	1.041.278
IV.	NET FEES AND COMMISSIONS INCOME/EXPENSES	1	299.245	197.508
4.1	Fees and Commissions Received	1	394.901	292.525
4.1.1	Non-Cash Loans	(0)	123.572	114.573
4.1.2	Other	(3)	271.329	177.952
4.2 4.2.1	Fees and Commissions Paid	1	95.656	95.017
	Non-Cash Loans Other	(2)	431	420
4.2.2		(3)	95.225	94.597
V. VI.	DIVIDEND INCOME	(4)	224 227	177 305.666
6.1	TRADING INCOME/LOSS(net) Capital Market Transaction Income/(Loss)	(5)	224.827 63.296	
6.2	Profit/(Loss) from Derivative Financial Instruments		(21.992)	(3.708) (26.231)
6.3	Foreign Exchange Income/(Loss)		183.523	335.605
VII.	OTHER OPERATING INCOME	(6)	724.444	470.773
VIII.	TOTAL OPERATING INCOME (III+IV+V+VI+VII+VIII)	(0)	2.094.600	2.015.402
IX.	EXPECTED CREDIT LOSS (-)	(7)	773.996	607.836
Х.	OTHER PROVISION EXPENSES (-)	(1)	16.411	2.690
XI.	PERSONNEL EXPENSES (-)		675.898	539.998
XII.	OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES (-)	(8)	517.797	662.392
XIII.	NET OPERATING INCOME/(LOSS) (VIII-IX-X-XI-XII)	(0)	110.498	202.486
XIV.	EXCESS AMOUNT RECORDED AS GAIN AFTER MERGER		-	
XV.	PROFIT/(LOSS) ON EQUITY METHOD		13.963	7.437
XVI.	PROFIT/(LOSS) ON NET MONETARY POSITION		-	-
XVII.	PROFIT/(LOSS) FROM CONTINUED OPERATIONS BEFORE			
	TAXES (XIII++XVI)	(9)	124.461	209.923
XVIII.	TAX PROVISION FOR CONTINUED OPERATIONS (±)	(ÌÓ)	27.682	36.688
18.1	Provision for Current Taxes	, ,	8.535	5.237
18.2	Deferred Tax Expense Effect (+)		220.539	171.354
18.3	Deferred Tax Income Effect (-)		201.392	139.903
XIX.	NET INCOME/(LOSS) FROM CONTINUED OPERATIONS	1		
	(XVII±XVIII)	(11)	96.779	173.235
XX.	INCOME FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS	(11)	-	-
20.1	Income from Assets Held For Sale	1	-	-
20.2	Income from Sale Of Associates, Subsidiaries And Jointly Controlled	1	-	
	Entities (Joint Vent.)	1		-
20.3	Income from Other Discontinued Operations	1	-	-
XXI.	LOSS FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (-)	1	-	-
21.1	Loss from Assets Held for Sale	1	-	-
21.2	Loss on Sale of Associates, Subsidiaries and Jointly Controlled	1	-	
	Entities (Joint Vent.)	1		-
21.3	Loss from Other Discontinued Operations	1	-	-
XXII.	PROFIT/(LOSS) ON DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS BEFORE	1	-	
	TAXES (XXI-XXI)	1		-
XXIII.	TAX PROVISION FOR DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (±)	1	-	-
23.1	Provision for Current Taxes	1	-	-
23.2	Deferred Tax Expense Effect (+)	1	-	=
23.3	Deferred Tax Income Effect (-)	1		-
XXIV	NET PROFIT/LOSS FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS	1	•	
XXV.	(XXII±XXIII)	(43)	06 770	470.005
	NET PROFIT/LOSS (XIX+XXIV)	(12)	96.779	173.235
	Croup's Income/Loss			450 04 4
25.1 25.2	Group's Income/Loss Minority Shares Profit/Loss (-)		90.045 6.734	158.014 15.221

Along with the Communiqué amending the Communiqué on a Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes to be Announced to Public by Banks in the Official Gazette dated 1 February 2019 and numbered 30673, the formats of the financial statements have been changed. Based on this change, the prior year financial statements are reprepared in order to be consistent with the current period financial statements.

ALBARAKA TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI A.Ş. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2019

(Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

1	PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	Audited CURRENT PERIOD January 1- December 31, 2019	Audited PRIOR PERIOD January 1- December 31, 2018
I. II. 2.1 2.1.1 2.1.2 2.1.3	CURRENT PERIOD PROFIT/LOSS OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME Other Income/Expense Items not to be Recycled to Profit or Loss Revaluation Surplus on Tangible Assets Revaluation Surplus on Intangible Assets Defined Benefit Plans' Actuarial Gains/Losses	96.779 93.791 8.696 31.588 - (13.716)	173.235 36.369 11.512 26.779 (2.892)
2.1.4 2.1.5	Other Income/Expense Items not to be Recycled to Profit or Loss Deferred Taxes on Other Comprehensive Income not to be Recycled to Profit or Loss	(6.497) (2.679)	(7.655)
2.2 2.2.1 2.2.2	Other Income/Expense Items to be Recycled to Profit or Loss Translation Differences Income/Expenses from Valuation and/or Reclassification of Financial Assets Measured at Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through	85.095 16.782	24.857 36.025
2.2.3 2.2.4 2.2.5 2.2.6	Other Comprehensive Income Gains/losses from Cash Flow Hedges Gains/Losses on Hedges of Net Investments in Foreign Operations Other Income/Expense Items to be Recycled to Profit or Loss Deferred Taxes on Other Comprehensive Income to be Recycled to	87.581 - - - -	(14.318) - - - -
III.	Profit or Loss TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (I+II)	(19.268) 190.570	3.150 209.604

ALBARAKA TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI A.Ş. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2019

(Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

STAT	STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' FOULTY (Audited)						Income/i	ompreher Expense I e Recycle fit or Loss	tems ed to	Income	r Compret e/Expense cycled to Loss	Items to						
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY (Audited)		Notes (Section Five-V)	Paid-in Capital	Share Premium	Share Cancellation Profits	Other Capital Reserves ^(*)	1	2	3	4	5	6	Profit Reserve s	Prior Periods' Profit/Loss	Current Period's Net Profit/Loss	Total Equity Before Minority Shares	Minority Shares	Total Shareholders' Equity
	CURRENT PERIOD (January 1 - December 31, 2019)															•		
ı.	Closing balance	(V)	900.000	_	_	845.976	251.889	(17.181)	-	56.714	(28.781)		1.301.198	(178.311)	158.014	3.289.518	262.064	3.551.582
II.	Correction made as per TAS 8	()		-	_				-		-	-	-	(17.304)		(17.304)		(17.304)
2.1.	Effect of Corrections		-	-	-	-			-	-	_	-	_	(17.304)	_	(17.304)	-	(17.304)
2.2.	Effect of Changes in Accounting Policies		-	-	-	-			-	-	_	-	_	-	_	-	-	-
III.	Adjusted Balances at Beginning																	
	Of Period (I+II)		900.000	_	_	845.976	251.889	(17.181)	-	56.714	(28.781)	-	1.301.198	(195.615)	158.014	3.272.214	262.064	3.534.278
IV.	Total Comprehensive Income			-	_	-	19.021	(10.325)	-		68.313	-	-	(,	90.045	183.836	6.734	190.570
V.	Capital Increase in Cash			_	_	464.855 (***)	-		-	-	-	-	_	_		464.855		464.855
VI.	Capital Increase from Internal Sources			_	_				-		_	-	_	_	_	.0	-	.0
VII.	Capital Reserves from Inflation																	
	Adjustments to Paid-in Capital		-	_	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_		_		-
VIII.				-	_	-			-	-	_	-	_	-	_	_	-	_
IX.	Subordinated Liabilities			-	_	-			-	-	_	-	_	-	_	_	-	_
X.	Others Changes			-	_	34.074			-	-	_	-	(130)	(81.019)(**)	_	(47.075)	(111.362)	(158.437)
XI.	Profit Distribution			-	_	-	-		-	-	-	-		28.243	(158.014)	-		(
11.1	Dividends			-	_	-			-	-	_	-	_	-	-	_	-	_
11.2	Transfers to Reserves			-	-	-	-		-	-		-	129.771	(129.771)	-	-	-	-
11.3	Others		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	158.014	(158.014)	-	-	-
Baland	ces at end of the period (III+IV+X+XI)		900.000	-	-	1.344.905	270.910	(27.506)	-	73.496	39.532	-	1.430.839	(248.391)	90.045	3.873.830	157.436	4.031.266

⁽¹⁾ The Parent Bank has recognized perpetual additional tier 1 capital amounting to USD 205.000.000 issued through "Bereket One Ltd" under "other capital reserves " as per TAS 32: "Financial Instruments: Presentation" standart.

- 1. Tangible and Intangible Assets Revaluation Reserve,
- 2. Accumulated Gains/Losses on Remeasurements of Defined Benefit Plans.
- 3. Others (Other Comprehensive Income of Associates and Joint Ventures Accounted for Using Equity Method that will not be Reclassified to Profit or Loss and Other Accumulated Amounts of Other Comprehensive Income that will not be Reclassified to Profit or Loss)
- 4 Exchange Differences on Translation,
- 5. Accumulated gains (losses) due to revaluation and/or reclassification of financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income,
- 6. Others (Accumulated Gains or Losses on Cash Flow Hedges, Other Comprehensive Income of Associates and Joint Ventures Accounted for Using Equity Method that will be Reclassified to Profit or Loss and Other Accumulated Amounts of Other Comprehensive Income that will be Reclassified to Profit or Loss)

^(**) The Parent Bank has paid TL 112.284 in February 2019 and August 2019, the coupon payment amount of unmatured additional tier 1 capital Sukuk and has recognized it under "prior periods' profit / loss". TL 25.746, the deferred tax expense related to the payment has been recognized under "prior periods' profit / loss" as well.

^{(&}quot;") Under "other capital reserves" the Bank has represented TL 450.000, the amount related to capital increase through rights issues which is completed but not registered as of December 2019 and premium on issued shares amount to TL 14.855

ALBARAKA TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI A.Ş. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2018

(Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN							Income not to	Compreher E/Expense I be Recycle ofit or Loss	tems ed to	Incom	r Comprehe/Expense cycled to Loss	Items to						
	EHOLDERS' EQUITY (Audited)	Notes (Section Five-V)	Paid-in Capital	Share Premium	Share Cancellation Profits	Other Capital Reserves	1	2	3	4	5	6	Profit Reserve s	Prior Periods' Profit/Loss	Current Period's Net Profit/Loss	Total Equity Before Minority Shares	Minority Shares	Total Shareholders' Equity
	PRIOR PERIOD (January 1 - December 31, 2018)																	
I.	Closing balance	(V)	900.000	-		431	238.121	(14.925)	-	20.689	(17.613)		- 1.113.454			2.489.168	156.047	2.645.215
II.	Correction made as per TAS 8		-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		(152.480) ^(*)	-	(152.480)	-	(152.480)
2.1.	Effect of Corrections		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2.2.	Effect of Changes in Accounting Policies		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(152.480)	-	(152.480)	-	(152.480)
III.	Adjusted Balances at Beginning																	
	Of Period (I+II)		900.000	-	-	431	238.121	(14.925)	-	_0.000	, , ,		- 1.113.454	(153.708)		2.336.688	156.047	2.492.735
IV.	Total Comprehensive Income		-	-	-	-	13.768	(2.256)	-	36.025	(11.168)	-	-	-	158.014	194.383	15.221	209.604
V.	Capital Increase in Cash		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
VI.	Capital Increase from Internal Sources		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
VII.	Capital Reserves from Inflation																	
	Adjustments to Paid-in Capital		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Convertible Bonds		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
IX.	Subordinated Liabilities		-	-	-	110.120	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	775.720	-	775.720
Х.	Others Changes		-	-	-	69.825	-	-	-	-	-	-	·	(42.000)		27.727	90.796	118.523
XI.	Profit Distribution		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	- 187.744		(,	(45.000)	-	(45.000)
11.1	Dividends		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		(40.000)		(45.000)	-	(45.000)
11.2			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	- 187.744			-	-	-
11.3	Others		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			250.239	(250.239)	-	-	-
Baland	ces at end of the period (III+IV+X+XI)		900.000	-		845.976	251.889	(17.181)	-	56.714	(28.781)		1.301.198	(178.311)	158.014	3.289.518	262.064	3.551.582

As stated in Note I of Section Three, the current period financial statements have been prepared by using accounting policies different from the accounting policies used in the previous period financial statements, and the previous period financial statements and footnotes have not been rearranged. Previous period financial statements are presented separately in this report.

- 1. Tangible and Intangible Assets Revaluation Reserve,
- 2. Accumulated Gains/Losses on Remeasurements of Defined Benefit Plans,
- 3. Others (Other Comprehensive Income of Associates and Joint Ventures Accounted for Using Equity Method that will not be Reclassified to Profit or Loss and Other Accumulated Amounts of Other Comprehensive Income that will not be Reclassified to Profit or Loss)
- 4 Exchange Differences on Translation,
- 5. Accumulated gains (losses) due to revaluation and/or reclassification of financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income,
- 6. Others (Accumulated Gains or Losses on Cash Flow Hedges, Other Comprehensive Income of Associates and Joint Ventures Accounted for Using Equity Method that will be Reclassified to Profit or Loss and Other Accumulated Amounts of Other Comprehensive Income that will be Reclassified to Profit or Loss)

⁽¹⁾ Includes deferred tax asset for general provisions arising from equity and Parent banks shares amounting to TL 64.991 recognized under shareholders' equity for TFRS 9 adjustment. The adjustments have been done in the consolidated statement of changes in shareholders' equity as of December 31, 2018 (under prior periods' profit/loss and profit reserves) and related adjustments have been reflected in consolidated statement of changes in shareholders' equity as of September 30, 2018.

^(**) The Parent Bank has recognized unmatured additional tier 1 capital amounting to USD 205.000.000 which is issued through "Bereket One Ltd" under "other capital reserves " as per TAS 32: "Financial Instruments: Presentation" standart.

^{(&}quot;") The Parent Bank paid TL 60.051 in August, the coupon profit share of the unmatured additional Tier 1 sukuk, and has recognized it under previous years' profit / loss account.

ALBARAKA TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI A.Ş. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2019

(Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

			Audited	
		Notes	Audited CURRENT PERIOD	PRIOR PERIOD
	STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS	(Section Five-VI)	January 1- December 31, 2019	January 1- December 31, 2018
A.	CASH FLOWS FROM BANKING OPERATIONS			
1.1	Operating Profit Before Changes In Operating Assets And Liabilities		1.578.108	678.697
1.1.1	Profit Share Income Received		3.032.230	2.710.438
1.1.2	Profit Share Expense Paid		(1.620.675)	(1.292.384)
1.1.3 1.1.4	Dividend Received Fees and Commissions Received		- 271.913	- 178.597
	Other Income		458.309	309.621
	Collections from Previously Written Off Loans	(V-I-6,h2)	375.756	470.048
1.1.7 1.1.8	Payments to Personnel and Service Suppliers Taxes Paid		(827.187) (50.191)	(758.094) (83.581)
1.1.9	Others	(V-VI-3)	(62.047)	(855.948)
1.2	Changes In Operating Assets And Liabilities		4.264.800	2.096.176
1.2.1	Net (Increase) Decrease in Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit			
	or Loss Net (Increase) Decrease in Due From Banks and Other Financial		(520.779)	(3.343)
	Institutions		(1.886.205)	(3.746.875)
	Net (Increase) Decrease in Loans		(3.887.979)	416.434
	Net (Increase) Decrease in Other Assets Net Increase (Decrease) in Bank Deposits		(89.576) 617.972	1.727.538 (49.134)
	Net Increase (Decrease) in Other Deposits		9.696.731	3.486.700
	Net Increase (Decrease) in Financial Liabilities Measured at Financial			
1.2.8	Assets at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss Net Increase (Decrease) in Funds Borrowed		-	-
	Net Increase (Decrease) in Matured Payables		-	-
	Net Increase (Decrease) in Other Liabilities	(V-VI-3)	334.636	264.856
I.	Net Cash Flow From Banking Operations		5.842.908	2.774.873
В.	CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
II.	Net cash flow from investing activities		(2.143.919)	277.303
2.1 2.2	Cash Paid For Acquisition of Investments, Associates and Subsidiaries Cash Obtained From Disposal of Investments, Associates and Subsidiaries		(173.307)	(70.290)
2.3	Purchases of Property and Equipment		(295.930)	(126.078)
2.4	Disposals of Property and Equipment		`162.876	`157.335
2.5	Purchase of Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income		(3.402.388)	(717.604)
2.6	Sale of Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income		2.875.207	1.079.573
2.7	Purchase of Financial Assets Measured at Amortised Cost	(V-I-4)	(1.442.377)	(187.962)
2.8 2.9	Sale of Financial Assets Measured at Amortised Cost Other	(V-I-4)	132.000	142.329
C.	CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
III.	Net Cash Flow From Financing Activities		(3.854.988)	877.554
3.1	Cash Obtained from Funds Borrowed and Securities Issued		22.571.042	18.622.967
3.2	Cash Used for Repayment of Funds Borrowed and Securities Issued		(26.696.471)	(18.416.082)
3.3 3.4	Issued Capital Instruments Dividends Paid		464.855	(45 000)
3.5	Payments for Leases (*)		(82.130)	(45.000)
3.6	Other		(112.284)	715.669
IV.	Effect of Change in Foreign Exchange Rate on Cash and Cash Equivalents	(V-VI-3)	235.821	290.406
٧.	Net (Decrease) Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents		79.822	4.220.136
VI.	Cash and Cash Equivalents at the Beginning of the Period	(V-VI-a)	7.109.859	2.889.723

^(*) As of 31 December 2019, it includes the payments related to the leases recognized in the financial statements within the scope of "TFRS 16 - Leases", which is applied as of January 1, 2019.

ALBARAKA TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI A.Ş. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT APPROPRIATION AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2019

(Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

	Audited	Audited	
STATEMENT OF PROFIT APPROPRIATION	CURRENT PERIOD	PRIOR PERIOD	
	December 31, 2019	December 31, 2018	
I. Distribution of current year income			
1.1 Current year income	87.293	168.495	
1.1. Current year income 1.2. Taxes and duties payable (-)	23.864	34.527	
1.2.1. Corporate tax (Income tax)	4.722	3.071	
1.2.2. Income withholding tax	-	-	
1.2.3. Other taxes and legal liabilities (*)	19.142	31.456	
A. Net income for the year (1.1-1.2)	63.429	133.968	
1.3. Prior year losses (-)			
1.4. First legal reserves (-)	_	6.698	
1.5. Other statutory reserves (-)	_	4.580	
B. Distributable net period income [(A-(1.3+1.4+1.5)] (")	63.429	122.690	
B. Distributable flet period friconie [(A-(1.3+1.4+1.5)] \(\tau\)	03.429	122.090	
1.6. First dividend to shareholders (-)	-	-	
1.6.1. To owners of ordinary shares	-	-	
1.6.2. To owners of preferred shares	-	-	
1.6.3. To owners of preferred shares (Preemptive rights) 1.6.4. To Profit sharing bonds		_	
1.6.5. To owners of the profit /loss sharing certificates	-	-	
1.7. Dividend to personnel (-)	-	-	
1.8. Dividend to board of directors (-)	-	-	
1.9. Second dividend to shareholders (-)	-	-	
1.9.1. To owners of ordinary shares	-	-	
1.9.2. To owners of preferred shares	-	-	
1.9.3. To owners of preferred shares (Preemptive rights) 1.9.4. To profit sharing bonds		_	
1.9.5. To owners of the profit /loss sharing Certificates	_	-	
1.10. Second legal reserve (-)	-	-	
1.11. Status reserves (-)	-	-	
1.12. Extraordinary reserves	-	122.690	
1.13. Other reserves	-	-	
1.14. Special funds	-	-	
II. Distribution from reserves			
2.1. Distributed reserves	-	-	
2.2. Second legal reserves (-)	-	-	
2.3. Share to shareholders (-)	-	-	
2.3.1. To owners of ordinary shares	-	-	
2.3.2. To owners of preferred shares	-	-	
2.3.3. To owners of preferred shares (Preemptive rights) 2.3.4. To profit sharing bonds	-	-	
2.3.5. To owners of the profit /loss sharing certificates	_	_	
2.4. Share to personnel (-)	_	_	
2.5. Share to board of directors (-)	-	-	
III. Earnings per share			
3.1. To owners of ordinary shares (***) (Full TL)	0.070	0,136	
3.2. To owners of ordinary shares (%)	7,05	13,63	
3.3. To owners of preferred shares	-	-	
3.4. To owners of preferred shares (%)	-	-	
IV. Dividend per share			
4.1. To owners of ordinary shares (Full TL)	_	-	
4.2. To owners of ordinary shares (%)	-	-	
4.3. To owners of preferred shares	-	-	
	-	-	
4.4. To owners of preferred shares (%)		-	

^(*) Deferred tax income is presented in "other taxes and legal liabilities" line. Deferred tax income is not subject to profit appropriation; thus it is classified under extraordinary reserves.

^(**) General Assembly of the Bank is the authorized body for the profit appropriation decisions. The Ordinary General Assembly Meeting has not been held as of the date of the preparation of these financial statements. Statement of profit appropriation is prepared according to the unconsolidated financial statements of the Parent Bank.

^(***) Calculated by using the number of share certificates as of year-end.

(Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

SECTION THREE

Accounting Policies

- I. Explanations on basis of presentation:
- a) The preparation of the financial statements and related notes and explanations in accordance with the Turkish Accounting Standards and Regulation on the Principles and Procedures Regarding Banks' Accounting Application and Safeguarding of Documents:

The consolidated financial statements are prepared within the scope of the "Regulation on Accounting Applications for Banks and Safeguarding of Documents" related with Banking Act numbered 5411 published in the Official Gazette numbered 26333 dated November 1, 2006 and in accordance with the regulations, communiqués, interpretations and legislations related to accounting and financial reporting principles published by the Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency ("BRSA"), and in case where a specific regulation is not prepared by BRSA, "Turkish Accounting Standards" ("TAS") and "Turkish Financial Reporting Standards" ("TFRS") and related appendices and interpretations put into effect by Public Oversight Accounting and Auditing Standards Authority ("POA") (all are referred as BRSA Accounting and Reporting Legislation). The format and content of the publicly announced consolidated financial statements and notes to these statements have been prepared in accordance with the "Communiqué on Publicly Announced Financial Statements, Explanations and Notes to These Financial Statements", published in Official Gazette numbered 28337, dated June 28, 2012, and amendments to this Communiqué. The Parent Bank maintains its books in Turkish Lira in accordance with the Banking Act, Turkish Commercial Code and Turkish Tax Legislation.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in TL, under the historical cost convention except for the financial assets, liabilities, revalued real estates and investment properties carried at fair value.

b) Additional paragraph for convenience translation:

The differences between accounting principles, as described in the preceding paragraphs, and accounting principles generally accepted in countries in which the accompanying consolidated financial statements are to be distributed and International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") have not been quantified in the accompanying consolidated financial statements. Accordingly, the accompanying consolidated financial statements are not intended to present the financial position, results of operations and changes in financial position and cash flows in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in such countries and IFRS.

c) Accounting policies and valuation principles applied in the preparation of consolidated financial statements:

The accounting policies and valuation principles applied in the preparation of consolidated financial statements, are determined and applied in accordance with regulations, communiqués, explanations and circulars on accounting and financial reporting principles published by the BRSA, and in case where there is no special regulation made by the BRSA, in accordance with principles in the context of TAS and TFRS. As of December 31, 2019, ownership investment accounted using equity method is Katılım Emeklilik ve Hayat A.Ş. The subsidiaries, real estate funds, venture capital investment funds, security funds accounted using full consolidation method are Bereket Varlık Kiralama A.Ş., Insha Gmbh, Albaraka Portföy Yönetimi A.Ş., Albaraka Portföy Yönetimi A.Ş., One Tower Gayrimenkul Yatırım Fonu, Albaraka Portföy Yönetimi A.Ş. Dükkan Gayrimenkul Yatırım Fonu, Albaraka Portföy Yönetimi A.Ş. Batışehir Gayrimenkul Yatırım Fonu, Albaraka Portföy Yönetimi A.Ş. Beğer Girişim Sermayesi Yatırım Fonu, Albaraka Portföy Yönetimi A.Ş. Değer Girişim Sermayesi Yatırım Fonu, Albaraka Portföy Yönetimi A.Ş. Katılım Fonu, Albaraka Portföy Yönetimi A.Ş. Katılım Fonu, Albaraka Portföy Yönetimi A.Ş. Katılım Fonu, Albaraka Portföy Yönetimi A.Ş. Kira Sertifikaları Katılım Fonu respectively.

The Parent Bank has started to apply TFRS 16 Leases standard ("TFRS 16") published by Public Oversight Accounting and Auditing Standards Authority ("POA") in the accompanying financial statements starting from 1 January 2019.

(Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

I. Explanations on basis of presentation (continued):

c) Accounting policies and valuation principles applied in the preparation of consolidated financial statements (continued):

Reclassifications of TFRS 16

Reclassifications and remeasurements during the first time application of TFRS 16 Leases Standard dated 1 January 2019 are presented in the below table.

			TFRS 16	TFRS 16	
			Reclassification	Transition	
	Note	31.12.2018	Effect	Effect	01.01.2019
Tangible Assets (Net)	(1), (2)	655.457	1.656	286.124	943.237
Other Assets (Net)	(2)	523.353	(1.656)	-	521.697
Lease Payables (Net)	(1), (3)	-	-	286.124	286.124

- (1) In accordance with TFRS 16, the Parent Bank recognised a lease liability and a right-of-use asset amounting to TL 286.124 as of 1 January 2019 for leases previously classified as operating lease applying TAS 17.
- (2) In accordance with TFRS 16, the Parent Bank recognised prepaid rent payments amounting to TL 1.656 under tangible assets as right-of-use, which were previously classified under other assets.
- (3) As of 1 January 2019, the weighted average of the alternative borrowing rates applied to TL, EUR and USD lease liabilities presented in the statement of financial position of the Parent Bank are 23%, 5% and 5% respectively.

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements according to BRSA Reporting and Accounting Legislation requires the Group's management to make estimates and assumptions related to assets and liabilities in the balance sheet and contingent issues as of the balance sheet date. Such estimates and assumptions include the fair value calculations of the financial instruments, provisions for the lawsuits, deferred tax assets and liabilities, impairment of the financial assets and revaluation of immovables and reviewed periodically and when adjustments are considered necessary they are reflected in the financial statements. The assumptions and estimates used are explained in the related notes.

d) Restatement of the financial statements according to the current purchasing power of money:

Accompanying financial statements are subjected to TAS 29 "Financial Reporting in Hyperinflationary Economies" until December 31, 2004 and with regard to this the BRSA explained with its decision numbered 1623 and dated April 21, 2005 and its circular dated April 28, 2005 that the conditions for applying inflation accounting was no longer applicable and accordingly inflation accounting has not been applied in the accompanying financial statements starting from January 1, 2005.

II. Explanations on strategy of using financial instruments and foreign currency transactions:

The Group creates its strategies on financial instruments considering its sources of financing. The main financing sources consist of current and profit sharing accounts. Other than current and profit sharing accounts, the Parent Bank's most important funding sources are its equity and borrowings from foreign financial institutions. The Parent Bank sustains its liquidity to cover matured liabilities by holding adequate level of cash and cash equivalents.

The Parent Bank's transactions in foreign currencies are accounted in accordance with the TAS 21 "Accounting Standard on the Effect of Changes in Foreign Currency Rates", and converted with the exchange rate ruling at the transaction date into Turkish Lira. Foreign currency assets and liabilities have been translated into Turkish Lira at the rate of exchange rates ruling at the balance sheet date announced by the Parent Bank. Gains or losses arising from foreign currency transactions and translation of foreign currency assets and liabilities are reflected in the income statement as foreign exchange gain or loss.

If the loans recognized in the foreign currency accounts are switched to non performing, they are continued to be recognized in the foreign currency accounts and evaluated with the current exchange rates.

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II. Explanations on strategy of using financial instruments and foreign currency transactions (continued):

The foreign currency exchange differences resulting from the translation of debt securities issued and monetary financial assets into Turkish Lira are included in the income statement.

The balance sheet items of the foreign branches and foreign subsidiary of the Parent Bank included in the financial statements are translated into Turkish lira at the exchange rate ruling at the balance sheet date announced by the Parent Bank. Income statement items are translated into Turkish lira by exchange rate ruling at the transaction date and all exchange differences arising from translation are accounted in other capital reserves under equity according to TAS 21.

Precious metals (gold and silver) accounted under assets and liabilities which do not have fixed maturity are translated into Turkish lira by using the buying rate at the balance sheet date announced by the Parent Bank and resulting evaluation differences are reflected as foreign exchange gain or loss.

There are no foreign currency differences capitalized by the Group.

III. Information on consolidated associates:

Consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with the decrees, notes and explanations set forth in Communiqué on "Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements of Banks" published in the Official Gazette dated November 8, 2006, numbered 26340 and "Turkish Accounting Standard for Consolidated Financial Statements" ("TFRS 10").

a) Consolidation principles on joint ventures:

The joint venture is an entity in which the Parent Bank participates in its capital and has joint control and whose main operation is private pension and insurance and operates according to special legislation with permission and license and is established in Turkey. The related joint venture has been consolidated through equity method. Where necessary, accounting policies of the joint venture have been harmonized to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Parent Bank.

Equity method is an accounting method which foresees the increase or decrease of the book value of capital share in a joint venture from the changes in the participated joint venture's shareholders' equity during the period attributable to the portion of the investor and the deduction of the dividend received from the associate from the revised value of the joint venture amount.

The joint venture included in consolidation, its title, its place of incorporation, main activities and effective shareholding rates are as follows:

	Operation Center			Direct and Indirect
Title	(City/Country)	Main Activities	Effective Rates (%)	Rates (%)
Katılım Emeklilik ve Hayat A.Ş.	Istanbul/Turkey	Private pension and insurance	50,00	50,00

b) Consolidation principles on subsidiaries:

Subsidiaries are the entities controlled directly or indirectly by the Parent Bank. Subsidiaries are consolidated using the full consolidation method considering materiality principle, taking account the operation results, size of asset and shareholders' equity. Financial statements of related subsidiaries are consolidated from the date when the control is transferred to the Parent Bank.

Control is accepted as when Parent Bank has power over its investee, or exposed to, or has rights to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the investee.

In the full consolidation method, 100% of subsidiaries' assets, liabilities, income, expense and off-balance sheet items are combined with the Parent Bank's assets, liabilities, and income, expense and off-balance sheet items. The carrying amount of the Group's investment in each subsidiary and the Group's portion of the cost value of the capital of each subsidiary are eliminated. Intragroup balances and intragroup transactions and resulting unrealized profits and losses are eliminated.

Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Parent Bank.

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III. Information on consolidated associates (continued)

b) Consolidation principles on subsidiaries (continued):

The subsidiaries included in consolidation, its title, its place of incorporation, main activities and effective shareholding rates are as follows:

Title	Operation Center (City/Country)	Main Activities	Effective Rates (%)	Direct and Indirect Rates (%)
Bereket Varlık Kiralama A.Ş.	Istanbul/Turkey	Sukuk Issue	100,00	100,00
Albaraka Portföy Yönetimi A.Ş.	Istanbul/Turkey	Investment Fund Foundation and Management	100,00	100,00
Insha Gmbh	Berlin/Germany	Providing digital participation banking services with the banking license of Solarisbank AG in Germany, collecting funds with this license through mudaraba method and evaluating the funds in accordance with the principles of interest-free finance and contract signed.	100,00	100,00

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III. Information on consolidated associates (continued):

c) Consolidation principles on investment funds:

The investment funds, founded by the Parent Bank's subsidiary "Albaraka Portföy Yönetimi A.Ş." over which the Group has control as per procedures and principles stated in TFRS 10 "Turkish Financial Reporting Standards on consolidated Financial Statements", are accounted as per full consolidation method. For investment funds over which the Parent Bank does not have full control, minority shares are calculated seperately under income statement and shareholders' equity. The information on the funds is represented as follows:

Title	Operation Center (City/Country)	Main Activities	Effective Rates (%)	Direct and Indirect Rates (%)
Albaraka PortföyYönetimi A.Ş. One Tower Gayrimenkul Yatırım Fonu	Istanbul/Turkey	Buy real estate and rights based on real estates, rent, lease and sell	91,28	91,28
Albaraka PortföyYönetimi A.Ş. Dükkan Gayrimenkul Yatırım Fonu	Istanbul/Turkey	Buy real estate and rights based on real estates, rent, lease and sell	94,03	94,03
Albaraka Portföy Yönetimi A.Ş. Batışehir Gayrimenkul Yatırım Fonu	Istanbul/Turkey	Buy real estate and rights based on real estates, rent, lease and sell	86,16	86,16
Albaraka Portföy Yönetimi A.Ş. Metropol Gayrimenkul Yatırım Fonu	İstanbul/Türkiye	Buy real estate and rights based on real estates, rent, lease and sell	100,00	100,00
Albaraka Portföy Yönetimi A.Ş. Değer Girişim Sermayesi Yatırım Fonu	İstanbul/Türkiye	To invest in company shares that can be financially and institutionally structured and developed, and to terminate the investment in the development or further stages of the company through methods such as sales, merger, and public offering.	84,54	84,54
Albaraka Portföy Yönetimi A.Ş. Fintech Girişim Sermayesi Yatırım Fonu	İstanbul/Türkiye	To invest in the initial stages of technology and innovation companies that provide products or services to Fintech venture companies or financial companies or to terminate the investment in the advanced stages by methods such as sale, merger and public offering.	100,00	100,00
Albaraka Portföy Yönetimi A.Ş. Katılım Hisse Senedi Fonu	İstanbul/Türkiye	To manage the Fund established under the "Stock Umbrella Fund" in accordance with the related legislation, in accordance with the definition of umbrella funds covering the funds invested in the shares of domestic and / or foreign issuers.	45,94	45,94
Albaraka Portföy Yönetimi A.Ş. Katılım Fonu	İstanbul/Türkiye	To direct the fund portfolio mainly to the domestic and / or foreign public and private sector lease certificates in foreign currency, to the other part of the portfolio to the gold, promises agreement, participation accounts and similar interest-free investment instruments	73,97	73,97
Albaraka Portföy Yönetimi A.Ş. Altın Katılım Fonu	İstanbul/Türkiye	In addition to gold and gold based capital market instruments, shareholding shares, participation accounts, promissory contracts, public and / or private sector lease certificates and other interest-free money and capital market instruments approved by the Regulator are to be taken into account.	95,56	95,56
Albaraka Portföy Yönetimi A.Ş. Kira Sertifikaları Katılım Fonu	İstanbul/Türkiye	Lease certificates issued by the public and private sectors, as well as shareholding interests, gold, participation accounts, promised contracts and other interest-free money and capital market instruments deemed appropriate by the Regulator.	67,88	67,88

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III. Information on consolidated associates (continued)

d) Presentation of consolidated subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures in consolidated financial statements:

Turkish Lira denominated investments in consolidated associates and subsidiaries are accounted at cost value, less any impairment, in accordance with "Turkish Accounting Standards for Individual Financial Statements ("TAS 27")" in the consolidated financial statements.

In the consolidated financial statements, credit institutions which are not included in consolidation or subsidiaries which are not financial institutions are accounted at cost value, less any impairment in the consolidated financial statements.

If the cost amount exceeds the recoverable amount (the higher of an asset's fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use) the value of the related associates and subsidiaries is equal to the recoverable amount.

IV. Explanations on forward, option contracts and derivative instruments:

The derivative financial instruments of the Group generally consist of forward foreign currency, forward security and swap agreements. Derivative transactions portfolio may change as per market conditions in related terms. The Group records the spot foreign currency transactions in asset purchase and sale commitments.

The liabilities and receivables arising from the derivative transactions are recorded as off-balance sheet items at their contract values. The derivative transactions are initially recognized at fair value and presented in the financial statements at fair values recalculated in the subsequent reporting periods.

V. Explanations on profit share income and expenses:

Profit share income

Profit share income is accounted in accordance with the internal rate of return method, which is equal to the net present value of the future cash flows of the financial asset determined in TFRS 9 and reflected to the accrual basis.

Profit-loss Investment projects are recognized under the "Loans" account in the balance sheet. Profit and loss investment projects are subject to valuation periodically every year and positive differences related to valuation are represented under "Profit Share on Loans". Negative ones are represented under "Expected Credit Losses" account.

The Parent Bank has begun to calculate accrual for non-performing loans as of January 1, 2018. Net book value of non-performing receivables (Gross Book Value - Expected Loss Provision) is accounted at the gross book value of accruals with effective profit share rate.

Profit share expense

The Parent Bank records profit share expenses on accrual basis. The profit share expense accrual calculated in accordance with the unit value method on profit sharing accounts has been included under the account "Funds Collected" in the balance sheet.

VI. Explanations on fees, commission income and expenses:

Other than commission income and fees and expenses for various banking services that are reflected as income/expense when collected/paid, fees and commission income and expenses are reflected to income statement depending on the term of the related transaction. The commissions and fees other than those, whose amortised costs are integral part of their effective profit rate, are accounted for in accordance with the TFRS 15 Revenue From Contracts With Customers Standard.

In accordance with provisions of TAS and TFRS, the portion of the commission and fees which are related to the reporting period and collected in advance for cash and non-cash loans granted is reflected to the income statement by using the internal rate of return method and straight line methods, respectively over the commission period of the related loan, respectively. Fees and commissions collected in advance which are related to the future periods are recorded under the account "Unearned Revenues" and

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VI. Explanations on fees, commission income and expenses (continued):

included in "Other Liabilities" in the balance sheet. The commission received from cash loans corresponding to the current period is presented in "Profit Share from Loans" in the income statement.

In the correspondence of BRSA dated June 8, 2012 and numbered B.02.1.BDK.0.13.00.0-91.11-12061, it has been stated that there is no objection to recording the commissions received from long term non-cash loans collected in quarterly periods or periods less than a quarter directly as income. Consequently, the Parent Bank records the related cash and non-cash loans commissions directly as income.

VII. Explanations on financial assets:

Financial assets are recognized or derecognized according to TFRS 9 section three:"Recognition and Derecognition". Financial assets are measured at fair value at initial recognition in the financial statements. During the initial recognition of financial assets other than "Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss", transaction costs are added to fair value or deducted from fair value. They are included in the balance sheet of the Parent Bank, if the Parent Bank is a legal party to these instruments.

On which category financial instruments shall be classified at initial recognition depends on both the business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset.

Assessment of business model:

As per TFRS 9, the Parent Bank's business model is determined at a level that reflects how groups of financial assets are managed together to achieve a particular business objective.

The Parent Bank's business model does not depend on management's intentions for an individual instrument. Accordingly, this condition is not a classification approach on the basis of a financial instrument but an evaluation by combining financial assets.

The Parent Bank's business models are divided into three categories. These categories are defined below:

The Business model whose objective is to hold assets in order to collect contractual cash flows:

A business model whose objective is to hold assets in order to collect contractual cash flows over the life of the instrument. The financial assets that are held within the scope of this business model are measured at amortised cost when the contractual terms of the financial asset meet the cash flow test that includes profit share payments arising only from principal and principal amount at specific dates.

b) The Business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets:

The Parent Bank may hold financial assets in a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets. Fair value changes of the financial assets that are held within the scope of this business model are accounted under other comprehensive income when the contractual terms of the financial asset meet the cash flows test that includes profit share payments arising only from principal and principal amount at specific dates.

c) Other business models:

Financial assets are measured at fair value through profit or loss if they are not held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets to collect contractual cash flows or within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets.

Contractual cash flows that contains solely payments of principal and profit share:

As per TFRS 9, the Parent Bank classifies a financial asset on the basis of its contractual cash flow characteristics if the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets to collect contractual cash flows or within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets.

Financial assets at the fair value through profit or loss:

Financial assets at fair value through profit/loss are financial assets other than the ones that are managed with business model that aims to hold to collect contractual cash flows or business model that aims to

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VII. Explanations on financial assets (continued):

Financial assets at the fair value through profit or loss (continued):

collect both the contractual cash flows and cash flows arising from the sale of the assets; and if the contractual terms of the financial asset do not lead to cash flows representing solely payments of principal and profit share at certain date; that are either acquired for generating a profit from short term fluctuations in prices or are financial assets included in a portfolio aiming to short-term profit making. Financial assets at the fair value through profit or loss are initially recognized at fair value and remeasured at their fair value after recognition. All gains and losses arising from these valuations are reflected in the income statement. The Parent Bank recognizes profit and loss investments under "loans" as per BRSA uniform chart of accounts and measures them at fair value considering TFRS 9 provisions.

Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income:

In addition to financial assets within a business model that aims to hold to collect contractual cash flows and aims to hold to sell, financial asset with contractual terms that lead to cash flows are solely payments of principal and profit share at certain dates, they are classified as fair value through other comprehensive income.

Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are recognized by adding transaction cost to acquisition cost reflecting the fair value of the financial asset. After the recognition, financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are remeasured at fair value. Profit share income calculated with effective profit share rate method arising from financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income and dividend income from equity securities are recorded to income statement. "Unrealized gains and losses" arising from the difference between the amortized cost and the fair value of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are not reflected in the income statement of the period until the acquisition of the value corresponding to the asset, sale of the asset, the disposal of the asset, and impairment of the asset and they are accounted under the "Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income or Expense to be Reclassified Through Profit or Loss" under shareholders' equity. The accumulated fair value differences that are reflected in shareholders' equity are reflected in the income statement when the stated securities are collected or disposed.

Equity securities, which are classified as financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are accounted for at fair value when they are traded in an organized market and / or the fair value can be reliably measured and these financial assets are not subject to expected losses recognization.

Financial assets measured at amortized cost:

Financial assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows within the scope of business model where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and profit share on certain dates are classified as financial assets measured at amortized cost.

Financial assets measured at amortized cost are initially recognized at acquisition cost including the transaction costs, which reflect the fair value of those instruments and subsequently recognized at amortized cost by using effective internal rate of return method. Profit share income obtained from financial assets measured at amortized cost is accounted in income statement.

Loans:

Loans are non derivative financial assets that have fixed or determinable payments terms and are not quoted in an active market. Stated loans are initially recognized at acquisition cost plus transaction costs presenting their fair value and thereafter measured at amortized cost using the "Effective Profit Share Rate (internal rate of return) Method".

The Parent Bank's all loans except profit and loss investments are recorded under the "Measured at Amortized Cost" account. As per BRSA uniform chart of accounts, the Parent Bank recognizes profit and loss investments under "loans" and considering TFRS 9 provisions, measures them at fair value.

Granted cash loans are accounted by using the relevant accounts in accordance with the principles set out in the "Uniform Chart of Accounts to be Applied by the Participation Banks" and published in the Official Gazette dated September 20, 2017 and numbered 30186.

The Parent Bank periodically evaluates the provisions allocated for loans and other receivables as per TFRS 9 retrospectively and as a result of those evaluations, if appropriate, updates the classification rules and parameters on allocation of provisions.

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VIII. Explanations on expected credit losses:

The Parent Bank allocates impairment for expected loss on financial assets measured at amortized cost and measured at fair value through other comprehensive income. As of January 1, 2018, the Parent Bank recognizes provisions for impairment in accordance with TFRS 9 requirements according to the "Regulation on the Procedures and Principles for Classification of Loans by Banks and Provisions to be set aside" published in the Official Gazette dated 22 June 2016 numbered 29750. In this framework, as of 31 December 2017, method of provisions for impairment as set out in accordance with the related legislation of BRSA is changed by applying the expected credit loss model under TFRS 9.

The provisions written back are credited to "provision expenses", and if such write backs are arising from previous year they are accounted under "other operating income". The expected credit loss model includes instruments that are recorded at amortized cost or at fair value in other comprehensive income tables (such as bank deposits, loans and finance lease receivables) and, in addition, financial lease receivables that are not measured at fair value through profit or loss, credit commitments and financial quarantee contracts.

The guiding principle of the expected credit loss model is to reflect the increase in credit risk of financial instruments or the general view of the recovery. The amount of allowance for the loss depends on the extent of the increase in credit risk since the initial issuance of the loan.

Expected credit loss is an estimate of the expected credit losses over the life of a financial instrument also the following aspects are important for the measurement.

- Probability-weighted and neutral amount determined by taking into account possible outcomes,
- Reasonable and supportable information on past events, current conditions and forecast of future economic conditions, at the time of reporting, without excessive cost and effort.

Provisions for these financial assets are calculated using two different approaches: 12-month expected loss and expected lifetime loss. These financial assets are divided into three categories depending on the increase in credit risk observed since their initial recognition:

Parameters used when calculating expected credit losses:

Probability of Default (PD):

PD refers to the likelihood that a loan will default within a specified time horizon. Based on TFRS 9, the Parent Bank uses two different PDs in order to calculate expected credit losses:

- 12-Months PD: As the estimated probability of default occurring within the next 12 months following the reporting date.
- Lifetime PD: As the estimated probability of default occurring over the remaining life of the financial instrument.

Loss Given Default (LGD):

If a loan default occurs, it represents the economic loss incurred on the loan. It is expressed as a percentage.

Exposure at Default (EAD):

For cash loans, it corresponds to the amount of loan granted as of the reporting date. For non-cash loans and commitments, it is the value calculated through using credit conversion factors. Credit conversion rate corresponds to the factor which adjust the potential increase of the exposure between the current date and the default date.

12 Month Expected Credit Losses (Stage 1):

For the financial assets at initial recognition or that do not have a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition and the delay days do not exceed 30 days. Impairment for credit risk is recorded in the amount of 12-month expected credit losses. It is valid for all assets unless there is a significant deterioration in the quality of the loan. The expected 12 month loss values (within 12 months after the reporting date or within a shorter period if the life of a financial instrument is shorter than 12 months) are part of the estimation of loss of life expectancy.

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VIII. Explanations on expected credit losses (continued):

Significant Increase in Credit Risk (Stage 2):

In the event of a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, the financial asset is transferred to Stage 2. Impairment for credit risk is determined on the basis of the instrument's lifetime expected credit losses.

The Parent Bank classifies financial assets as Level 2 by considering the following criteria:

- Loans with a delay over 30 days but not exceed 90 days
- -The data obtained from the early warning system and the evaluation that the Parent Bank will make in this case
- -The Parent Bank management's conclusion that there is significant increase in credit risk. At this point the Parent Bank compares probability of default of the loan in its origination with current status.
- -Loans for which the repayment amount is fully collateralized and the collateral falls below the net realizable value.

Default (Stage 3/Specific Provision):

If the following conditions exist in accordance with the Parent Bank's internal procedures, the related financial asset is evaluated as default:

- -Loans past 90 days from the last installment date (In this case, default status starts on the 91st day.)
- -Loans classified as "performing loans" after restructuring and 30 days overdue in one year observation period (In this case, default status starts on the 31st day) (As per the correspondence of BRSA, dated November 21, 2019 and decision dated November 8, 2019 numbered 8653, observation period will be six months until December 31,2020)
- -Loans classified as "performing loans" after restructuring and restructuring at least one more time in one year observation period. (As per the correspondence of BRSA, dated November 21, 2019 and decision dated November 8, 2019 numbered 8653, observation period will be six months until December 31,2020)

IX. Explanations on offsetting of financial instruments:

Financial instruments are offset when the Group has a legally enforceable right to net off the recognized amounts, and there is an intention to settle on net basis or realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. The sukuk investments issued by the Group which are repurchased has been offset in financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income and subordinated loan accounts.

X. Explanations on sale and repurchase agreements and lending of securities:

Securities subject to repurchase agreement are classified as "Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Profit/Loss", "Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income" and "Financial Assets Measured at Amortised Cost" according to the investment purposes of the Group and measured according to the portfolio to which they belong. Funds obtained from the related agreements are accounted under "Borrowings from Money Markets" in liabilities and the difference between the sale and repurchase price is accrued over the life of the agreements using the internal rate of return method. Profit share expense on such transactions is recorded under "Profit Share Expense on Money Market Borrowings" in the income statement.

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XI. Explanations on assets held for sale and discontinued operations and liabilities related to these assets:

Assets held for sale (or disposal group) are measured at the lower of the carrying amount of assets and fair value less any cost to be incurred for disposal. In order to classify an asset as held for sale, the possibility of sale should be highly probable and the asset (or disposal group) should be available for immediate sale in its present condition. Highly saleable condition requires a plan designed by an appropriate level of management regarding the sale of the asset to be disposed of together with an active program for the determination of buyers as well as for the completion of the plan. Also, the asset shall be actively marketed in conformity with its fair value. In addition, the sale is expected to be recognized as a completed sale within one year after the classification date and the necessary transactions and procedures to complete the plan should demonstrate the fact that there is remote possibility of making any significant changes in the plan or cancellation of the plan.

The Group has assets that are possessed due to receivables and debtors' obligations to the Parent Bank and classified as assets held for sale. In the case that the Group has not disposed of such assets within a year of receipt or failed to produce a solid plan for sale of the assets, they are reclassified as fixed assets and are amortized. The Group transfers such assets from assets held for sale and discounted operations to tangible assets.

A discontinued operation is a part of the Group's business which has been disposed of or classified as held for sale. The operating results of the discontinued operations are disclosed separately in the income statement. The Group has not any discontinued operations.

XII. Explanations on goodwill and other intangible assets:

Goodwill and other intangible assets are recorded at cost in accordance with TAS 38 "Turkish Accounting Standards for Intangible Assets". The Group's intangible assets consist of softwares, intangible rights and goodwill.

The costs of the intangible assets purchased before December 31, 2004 have been restated from the purchasing dates to December 31, 2004, the date the hyperinflationary period is considered to be ended. Intangible assets purchased after this date have been recorded at their historical costs. Intangible assets are amortised by the Parent Bank over their estimated economic useful lives in equal amounts on a straight-line basis. Useful lives of the Parent Bank's software have been determined as 3 to 4 years and other intangible assets' useful lives have been determined as 15 years.

If there is objective evidence of group impairment, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated in accordance with the TAS 36 "Turkish Accounting Standard for Impairment of Assets" and if the recoverable amount is less than the carrying value of the related asset, a provision for impairment loss is provided.

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XIII. Explanations on tangible assets:

The cost of the tangible assets purchased before December 31, 2004 have been restated by inflationary index from the purchasing dates to December 31, 2004, the date the hyperinflationary period is considered to be ended. The tangible assets purchased after this date are recorded at their historical costs. Tangible assets are recorded at cost less accumulated depreciation and provision for impairment, if any in compliance with the ("TAS 16") "Turkish Accounting Standards for Tangible Assets" in the financial statements.

As of March 31, 2009, the Parent Bank has made a change in accounting policy and adopted revaluation model for real estates in accordance TAS 16 and reflected the results of appraisal reports prepared by an authorized real estate appraisal firm to the financial statements. As of December 31, 2019, the Parent Bank has revalued its immovables and reflected the results of appraisal reports prepared by an independent real estate appraiser firm using comparison of similar items method to the financial statements. The revaluation fund mentioned cannot be distributed as dividend to shareholders. Current period depreciation charge relating to the revaluation has been transferred to retained earnings from revaluation fund reserve.

There are no restrictions such as pledges, mortgages or any other restriction on tangible assets.

There are no changes in the accounting estimates which are expected to have an impact in the current or subsequent periods.

Depreciation is calculated on a straight-line basis. Depreciation rates used are determined by considering the estimated economic useful life of the assets. The annual rates used are as follows:

	Depreciation Rate %
Buildings	2
Motor vehicles Furniture, fixture and office equipment	20 – 25 4 – 33
Safe-deposit boxes	2 – 20
Operational lease improvement costs (Leasehold improvements) Leased assets	Leasing period - 5 years 1- 10 years

The depreciation of an asset held for a period less than a full financial year is calculated as a proportion of the full year depreciation charge from the date of acquisition to the financial year end. Leasehold improvements are depreciated over their estimated economic useful lives in equal amounts. The estimated economic useful lives cannot exceed the leasing period. In cases where the leasing period is not certain, the useful life is determined as five years. After January 1, 2010 in cases where leasing period is more than five years, the useful life is determined as five years.

If there is an indication for impairment, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the tangible asset in accordance with TAS 36 "Turkish Accounting Standard for Impairment of Assets" and if the recoverable amount is less than its carrying value, provides for an impairment loss.

Fixed assets which are carried at fair value in the financial statements are revalued by independent Capital Markets Board licensed firms in accordance with TFRS 13.

Gain or loss resulting from disposals of the tangible assets is calculated as the difference between the net proceeds from the sale and the net book value of the related asset.

The repair and maintenance costs of the tangible assets are capitalized, if the expenditure increases the economic life of the asset. Other repair and maintenance costs are expensed.

In accordance with TFRS 16, right-of-use asset is represented under tangible assets in the balance sheet.

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XIV. Explanations on investment property:

Investment properties are retained in order to benefit for administrative purposes and production and supply of goods or services either or both obtain rental income or appreciation gain instead of selling them in ordinary workflow. Investment properties are accounted initially at cost then at fair value for the coming periods and changes are recognized in statement of profit or loss.

The cost includes the expenses directly associated with the purchase.

If the investment property is sold, all profits and losses incurred (referring the difference between sale price and carrying value of the asset) are recognized in statement of profit or loss. If the investment properties which are recognized as fixed assets beforehand are sold, their revaluation differences (if there are any) under equity are transferred to prior year profits.

If a real estate's intended purpose amended and it is recognized again under fixed assets, the fair value at the date of the amendment becomes the cost for the next accounting transaction.

XV. Explanations on leasing transactions:

Assets acquired under finance lease contracts are recorded both as an asset and as a liability at the beginning date of the lease. The basis for the determination of the balances recorded in the balance sheet as asset and liability is the lower of fair value of the leased asset at the inception of the lease and the present value of the lease payments. Finance charges arising from lease contracts are expensed in the related periods taking into consideration the internal rate of return over the period of the lease.

Assets acquired under finance lease contracts are depreciated over their useful lives and impairment provision is provided in case a decrease in recoverable amount has been determined.

The Parent Bank, as a participation bank, acts as a lessor in finance leasing transactions. The Parent Bank presents finance leased assets as a receivable equal to the net investment in the lease. Financial income is based on a pattern reflecting a constant periodic rate of return on the net investment outstanding.

With the "TFRS 16 Leases" standard which became effective as of 1 January 2019, the difference between the operating lease and financial lease was removed and the lease transactions were started to be recognised under "Tangible Fixed Assets" as an asset (tenure) and under "Lease Payables" as a liability. The Bank has not adjusted its prior periods' financial statements for TFRS 16.

TFRS 16 Leases standard abolishes the dual accounting model currently applied for lessees through recognizing finance leases in the balance sheet whereas not recognizing operational lease. Instead, it is set forth a single model similar to the accounting of finance leases (on balance sheet). For lessors, the accounting stays almost the same.

The Parent Bank has the exemption for not applying this standard to short-term leasings (leases with a rental period of 12 months or less) or to leases where the underlying asset is of low value (eg personal computers, some office equipment, etc.). At the effective date of the lease, the Parent Bank measures its leasing liability at the present value of the lease payments not paid at that time and depreciates the existence of the right to use as of the same date and is amortized over the lease term. If this ratio can be determined easily, lease payments are discounted using the Parent Bank's average profit rate. If the ratio cannot be easily determined, the Parent Bank uses its own alternative borrowing rate. The profit share expense on the lease liability and the depreciation charge of the right to use is recorded separately.

Right to use asset:

The right to use asset is first recognized by cost method and includes:

- The initial measurement amount of the lease obligation,
- The amount obtained by deducting all the rental incentives received from all lease payments made at or before the beginning of the lease;
- All initial direct costs incurred by the Parent Bank and

When applying the cost method, the existence of the right to use:

- Accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses are deducted and

(Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

XV. Explanations on leasing transactions (continued):

- Measures the restatement of the lease obligation at the restated cost.

While the Parent Bank is depreciating the right- to- use asset it utilizes the provisions for depreciation in TAS 16 Tangible Assets Standard.

The lease liabilities:

At the effective date of the lease, the Parent Bank measures its leasing liability at the present value of the lease payments not paid at that time. If this ratio can be determined easily, lease payments are discounted using the Parent Bank's average profit rate. If the ratio cannot be easily determined, the Parent Bank uses its own alternative borrowing rate.

The lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability consist of the payments to be made for the right of use during the lease term of the underlying asset and the unpaid payments at the effective date of the lease.

After the effective date of the lease, the Parent Bank measures the leasing liability as follows:

- Increases the book value to reflect the profit share rate on the lease obligation,
- Reduces the book value to reflect the lease payments made
- Measures the book value to reflect reassessments and restructuring, or reflect the fixed lease payments, which is revised but inherently fixed.

The profit rate on the lease liability for each period in the lease period is the amount calculated by applying a fixed periodic profit rate to the remaining balance of the lease liability.

XVI. Explanations on provisions and contingent liabilities:

Provisions and contingent liabilities, excluding the general and specific provisions for impairment on loans, are accounted in accordance with TAS 37: "Turkish Accounting Standard for Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets".

Provisions are recognized when the Parent Bank has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation can be made.

A provision for contingent liabilities arising from past events should be recognized in the same period of occurrence in accordance with the cut-off principle.

A liability is recognized as a contingent liability where a possible obligation that arises from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of more than one events not wholly within the control of the Parent Bank; or a present obligation that arises from past events but it is not probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation; or the amount of the obligation cannot be measured with sufficient reliability and disclosed in the footnotes.

(Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

XVII. Explanations on liabilities regarding employee rights:

i) Defined benefit plans:

Provision for employee severance benefits has been accounted for in accordance with TAS 19 "Employee Benefits".

In accordance with the existing social legislation in Turkey, the Group is required to make lump-sum termination indemnities including retirement and notice payments to each employee whose employment is terminated for reasons other than misconduct or due to resignation. The retirement pay is calculated for every working year within the group over salary for 30 days or the official ceiling amount per year of employment and the notice pay is calculated for the relevant notice period time as determined based on the number of years worked for the Group.

The Group has reflected the retirement pay liability amount, which was calculated by an independent actuary, in the accompanying financial statements. According to TAS 19, The Group recognizes all actuarial gains and losses immediately through other comprehensive income. As of December 31, 2019, there is an actuarial loss amounts to TL 35.264 before deferred tax calculation. (December 31, 2018: TL 21.548 actuarial loss).

The Group, provision for the employees' unused vacations has been booked in accordance with TAS 19 and reflected to the financial statements.

There are no foundations, pension funds or similar associations of which the employees are members.

ii) Defined contribution plans:

The Group pays defined contribution plans to publicly administered Social Security Funds for its employees. The Group has not any further payment obligations other than this contribution share. The contributions are recognized as personnel expenses when they accrue.

iii) Short term benefits to employees:

In accordance with TAS 19, the Group measures the expected costs of the cumulative annual leaves as additional amounts anticipate to pay accumulated and unused rights as of reporting period.

XVIII. Explanations on taxation:

Current tax:

The Group is subject to tax laws and legislation effective in Turkey.

While the corporate tax rate was at the rate of 20% since January 1, 2006, such rate has been set as 22% for the tax bases of the years 2018, 2019, and 2020 based on the legislation of the Amendment on Certain Tax Laws and Other Laws no. 7061. Furthermore, the Council of Ministers has been authorized to reduce the rate of 22% down to 20%.

Dividends paid to the resident institutions are not subject to withholding tax in Turkey. Withholding tax rate on the dividend payments other than these is 15%. Appropriation of the retained earnings to capital is not considered as profit distribution and accordingly is not subject to withholding tax.

The prepaid taxes are calculated based on quarterly profits of the Parent Bank using current rate which must be announced by the 14th day and paid by the 17th day of the second month following the taxed period. The prepaid taxes can be deducted from the annual corporate tax calculated on the annual corporate income. The remaining prepaid tax, if any after deduction, can be refunded in cash or deducted from other financial liabilities to the government.

A 75% portion of the capital gains derived from the sale of equity investments and a 50% portion of the capital gains derived from the sale of immovable properties held for at least two years is tax exempt, if such gains are added to paid-in capital or held in a special fund account under liability for five years.

(Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

XVIII. Explanations on taxation (continued):

Current tax (continued):

In accordance with the tax legislation, tax losses can be carried forward to offset against future taxable income for up to five years. Tax losses cannot be carried back to offset profits from previous periods.

In accordance with the last paragraph of the first article of the law dated February 11, 1986 and numbered 3259 "Law related to granting tax exemption to Islamic Development Bank" dividends paid to Islamic Development Bank is exempt from corporate tax. Therefore, dividend distributed to Islamic Development Bank as a shareholder of the Parent Bank is exempt from corporate tax and income tax withholding.

In Turkey, there is no procedure for a final and definite agreement on tax assessments. Companies file their tax returns to their tax offices by the end of 25th of the fourth month following the close of the accounting period to which they relate. Tax returns are open for five years from the beginning of the year that follows the date of filing during which time the tax authorities have the right to audit tax returns, and the related accounting records on which they are based, and may issue reassessments based on their findings and carry out sectorial investigations.

Considering the participation accounts' part in general loan loss provision as expense for tax calculation, Finance Ministry initiated a sector-specific review. The relevant documents and calculations have been requested from the Parent Bank. As of report date, there is no information or written report transmitted to the Parent Bank.

Deferred tax:

The Group calculates and accounts for deferred income taxes for temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in these financial statements in accordance with ("TAS 12") "Turkish Accounting Standard for Income Taxes". Deferred tax asset is calculated on all temporary differences to the extent that is probable that taxable profit will be available and deferred tax liability is calculated for all temporary differences. Deferred tax asset and liabilities are shown in the accompanying financial statements on a net basis.

Deferred tax liabilities are calculated for all of the temporary differences whereas deferred tax assets resulting from temporary differences are recognized to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the deferred tax assets can be utilized.

Deferred tax is measured at enacted tax rates prevailing in the period when the assets are realized or liabilities are settled, and the tax is recorded as income or expense in the income statement. Nonetheless, if the deferred tax is related to assets directly associated with the equity in the same or different period, it is directly recognized in the equity accounts. According to a change in Corporate Tax Law, which were published in the Official Gazette dated December 5, 2017 and numbered 30261, Article 91, Corporate Tax has been increased to 22% from 20% in order to be applied to the profits of the institutions for the taxation periods of 2018, 2019 and 2020. The Parent Bank calculates deferred taxes using related ratios considering the realization period of the temporary differences.

Transfer pricing:

Transfer pricing is regulated through the article 13 of Corporate Tax Law titled "Disguised Profit Distribution by way of Transfer Pricing". Detailed information for the practice regarding the subject is found in the "General Communiqué on Disguised Profit Distribution by way of Transfer Pricing".

According to the related regulation, in the case of making purchase or sales of goods or services with related persons/corporations at a price that is determined against "the arm's length principle", the gain is considered to be distributed implicitly through transfer pricing and such distribution of gains is not deductible in calculation of corporate tax.

(Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

XIX. Additional explanations on borrowings:

The Group accounts its debt instruments in accordance with TFRS 9 "Financial Instruments". In the following periods, all financial liabilities are carried at amortized cost by using the internal rate of return method. The Parent Bank has no borrowings that require hedging techniques for accounting and revaluation of debt instruments and liabilities representing the borrowings.

There are no debt securities issued by the Parent Bank. The Parent Bank has issued borrowings through its subsidiary Bereket Varlık Kiralama A.Ş. and its structured entities Bereket One Ltd. and Albaraka Sukuk Ltd.

The Parent Bank has subordinated loans borrowed through sukuk issuance, which has convertible nature to the shares.

Additional tier 1 capital borrowings:

Unmatured sukuk transaction in foreign currency is issued and included in the additional capital account by the Parent Bank's structured entity "Bereket One Ltd.". Stated transaction evaluated as non-monetary item and accounted over historical cost in Turkish Lira under equities in the "other capital reserves" accordance with TAS 32.

XX. Explanations on issued share certificates:

The Parent Bank has completed capital increase through rights issues in December 2019. As of December 31, 2019 the capital has not been registered and the added amount (TL 450.000) has been represented under "Other Capital Reserves" on the balance sheet.

XXI. Explanations on acceptances and availed drafts:

Acceptances and availed drafts are realized simultaneously by the Parent Bank with the payment dates of the customers and they are presented as commitments in the off-balance sheet accounts.

XXII. Explanations on government grants:

As of the balance sheet date, there are no government grants received by the Group.

XXIII. Explanations on segment reporting:

Business segment is a component of the Parent Bank that engages in business activities from which the Group may earn revenues and incur expenses, whose operating results are regularly reviewed by the Parent Bank's chief operating decision makers to make decisions about resources to be allocated to the segment and assess its performance, and for which discrete financial available.

Segment reporting is disclosed in Section Four, Note XI.

XXIV. Explanations on other matters:

Along with the Communiqué amending the Communiqué on a Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes to be Announced to Public by Banks in the Official Gazette dated 1 February 2019 and numbered 30673, the financial statements formats have been rearranged. Based on this amendment, the prior year financial statements have been restated in order to be comparable with the current period financial statements.

(Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

SECTION FOUR

Information on Consolidated Financial Structure and Risk Management of the Group

I. Explanations on consolidated capital adequacy standard ratio:

Total capital and capital adequacy ratio have been calculated in accordance with the "Regulation on Equity of Banks" and "Regulation on Measurement and Assessment of Capital Adequacy of Banks". As of December 31, 2019, the Parent Bank's total capital has been calculated as TL 5.182.122 and capital adequacy standard ratio is 15,91 %. As of December 31, 2018, the Parent Bank's total capital amounted to TL 4.737.224 and capital adequacy ratio was 15,21%. The Parent Bank's capital adequacy standard ratio is above the minimum ratio required by the legislation.

a) Information on consolidated capital:

	Current Period	Prior Period
COMMON EQUITY TIER 1 CAPITAL		
Paid-in capital following all debts in terms of claim in liquidation of the Bank Share issue premiums	900.000	900.000
Reserves	1.182.456	1.122.887
Gains recognized in equity as per TAS	953.069	376.286
Profit	90.045	158.014
Current Period Profit	90.045	158.014
Prior Period Profit	-	-
Shares acquired free of charge from subsidiaries, affiliates and jointly controlled partnerships		
and cannot be recognized within profit for the period	-	-
Minority Share	-	-
Common Equity Tier 1 Capital Before Deductions	3.125.570	2.557.187
Deductions from Common Equity Tier 1 Capital	-	-
Common Equity as per the 1st clause of Provisional Article 9 of the Regulation on the Equity		
of Banks	-	-
Portion of the current and prior periods' losses which cannot be covered through reserves		
and losses reflected in equity in accordance with TAS	27.223	48.213
Improvement costs for operating leasing	24.273	23.998
Goodwill (net of related tax liability)	-	-
Other intangibles other than mortgage-servicing rights (net of related tax liability)	33.949	29.616
Deferred tax assets that rely on future profitability excluding those arising from temporary		
differences (net of related tax liability)	-	=
Differences are not recognized at the fair value of assets and liabilities subject to hedge of		
cash flow risk	=	-
Communiqué Related to Principles of the amount credit risk calculated with the Internal		
Ratings Based Approach, total expected loss amount exceeds the total provision	- -	-
Gains arising from securitization transactions	111.451	-
Unrealized gains and losses due to changes in own credit risk on fair valued liabilities	-	-
Defined-benefit pension fund net assets	-	=
Direct and indirect investments of the Bank in its own Common Equity	=	-
Shares obtained contrary to the 4 th clause of the 56 th Article of the Law	-	-
Portion of the total of net long positions of investments made in equity items of banks and		
financial institutions outside the scope of consolidation where the Bank owns 10% or less of		
the issued common share capital exceeding 10% of Common Equity of the Bank	-	-
Portion of the total of net long positions of investments made in equity items of banks and		
financial institutions outside the scope of consolidation where the Bank owns 10% or more of the issued common share capital exceeding 10% of Common Equity of the Bank		
Portion of mortgage servicing rights exceeding 10% of the Common Equity	=	-
Portion of deferred tax assets based on temporary differences exceeding 10% of the	-	-
Common Equity	_	_
Amount exceeding 15% of the common equity as per the 2 nd clause of the Provisional Article		
2 of the Regulation on the Equity of Banks	-	_
Excess amount arising from the net long positions of investments in common equity items of		
banks and financial institutions outside the scope of consolidation where the Bank owns 10%		
or more of the issued common share capital	-	_
Excess amount arising from mortgage servicing rights	-	-
Excess amount arising from deferred tax assets based on temporary differences	-	-
Other items to be defined by the BRSA	-	-
Deductions to be made from common equity due to insufficient Additional Tier I Capital or		
Tier II Capital	-	-
Total Deductions From Common Equity Tier 1 Capital	196.896	101.827
Total Common Equity Tier 1 Capital	2.928.674	2.455.360
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		

(Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

Explanations on consolidated capital adequacy standard ratio (continued):

a) Information on consolidated capital (continued):

I.

	Current Period	Prior Period
ADDITIONAL TIER I CAPITAL		
Preferred Stock not Included in Common Equity and the Related Share Premiums	=	=
Debt instruments and premiums approved by BRSA	775.720	775.720
Debt instruments and premiums approved by BRSA(Temporary Article 4)	-	-
Third parties' share in the Additional Tier I capital	=	=
Third parties' share in the Additional Tier I capital (Temporary Article 3)	-	-
Additional Tier I Capital before Deductions	775.720	775.720
Deductions from Additional Tier I Capital	-	-
Direct and indirect investments of the Bank in its own Additional Tier I Capital	=	=
Investments of Bank to Banks that invest in Bank's additional equity and components of		
equity issued by financial institutions with compatible with Article 7.	-	-
Total of Net Long Positions of the Investments in Equity Items of Unconsolidated Banks		
and Financial Institutions where the Bank Owns 10% or less of the Issued Share Capital		
Exceeding the 10% Threshold of above Tier I Capital	-	-
The Total of Net Long Position of the Direct or Indirect Investments in Additional Tier I		
Capital of Unconsolidated Banks and Financial Institutions where the Bank Owns more		
than 10% of the Issued Share Capital	-	-
Other items to be defined by the BRSA	-	-
Transition from the Core Capital to Continue to deduce Components	-	-
Goodwill and other intangible assets and related deferred tax liabilities which will not		
deducted from Common Equity Tier 1 capital for the purposes of the first sub-paragraph		
of the Provisional Article 2 of the Regulation on Banks' Own Funds (-)	-	-
Net deferred tax asset/liability which is not deducted from Common Equity Tier 1 capital		
for the purposes of the sub-paragraph of the Provisional Article 2 of the Regulation on		
Banks' Own Funds (-)	-	-
Deductions to be made from common equity in the case that adequate Additional Tier I		
Capital or Tier II Capital is not available (-)	-	-
Total Deductions From Additional Tier I Capital	•	-
Total Additional Tier I Capital	775.720	775.720
Total Tier I Capital (Tier I Capital=Common Equity+Additional Tier I Capital)	3.704.394	3.231.080
TIER II CAPITAL		
Debt instruments and share issue premiums deemed suitable by the BRSA	1.362.486	1.193.054
Debt instruments and share issue premiums deemed suitable by BRSA (Temporary		
Article 4)	-	-
Third parties' share in the Tier II Capital	-	-
Third parties' share in the Tier II Capital (Temporary Article 3)		
Provisions (Article 8 of the Regulation on the Equity of Banks)	116.745	315.773
Tier II Capital Before Deductions	1.479.231	1.508.827
Deductions From Tier II Capital	-	<u> </u>
Direct and indirect investments of the Bank on its own Tier II Capital (-)	-	1.491
Investments of Bank to Banks that invest on Bank's Tier 2 and components of equity		
issued by financial institutions with the conditions declared in Article 8.	=	-
Portion of the total of net long positions of investments made in equity items of banks		
and financial institutions outside the scope of consolidation where the Bank owns 10%		
or less of the issued common share capital exceeding 10% of Common Equity of the		
Bank (-)	-	-
Portion of the total of net long positions of investments made in Additional Tier I Capital		
item of banks and financial institutions outside the scope of consolidation where the		
Bank owns 10% or more of the issued common share capital exceeding 10% of		
Common Equity of the Bank	-	-
Other items to be defined by the BRSA (-)	-	4 404
Total Deductions from Tier II Capital	4 470 004	1.491
Total Tier II Capital	1.479.231	1.507.336
Total Capital (The sum of Tier I Capital and Tier II Capital)	5.183.625	4.738.416
The sum of Tier I Capital and Tier II Capital (Total Capital)	-	-
Deductions from Capital Loans granted contrary to the 50 th and 51 th Article of the Law	-	-
Net Book Values of Movables and Immovables Exceeding the Limit Defined in the		
Article 57, Clause 1 of the Banking Law and the Assets Acquired against Overdue		
Receivables and Held for Sale but Retained more than Five Years	-	-
Other items to be defined by the BRSA	1.503	1.192

(Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

Explanations on consolidated capital adequacy standard ratio (continued):

a) Information on consolidated capital (continued):

I.

	Current Period	Prior Period
In transition from Total Core Capital and Supplementary Capital (the capital)		
to Continue to Download Components		
The Sum of net long positions of investments (the portion which exceeds the 10% of		
Banks Common Equity) in the capital of banking, financial and insurance entities that		
are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, where the bank does not own more		
than 10% of the issued common share capital of the entity which will not deducted from		
Common Equity Tier 1 capital, Additional Tier 1		
capital, Tier 2 capital for the purposes of the first sub-paragraph of the Provisional Article 2 of the Regulation on Banks' Own Funds		
The Sum of net long positions of investments in the Additional Tier 1 capital and Tier 2	-	-
capital of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of		
regulatory consolidation, where the bank does not own more than 10% of the issued		
common share capital of the entity which will not deducted from Common Equity Tier 1		
capital, Additional Tier 1 capital, Tier 2 capital for the purposes of the first sub-paragraph		
of the Provisional Article 2 of the Regulation on Banks' Own Funds	-	-
The Sum of net long positions of investments in the common stock of banking, financial		
and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, where the		
bank does not own more than 10% of the issued common share capital of the entity,		
mortgage servicing rights, deferred tax assets arising from temporary differences which		
will not deducted from Common Equity Tier 1 capital for the purposes of the first sub-		
paragraph of the Provisional Article 2 of the Regulation on Banks' Own Funds	-	-
Total Capital (Total Core Capital and Supplementary Capital)	5.182.122	4.737.224
Total risk weighted amounts	32.572.892	31.147.638
Capital Adequacy Ratios	0.00	7.00
Consolidated Core Capital Adequacy Ratio (%)	8,99	7,88
Consolidated Tier 1 Capital Adequacy Ratio (%) Consolidated Capital Adequacy Ratio (%)	11,37 15,91	10,37 15,21
BUFFERS	15,91	13,21
The total additional capital requirement ratio (a + b + c)	2,50	1,88
a) Capital conservation buffer requirement (%)	2,50	1,88
b) Bank specific counter-cyclical buffer requirement (%)	0,00	-,00
c) Systemic significant bank buffer ratio (%)	0,00	-
The ratio of Additional Common Equity Tier 1 capital which will be calculated by the first	·	
paragraph of the Article 4 of Regulation on Capital Conservation and Countercyclical		
Capital buffers to Risk Weighted Assets (%)	4,49	3,38
Amounts below the Excess Limits as per the Deduction Principles	-	-
Portion of the total of net long positions of investments in equity items of unconsolidated		
banks and financial institutions where the bank owns 10% or less of the issued share		
capital exceeding the 10% threshold of above Tier I capital	-	-
Portion of the total of investments in equity items of unconsolidated banks and financial		
institutions where the bank owns 10% or less of the issued share capital exceeding the		
10% threshold of above Tier I capital	-	-
Amount arising from deferred tax assets based on temporary differences Limits related to provisions considered in Tier II calculation	231.614	203.784
Limits related to provisions considered in Tier II calculation	231.014	203.764
General provisions for standard based receivables (before tenthousandtwentyfive		
limitation)	116.745	315.773
Up to 1.25% of total risk-weighted amount of general reserves for receivables where the		0.00
standard approach used	116.745	315.773
Excess amount of total provision amount to credit risk Amount of the Internal Ratings		
Based Approach in accordance with the Communiqué on the Calculation	=	=
Excess amount of total provision amount to 0,6 % of risk weighted receivables of credit		
risk Amount of the Internal Ratings Based Approach in accordance with the		
Communiqué on the Calculation	=	-
Debt instruments subjected to Article 4 (to be implemented between January 1, 2018 and January 1, 2022)	_	_
Upper limit for Additional Tier I Capital subjected to temporary Article 4		<u>-</u>
Amounts Excess the Limits of Additional Tier I Capital subjected to temporary Article 4	=	-
Upper limit for Additional Tier II Capital subjected to temporary Article 4	-	-
Amounts Excess the Limits of Additional Tier II Capital subjected to temporary Article 4	<u> </u>	
(*) Amounts in this column represents the amounts of items that are subject to transition provisions		

^(*) Amounts in this column represents the amounts of items that are subject to transition provisions.

(Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

I. Explanations on consolidated capital adequacy standard ratio (continued):

b) Details on subordinated liabilities:

Issuer	Albaraka Sukuk Ltd.	Bereket One Ltd.
Unique Identifier (CUSIP, ISIN etc.)	XS1301525207	XS17 72390628
Governing Law(s) of the Instrument	English Law	English Law
Special Consideration in the Calculation of Equity	English Eaw	English Eaw
As of January 1, 2015 consideration to be subject to a 10% reduction application status	No	No
Eligible at Unconsolidated/Consolidated	Unconsolidated/Consolidated	Unconsolidated/Consolidated
Instrument Type	Sukuk Wakala	Sukuk Mudaraba
Amount recognized in regulatory capital (as of most recent reporting date)	TL 1.362.486	TL 775.720 ^(*)
Par Value of Instrument	TL 1.362.486	TL 775.720
Accounting Classification	Subordinated Loan	Equity
Original date of Issuance	November 30, 2015	February 20, 2018
Perpetual or dated	Dated	Undated
Maturity date	November 30, 2025	Undated
Issuer call subject to prior supervisory (BRSA) approval	Yes	Yes
	Last Payment Date: November	Last Payment Date: None
	30, 2020 Total Repayment Amount of Profit	First refund option date: February 20, 2023
Optional call date, contingent call dates and redemption amount	Share: USD 131.250.000,	Total Repayment Amount of
	Repayment Period: 6 months Principal Payment: USD	Profit Share: USD 102.500.000 Repayment Period: 6 months
	250.000.000	Principal Payment: USD
		205.000.000
Subsequent call dates	-	-
Profit Share/Dividends		
Fixed or floating profit share/dividend	Fixed	Fixed
Profit share rate and any related index	10,50%	10%
Existence of a dividend stopper	As per BRSA regulations and	As per BRSA regulations and
	Communiqués it is payable	Communiqués it is payable
Fully discretionary, partially discretionary or mandatory	Mandatory	Optional
Existence of step up or other incentive to redeem Noncumulative or cumulative	- Cumulative	Name and a time
Convertible or Non-convertible	Cumulative	Noncumulative
If convertible, conversion trigger	As per BRSA regulations and	As per BRSA regulations and
, 33	Communiqués it is convertible	Communiqués it is convertible
If convertible, fully or partially	As per BRSA approval it is convertible fully or partially	As per BRSA approval it is convertible fully or partially
If convertible, conversion rate	As per BRSA approval it is convertible and the rate may be determined.	As per BRSA approval it is convertible and the rate may be determined.
If convertible, mandatory or optional conversion	Subject to BRSA's approval.	Subject to BRSA's approval.
If convertible, specify instrument type convertible into	Share certificate	Share certificate
If convertible, specify issuer of instrument it converts into	-	-
Write-down feature		
		Non-sustainability-The ratio of
If write-down, write-down trigger(s)	-	Core Capital to below 5,125%
If write-down, full or partial	-	At least to ensure that the core capital ratio exceeds 5,125%
If write down, permanent or temporary	-	Permanent and Temporary
If temporary write-down, description of write-up mechanism		In case of the ratio of core capital exceeds 5,125%
Position in subordination hierarchy in liquidation (specify instrument type immediately senior to instrument)	After all creditors and participation fund owners	After participation fund owners, other borrowers and the debt instruments included in the Tier II capital calculation
In compliance with article number 7 and 8 of "Own fund regulation"	No	No
Details of incompliances with article number 7 and 8 of "Own fund regulation"	No	No

^(*) Represented as historical cost.

c) Information on reconciliation of total capital and equity

The difference between Total Capital and Equity in the consolidated balance sheet mainly arises from Stage 1 and Stage 2 expected credit losses, debt instruments and share issue premiums deemed suitable by the BRSA. In the calculation of Total Capital, Stage 1 and Stage 2 expected credit losses up to 1,25% of the credit risk is taken into consideration as Tier II Capital. On the other hand, in the calculation of the Total Capital, improvement costs for operating leases followed under tangible assets in the balance sheet, intangible assets and related deferred tax liabilities and other items defined by the regulator are taken into consideration as amounts deducted from Total Capital.

(Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

II. Explanations on consolidated credit risk:

(1) Credit risk represents the Parent Bank's risk or losses arising from corporate and individual loan customers who have cash or non-cash credit relations with the Parent Bank not fulfilling the terms of their agreements partially or in full. Limit assignment authority primarily belongs to the Board of Directors and based on the authority given by the Board of Directors, the risk limits of the Parent Bank are determined by Head-office Loan Committee, Loan Committee and Board of Directors. Head-office Loan Committee may exercise such authority partially through units of the Parent Bank or branches. Proposal for loans are presented in a written format to the Loan Committee and Board of Directors.

Regarding the credit risk, debtors or group of debtors is subject to risk limitations. Credit limits are determined separately for each individual customer, company, group of companies, and risk groups. While determining credit risk several criteria such as the customers' financial strength, commercial capacities, sectors, geographical areas and capital structure are evaluated collectively.

In accordance with the decision taken by the Board of Directors of the Parent Bank, the Parent Bank cannot grant loans above 15% of its equity to a real person or legal entity (Exception to this decision is subject to the decision of the Board of Directors). Distributing the risk in a balanced manner to the sectors is observed, therefore in their marketing operations the branches strive for reaching various firms existing in different sectors. As a principle, each branch oversee the balanced distribution of the total risk to the sectors and progress of the firms existing in critical sectors.

The credibility of the debtors of loans are monitored periodically in accordance with related legislation. The financial documents for loans are obtained, audited and updated as necessary as stipulated in the related legislation. Credit limits of customers are renewed periodically according to the Parent Bank's credit limit renewal procedure. The Parent Bank obtains necessary collaterals for loans by analyzing the creditworthiness of corporate and individual loans according to its credit policy. Main collaterals obtained for credit risk are mortgage on real estate, cash blockage, pledges on vehicle and machinery.

Limits defined by the Board of Directors and Loan Committee for each bank are followed-up by Treasury Management on a daily basis for the transactions related with placements or treasury operations like foreign currency purchase and sales with domestic and foreign correspondent banks.

As of 1 January 2018, the Parent Bank recognize provisions for impairment in accordance with TFRS 9 requirements according to the "Regulation on the Procedures and Principles for Classification of Loans by Banks and Provisions to be set aside" published in the Official Gazette dated 22 June 2016 numbered 29750. Related classifications are mentioned in the third section under the heading of Accounting Policies, in VIII. No. "Explanations on expected credit loss provisions".

The amount of exposures after offsetting transactions but before applying credit risk mitigations and the average exposure amounts that are classified in different risk groups and types, are disclosed below for the relevant period:

Risk Categories	Current Period Risk Amount	Average Risk Amount ^(*)
Receivables from central governments or central banks	9.765.536	6.836.635
Receivables from regional or local governments	99.368	16.649
Receivables from administrative units and non-commercial enterprises	111.062	73.887
Receivables from multilateral development banks	-	-
Receivables from international organizations	-	-
Receivables from banks and brokerage houses	5.189.846	5.378.661
Receivables from corporates	16.780.575	15.837.271
Retail receivables	5.358.754	5.144.519
Receivables secured by mortgages on property	2.868.084	3.091.970
Past due receivables	703.682	577.586
Receivables defined in high risk category by BRSA	-	-
Securities collateralized by mortgages	-	-
Short-term receivables from banks, brokerage houses and corporates	-	-
Investments similar to collective investment funds	-	157
Other receivables	5.320.837	5.031.259
Equity share investments	107.397	203.044
TOTAL	46.305.141	42.191.638

^(*) Average risk amount was tested by taking the arithmetic average of monthly risk amounts for 2019.

(Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

II. Explanations on consolidated credit risk (continued):

- (2) The credit risk undertaken for forwards, options and similar agreements is managed together with the risks arising from market movements
- (3) The risks of forwards, options and similar agreements are followed regularly and the Parent Bank utilizes risk mitigation methods if needed.
- (4) Indemnified non-cash loans are subject to the same risk weight as overdue loans. Rescheduled or restructured loans are followed in accordance with the principles of credit risk management and followup principle of the Parent Bank. Financial position and commercial operations of those customers are analyzed continuously and the principal and profit payments based on the restructured payment plan are monitored by the related departments.
 - The Parent Bank considers that long-term commitments are exposed to more credit risk than short-term commitments, and matters such as defining risk limits and obtaining collateral for long-term risks are addressed more extensively as compared to short-term risks.
- (5) The Parent Bank has credit lines in different countries within the scope of its banking activity and due inquires (economic, cyclical, etc.) are carried out during the allocation and revision of such credit lines. For the Parent banks where correspondent activity and international commodity transactions are intended to be carried out, credit limits are allocated by the related credit committees taking into account the size of the correspondent Parent bank and the size of Bank itself and concentration of risk is avoided. The Parent Bank does not carry any serious risk in this respect.
- (6) Share of cash receivables of the Parent Bank from its top 100 and top 200 cash loan customers in total cash loans is 53% (December 31, 2018: 51%) and 62% (December 31, 2018: 60%) respectively.
 - Share of non- cash receivables of the Parent Bank from its top 100 and top 200 non-cash loan customers in total non-cash loans is 45% (December 31, 2018: 49%) and 56% (December 31, 2018: 60%) respectively.
 - Share of cash and non-cash receivables of the Parent Bank from its top 100 and top 200 loan and non-cash loan customers in total of balance sheet and off balance sheet commitments is 44% (December 31, 2018: 44%) and 51% (December 31, 2018: 53%) respectively.
- (7) The Parent Bank's expected credit loss amount for its credit risk except non-cash loans (Stage 1 and 2) is TL 202.542 (December 31, 2018: TL 380.469).

(Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

II. Explanations on consolidated credit risk (continued) :

(8) Profile on significant risks in significant regions:

							Risk Categor	ies ^(*)					
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	Total
Current Period													
Domestic	9.705.244	99.368	111.062	-	2.020.777	15.581.648	5.317.384	2.840.508	689.469	-	5.266.685	69.427	41.701.572
EU Countries	-	-	-	-	845.852	139.495	11.570	3.664	10	_	347	18.587	1.019.525
OECD Countries (**)	-	-	-	-	95.442	-	7	-	-	_	-	_	95.449
Off-shore banking regions	-	-	-	-	635.547	358.369	17.062	3.951	12.672	-	-	_	1.027.601
USA, Canada	-	-	-	-	1.104.422	74.973	1.380	-	-	-	-	15.293	1.196.068
Other countries Associates, subsidiaries and jointly	60.292	-	-	-	487.806	626.090	11.351	19.961	1.531	-	53.805	4.090	1.264.926
controlled entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-
Unallocated assets/liabilities (***)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	9.765.536	99.368	111.062		5.189.846	16.780.575	5.358.754	2.868.084	703.682	-	5.320.837	107.397	46.305.141
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	Total
Prior Period													
Domestic	4.968.121	15	128.684	-	4.354.365	15.339.805	5.124.553	2.679.305	584.938	-	4.792.686	15	37.972.487
EU Countries	-	-	-	-	371.037	127.934	1.851	1.858	935	-	24.738	9.812	538.165
OECD Countries (**)	-	-	-	-	12.479	-	14	38	-	-	=	-	12.531
Off-shore banking regions	-	-	-	-	20.631	86.504	14.182	3.215	11.743	-	-	-	136.275
USA, Canada	-	-	-	-	419.403	98.620	666	-	-	-	=	-	518.689
Other countries	-	-	-	-	558.835	464.945	9.397	83.021	1.888	-	-	3.643	1.121.729
Associates, subsidiaries and jointly													
controlled entities	-	-	-	-	=	=	=	=	-	-	=	99.571	99.571
Unallocated assets/liabilities (***)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	4.968.121	15	128.684	-	5.736.750	16.117.808	5.150.663	2.767.437	599.504	-	4.817.424	113.041	40.399.447

^(*) Risk classifications in the "Regulation on Measurement and Assessment of Capital Adequacy of Banks" will be used.

^(**) OECD countries other than EU countries, USA and Canada.

^(***) Assets and liabilities are not allocated on a consistent basis

¹⁻ Receivables from central governments or central banks

²⁻ Receivables from regional or local governments

³⁻ Receivables from administrative units and non-

commercial enterprises

⁴⁻ Receivables from multilateral development banks

⁵⁻ Receivables from banks and brokerage houses

⁶⁻ Receivables from corporates

⁷⁻ Retail receivables

⁸⁻ Receivables secured by mortgages on property

⁹⁻ Past due receivables

¹⁰⁻ Investments as collective investment enterprises

¹¹⁻ Other receivables

¹²⁻Equity share investments

(Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

II. Explanations on consolidated credit risk (continued):

Profile on significant risks in significant regions:

									Ris	sk Categorie	es					
5	Sectors / Counterparties	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	TL	FC	Total
1	Agriculture	-	-	-	-	-	43.819	91.792	59.668	15.240	-	-	-	160.939	49.580	210.519
1.1	Farming and stockbreeding	-	-	-	-	-	42.833	53.152	36.259	14.677	-	-	-	102.751	44.170	146.921
1.2	Forestry	-	-	-	-	-	729	29.870	23.289	561	-	-	-	53.742	707	54.449
1.3	Fishery	-	-	-	-	-	257	8.770	120	2	-	-	-	4.446	4.703	9.149
2	Manufacturing	-	-	1.101	-	-	5.579.025	1.483.899	722.661	250.783	-	-	-	3.064.169	4.973.300	8.037.469
2.1	Mining	-	-	-	-	-	56.043	42.501	17.362	2.843	-	-	-	50.280	68.469	118.749
2.2	Production	-	-	204	-	-	4.375.258	1.365.965	607.146	154.839	-	-	-	2.682.545	3.820.867	6.503.412
2.3	Electricity, gas, water	-	-	897	-	-	1.147.724	75.433	98.153	93.101	-	-	-	331.344	1.083.964	1.415.308
3	Construction	-	-	1	-	-	2.372.334	555.845	514.831	155.988	-	-	-	2.164.019	1.434.980	3.598.999
4	Services	9.764.741	-	109.764	-	5.189.763	8.437.651	2.102.536	1.352.086	261.903	-	556.325	107.397	10.455.782	17.426.384	27.882.166
4.1	Wholesale and retail trade	-	_	12	-	_	2.378.946	1.408.026	512.674	150.327	-	_	_	2.734.276	1.715.709	4.449.985
4.2	Hotel, food and beverage services	-	-	-	-	-	326.074	83.264	74.303	29.369	-	_	_	208.783	304.227	513.010
4.3	Transportation and telecommunication	_	_		_	_	532.223	211.485	50.531	43.210	_	_	_	312.587	524.862	837.449
4.4	Financial institutions	9.764.741	_	_	_	5.180.862	389.436	15.481	18.389	50	_	_	80.857	3.961.169	11.488.647	15.449.816
4.5	Real estate and renting services	5.704.741	_	19	_	8.901	4.511.905	161.263	523.167	18.222	_	556.325	18.000	2.687.837	3.109.965	5.797.802
4.6	Self-employment services	_	_	-	_	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	2.007.007	-	-
4.7	Education services	-	_	98.197	-	-	3.527	21.395	76.015	4.584	-	_	-	113.764	89.954	203.718
4.8	Health and social services	_	_	11.536	_	_	295.540	201.622	97.007	16.141	-	_	8.540	437.366	193.020	630.386
5	Other	795 99.3	368	196	_	83	347.746	1.124.682	218.838	19.768	- 4	4.764.512		5.394.114	1.181.874	6.575.988
6	Total	9.765.536 99.3		111.062	-	5.189.846	16.780.575	5.358.754	2.868.084	703.682		5.320.837	107.397	21.239.023	25.066.118	46.305.141

- 1- Receivables from central governments or central banks
- 2- Receivables from regional or local governments alacaklar
- 3- Receivables from administrative units and non-commercial enterprises
- 4- Receivables from multilateral development banks
- 5- Receivables from banks and brokerage houses
- 6- Receivables from corporates
- 7- Retail receivables
- 8- Receivables secured by mortgages on property9- Past due receivables
- 10- Investments as collective investment enterprises
- 11- Other receivable
- 12- Equity share investment

(Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

II. Explanations on consolidated credit risk (continued):

Distribution of risks with term structure according to remaining maturities:

				Time to Matu	rity	
			1–3	3–6	6–12	1 year and
	Risk Categories	1 month	months	months	months	over
1	Receivables from central					
	governments or central banks	59.836	104.107	641.118	399.120	2.755.109
2	Receivables from regional or local					
	governments	-	-	-	-	99.329
3	Receivables from administrative					
	units and non-commercial					
	enterprises	2	3.389	359	920	106.291
4	Receivables from multilateral					
	development banks	-	-	-	-	-
5	Receivables from international					
	organizations	-	-	-	-	-
6	Receivables from banks and					
	brokerage houses	116.052	-	69.873	8.697	794.692
7	Receivables from corporates	1.065.669	849.631	1.577.864	2.304.614	10.632.733
8	Retail receivables	204.561	352.851	610.223	1.021.169	3.161.002
9	Receivables secured by mortgages					
	on property	174.599	262.992	182.131	388.957	1.735.308
10	Past due receivables	-	-	-	-	-
11	Receivables defined in high risk					
	category by BRSA	-	-	-	-	-
12	Securities collateralized by					
	mortgages	-	-	-	-	-
13	Short-term receivables from banks,					
	brokerage houses and corporates	-	-	-	-	-
14	Investments similar to collective					
	investment funds	-	-	-	-	-
15	Other receivables	-	-	-	-	2.076
16	Equity share investments	-	-	-	-	
17	TOTAL	1.620.719	1.572.970	3.081.568	4.123.477	19.286.540

(9) While determining risk weights of receivables from banks and receivables from central banks and central governments indicated in the sixth article of "Regulation on Measurement and Assessment of Capital Adequacy of Banks", rating grades obtained from rating agencies commissioned by customers are being used. Other receivables in the regulation are considered as unrated while calculating capital adequacy.

Total exposure amount before and after applying risk mitigation techniques and total amounts deducted from the capital which are calculated in accordance with the Appendix-1 of the "Regulation on Measurement and Assessment of Capital Adequacy Ratio of Banks" are presented below:

	Risk Weights	0%	10%	20%	35%	50%	75%	100%	150%	200%	Deductions from Shareholders' Equity
1	Amount before credit risk mitigation	8.598.686	-	3.693.085	446.528	6.103.550	5.358.754	21.859.604	244.934	-	59.725
2	Amount after credit risk mitigation	9.190.393	-	3.907.636	442.376	6.298.603	4.846.640	21.375.576	243.917	-	59.725

(Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

II. Explanations on consolidated credit risk (continued):

(10) Amounts of impaired loans and past due receivables, value adjustments and provisions, current period value adjustments and provisions according to sectors or counterparties individually:

As of 31 December 2019, the Parent Bank has allocated expected lifetime loss provision for loans classified as Stage 2 based on the risk assessments made under TFRS 9. For the loans which are determined as impaired by being classified in the third stage, the expected lifetime loss provision has been allocated for such loans as well.

As of December 31, 2019, the credit risks of the loans which has not increased at first recognization or thereafter, are classified as stage 1 and 12 months expected credit loss has been allocated for such loans.

Sectors / Counterparties	Loans		Provisions				
Counterparties		Imparied Value (TFRS 9)					
	Significant increase in credit risk (Stage 2)	Default (Stage 3)	Provisions for Credit Losses (TFRS 9)				
1 Agriculture	12.383	14.758	5.097				
1.1 Farming and stockbreeding	8.736	9.732	3.387				
1.2 Forestry	3.647	5.023	1.707				
1.3 Fishery	-	3	3				
2 Manufacturing	2.461.319	1.234.814	564.182				
2.1 Mining	6.235	9.415	3.074				
2.2 Production	2.189.347	1.220.357	537.831				
2.3 Electricity, gas, water	265.737	5.042	23.277				
3 Construction	720.302	553.840	302.035				
4 Services	249.798	355.929	139.882				
4.1 Wholesale and retail trade	78.866	186.965	61.853				
Hotel, food and beverage 4.2 services	107.195	35.666	13.543				
Transportation and 4.3 telecommunication	12.410	64.880	29.740				
4.4 Financial institutions	174	11.705	4.481				
4.5 Real estate and renting services	1.860	29.709	19.353				
4.6 Self-employment services	16.456	1.992	1.280				
4.7 Education services	-	7.995	715				
4.8 Health and social services	32.837	17.017	8.917				
5 Other	221.253	62.382	20.528				
6 Total	3.665.055	2.221.723	1.031.724				

(11) Information related to value adjustments and credit provisions:

Current Period

Risk Weight	Opening Balance	Provision made during the period	Reversal of Provisions	Other Adjustments (*)	Closing Balance
1. Stage 3 Provisions	893.485	633.455	(638.779) ^(**)	58.470	946.631
2. Stage 1 and 2 Provisions	363.306	72.858	(251.051)	38	185.151

^(*) Determined according to currency differences.

Prior Period

Risk Weight	Opening Balance	Provision made during the period	Reversal of Provisions	Other Adjustments (*)	Closing Balance
1. Stage 3 Provisions	705.262	422.299	$(374.452)^{(**)}$	140.376	893.485
2. Stage 1 and 2 Provisions	329.928	160.195	(128.324)	1.507	363.306

^(*) Determined according to currency differences.

^(**) Includes reversal of provisions related to write off amounts to TL 441.418.

^(**) Includes TL 242.105 assigned from non performing portfolio to asset management companies.

(Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

III. Explanations on consolidated risks including countercyclical capital buffer calculation:

Explanations on receivables from consolidated private sector:

Country where risk	Private sector	Risk weighted amount	
is ultimately taken	loans in banking books	calculated within trading book	Total
Turkey	20.954.690	15.807	20.970.497
Iraq	502.478	-	502.478
Malta	120.859	-	120.859
Marshall Islands	103.054	-	103.054
Georgia	96.302	-	96.302
United States of America	75.954	-	75.954
Panama	17.829	-	17.829
Romania	10.312	-	10.312
Italy	9.074	-	9.074
Other	35.363	-	35.363

IV. Explanations on consolidated currency risk:

Foreign currency risk arises from the Group's possible exposure to the changes in foreign currencies.

- a) The Parent Bank is exposed to currency risks as a market risk and tries to balance the currency risks by avoiding to keep any long or short positions. The currency risk of the Parent Bank is monitored on a daily basis. Net foreign currency position/shareholders' equity ratio is also controlled on a daily basis. All foreign currency assets, liabilities and foreign currency forward transactions are taken into consideration while capital requirement to be employed for foreign currency risk is calculated. Standard Method used in legal reporting and amount subject to risk is calculated on a monthly basis.
- b) The Group does not have any derivative financial instruments held for hedging purposes.
- c) As a result of the uncertainty and volatility in the markets, foreign currency position is kept at a balance, and accordingly, no currency risk is anticipated. The Parent Bank takes necessary measures to keep the currency risk at a minimum level.
- **c)** Foreign exchange buying rates of the last five working days before the balance sheet date as publicly announced by the Parent Bank are as follows:

	USD	EUR
As of December 31, 2019 - Balance sheet evaluation rate	5,928	6,658
As of December 30, 2019	5,920	6,627
As of December 27, 2019	5,937	6,622
As of December 26, 2019	5,913	6,560
As of December 25, 2019	5,915	6,562
As of December 24, 2019	5,929	6,568

d) The simple arithmetical average of the major foreign exchange buying rates of the Parent Bank for the thirty days before the balance sheet date is TL 5,664 for 1 USD (December 2018: TL 5,293), TL 6,337 for 1 EUR (December 2018: TL 6,023).

The Parent Bank is mainly exposed to EUR and USD currency risks.

(Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

IV. Explanations on consolidated currency risk (continued):

Information on currency risk of the Group:

	EUR	USD	Other FC(*)	Total
Current Period				
Assets				
Cash (cash in vault, foreign currency, money in transit, cheques				
purchased) and balances with the Central Bank of Republic of Turkey	1.947.732	4.061.727	1.359.748	7.369.207
Banks	1.013.467	1.422.621	648.539	3.084.627
Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss(**)	-	1.345	436.893	438.238
Money market placements	_	-	-	.00.200
Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income	166.840	1.003.586	3.638	1.174.064
Loans and financial lease receivables (***)	4.955.861	10.276.953	311.036	15.543.850
Subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures	4.900.001	10.270.333	311.030	13.343.030
Financial Assets Measured at Amortised Cost	641.117	715.181	-	1.356.298
	041.117	7 15.161	-	1.330.296
Derivative financial assets for hedging purposes	-	-	40.005	40.005
Tangible assets		-	19.905	19.905
Intangible assets	5.272	<u>-</u>		5.272
Other assets ^(****)	5.258	245.911	1.992	253.161
Total assets	8.735.547	17.727.324	2.781.751	29.244.622
Liabilities				
Current account and funds collected from banks via participation				
· · ·	1 115 106	E27 026	E 0.42	4 000 005
accounts	1.445.426	537.826	5.043	1.988.295
Other current and profit sharing accounts	6.490.810	14.214.936	2.372.233	23.077.979
Money market borrowings		<u>-</u>	-	
Funds provided from other financial institutions and subordinated loans	575.980	2.490.562	1	3.066.543
Marketable securities issued	=	-	-	•
Miscellaneous payables	61.295	139.696	6.884	207.875
Derivative financial liabilities for hedging purposes	=	-	-	
Other liabilities	196	14.434	5.121	19.751
Total liabilities	8.573.707	17.397.454	2.389.282	28.360.443
Not belonge about westtien	464.040	200.070	202.400	004.470
Net balance sheet position	161.840	329.870	392.469	884.179
Net off balance sheet position	(122.274)	61.052	9.191	(52.031)
Derivative financial instruments assets(*****)	34.622	163.856	20.238	218.716
Derivative financial instruments liabilities(*****)	156.896	102.804	11.047	270.747
Non-cash loans(******)	2.052.218	3.212.326	38.392	5.302.936
Tion oddi lodio	2.002.210	0.212.020	00.002	0.002.000
Prior Period				
Total assets	7.049.938	15.706.283	1.555.938	24.312.159
Total liabilities	6.945.255	14.592.498	1.512.121	23.049.874
Net balance sheet position	104.683	1.113.785	43.817	1.262.285
Net off balance sheet position	(76.683)	187.681	(22.448)	88.550
Derivative financial instruments assets	19.925	304.028	9.188	333.141
Derivative financial instruments liabilities Non-cash loans(""")	96.608 1.741.130	116.347 3.579.066	31.636 69.666	244.591 5.389.862

^(*) TL 1.324.944 (December 31, 2018: TL 1.010.111) of the balance in Cash (cash in vault, foreign currency, money in transit, cheques purchased) and balances with the Central Bank of Republic of Turkey in other FC column represent precious metals, TL 425.089 (December 31, 2018: TL 408.766) of the balance in Banks in other FC column represent precious metals accounts with banks, TL 2.192.902 (December 31, 2018: TL 1.421.400) of the balance in Other current and profit sharing accounts in other FC column represent precious metals deposits accounts.

Other issues related to currency risk:

Since the Parent Bank has issued unmatured additional tier 1 capital amount to USD 205.000.000 (Historical cost: TL 775.720) and recognized under the equity as "Other Capital Reserves", this stated amount is not included in the above table.

^(**) Derivative financial instruments are included.

^{(&}quot;") The balance includes foreign currency indexed loans and financial lease receivables of TL 2.154.914 (December 31, 2018: TL 3.883.893).

^{(&}quot;"") Foreign currency indexed receivables from commission and fees of non-cash loans amounting to TL 1.591 (December 31, 2018: TL 1.863) is included in other assets.

^{(&}quot;"") In the current period, derivative financial instruments assets include foreign currency purchase commitment in the amount of TL 174.881 (December 31, 2018: TL 95.585) and derivative financial instruments liabilities include foreign currency sale commitment in the amount of TL 214.726 (December 31, 2018: TL 219.495).

^(*****) Does not have any effect on the net off-balance sheet position.

(Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

V. Explanations on consolidated position risk of equity securities in banking book:

The Parent Bank does not have any associate and subsidiary quoted at Borsa İstanbul. "Albaraka Portföy Yönetimi A.Ş. One Tower Gayrimenkul Yatırım Fonu", "Albaraka Portföy Yönetimi A.Ş. Dükkan Gayrimenkul Yatırım Fonu" and "Albaraka Portföy Yönetimi A.Ş. Batışehir Gayrimenkul Yatırım Fonu" which are managed and founded by Albaraka Portföy Yönetimi A.Ş. are traded in Borsa İstanbul under qualified trading market. Albaraka Portföy Yönetimi A.Ş. is the subsidiary of the Parent Bank.

VI. Explanations on consolidated liquidity risk:

Liquidity Risk is managed by Asset and Liability Committee ("ALCO") in line with risk management policies and risk appetite approved by the Board of Directors in order to take the necessary measures in a timely and correct manner against possible liquidity shortages that may result from market conditions and balance sheet structure of the Parent Bank. Under stressed conditions, liquidity risk is managed within the Contingency Funding Plan framework.

The Board of Directors reviews the liquidity risk management strategy, policy and practices and approves the liquidity strategy and policies within the framework of risk management strategy and policies, ensures the effective of practice of policies and integrations with Parent Bank's risk management strategy. The Board of Directors determines the basic metrics in liquidity risk measurement and monitoring. The Board of Directors establishes risk appetite of the Parent Bank in liquidity risk management, identifies the risk limits in accordance with the risk appetite, and reviews it regularly.

ALCO takes necessary decisions which will be executed by related departments by assessing the liquidity risk that the Parent Bank is exposed to and considering the Parent Bank's strategy and conditions of competition and pursues the implementations.

Risk Management Department defines the Parent Bank's liquidity risk, measures and monitors the risks with liquidity risk measurement methods that are in comply with legal legislation, presents measurement results periodically to related departments, committees and senior management. Risk Management Department coordinates related parties in order to ensure compliance of risk management process in accordance with the Parent Bank's risk profile, operation environment and strategic plan with regulations.

The liquidity risk analysis and the important early warning signals are reported periodically to related senior management. Additionally, analysis and monitored internal reserve limit ratios related to liquidity risk are presented in ALCO report. Reserve limit ratios and alert levels approved by the Board of Directors are monitored and reported regularly to related parties.

The Parent Bank's funding management is carried out in compliance with the ALCO decisions in the direction of the Fund Transfer Pricing (FTP) committee. Funding and placement strategies are developed by assessing liquidity of the Parent Bank.

In liquidity risk management actions that will be taken and procedures are determined by considering normal economic conditions and stress conditions.

Diversification of assets and liabilities is assured to be able to continuously meet the obligations, also taking into account the relevant currencies. Funding sources are monitored actively during identification of concentration risk related to funding. The Parent Bank's funding base of funds collected and other borrowing transactions are diversified in order to prevent the concentration of a particular funding source. Factors that could trigger the sudden and significant run off in funds or impair the accessibility of the funding sources are analyzed.

In the context of TL and foreign currencies liquidity management, the Parent Bank monitors the cash flows regarding assets and liabilities and forecasts the required liquidity in future periods. In cash flow analysis, stress is applied to items that affect the liquidity by volume and rate of change from a liquidity management point of view.

Liquidity risk exposed by the Parent Bank is managed by establishing risk appetite, effective control environment and closely monitoring by limits.

(Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

VI. Explanations on consolidated liquidity risk (continued):

The results of liquidity risk stress testing are taken into consideration in the assessment of liquidity adequacy and identification of strategy, policy and procedures regarding liquidity risk and contingency funding plan is prepared within this framework.

There exists "Liquidity Risk Management Contingency Funding Plan" in the Parent Bank including mechanisms to prevent increase in liquidity risk during normal and liquidity crisis scenarios for different conditions and levels. Available liquidity sources are determined by considering the liquidity squeezes. Within the framework of this plan, the Parent Bank monitors liquidity risk in terms of early warning indicators in each stress.

Consolidated liquidity coverage ratio:

		Rate of "Percentage to		Rate of "Percentage to		
		be taken into account"		be taken into	account"	
		not Impleme	nted Total			
		Valu	e ^(*)	Value	e ^(*)	
	Current Period	TL+FC	FC	TL+FC	FC	
	HIGH QUALITY LIQUID ASSETS (HQLA)					
1	HIGH QUALITY LIQUID ASSETS			10.361.457	8.516.166	
	CASH OUTFLOWS					
2	Retail and Small Business Funds Collected	22.450.697	13.529.899	2.031.991	1.352.990	
3	Stable Funds Collected	4.261.572	-	213.079	-	
4	Less stable Funds Collected	18.189.125	13.529.899	1.818.912	1.352.990	
5	Unsecured Funding other than Retail and Small					
	Business Customers Deposits	10.643.961	7.686.134	5.483.485	3.667.400	
6	Operational Funds Collected	696.888	685.978	174.222	171.494	
7	Non-Operational Funds Collected	3.938.906	2.714.637	2.086.080	1.494.592	
8	Other Unsecured Funding	6.008.167	4.285.519	3.223.183	2.001.314	
9	Secured funding			-	-	
10	Other Cash Outflows	1.768.240	1.693.566	1.768.240	1.693.566	
11	Liquidity needs related to derivatives and market					
	valuation changes on derivatives transactions	1.768.240	1.693.566	1.768.240	1.693.566	
12	Debts related to the structured financial products	-	-	-	-	
13	Commitment related to debts to financial markets					
	and other off balance sheet liabilities	-	-	-	-	
14	Commitments that are unconditionally revocable at any					
	time by the Bank and other contractual commitments	-	_	-	-	
15	Other irrevocable or conditionally revocable					
	commitments	10.265.642	4.849.421	915.024	540.638	
16	TOTAL CASH OUTFLOWS			10.198.740	7.254.594	
	CASH INFLOWS					
17	Secured Lending Transactions	-	-	-	-	
18	Unsecured Lending Transactions	7.057.652	4.315.539	5.645.099	3.729.205	
19	Other contractual cash inflows	1.782.202	1.210.989	1.782.202	1.210.989	
20	TOTAL CASH INFLOWS	8.839.854	5.526.528	7.427.301	4.940.194	
				Upper limit		
				amou		
21	TOTAL HQLA			10.361.457	8.516.166	
22	TOTAL NET CASH OUTFLOWS			2.771.439	2.314.400	
23	Liquidity Coverage Ratio (%)			373,87	367,96	
	=iquianty == forago natio (/0)			0.0,01	301,30	

^(*) Average of the last three months of liquidity coverage ratios calculated considering weekly simple arithmetic averages.

As per "Regulation on Liquidity Coverage Ratio Calculation" published in the Official Gazette numbered 28948, dated March 21, 2014, the dates on which the minimum and maximum liquidity coverage ratios have been calculated for the last three months are as follows:

Liquidity Coverage Ratio (%)	age Ratio (%) Current Period			
	TL+FC			
Lowest	251,16	244,1		
Date	November 10, 2019	October 20, 2019		
Highest	490,24	543,8		
Date	December 06, 2019	December 16, 2019		
Average	373,87	367,96		

(Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

VI. Explanations on consolidated liquidity risk (continued):

Consolidated liquidity coverage ratio (continued):

		Rate of "Percentage to		Rate of "Percentage to			
		be taken into	account"	be taken into	account"		
		not Impleme	nted Total	Implemented Total Value ^(*)			
		Value	e ^(*)				
	Prior Period	TL+FC	FC	TL+FC	FC		
	HIGH QUALITY LIQUID ASSETS (HQLA)						
1	HIGH QUALITY LIQUID ASSETS			5.969.215	4.592.095		
	CASH OUTFLOWS						
2	Retail and Small Business Funds Collected	17.457.848	9.475.768	1.571.440	947.578		
3	Stable Funds Collected	3.486.887	_	174.344	-		
4	Less stable Funds Collected	13.970.961	9.475.768	1.397.096	947.578		
5	Unsecured Funding other than Retail and Small						
	Business Customers Deposits	7.812.403	5.671.248	4.490.800	3.151.829		
6	Operational Funds Collected	507.347	498.687	126.837	124.672		
7	Non-Operational Funds Collected	3.074.845	2.104.661	1.714.667	1.267.733		
8	Other Unsecured Funding	4.230.211 3.067.900		2.649.296	1.759.424		
9	Secured funding			-	-		
10	Other Cash Outflows	1.975.310	1.457.151	1.975.310	1.457.151		
11	Liquidity needs related to derivatives and market						
	valuation changes on derivatives transactions	1.975.310	1.457.151	1.975.310	1.457.151		
12	Debts related to the structured financial products	-	-	-	-		
13	Commitment related to debts to financial markets						
	and other off balance sheet liabilities	-	-	-	-		
14	Commitments that are unconditionally revocable at any						
	time by the Bank and other contractual commitments	-	-	-	-		
15	Other irrevocable or conditionally revocable						
	commitments	10.804.090	5.094.627	933.702	532.644		
16	TOTAL CASH OUTFLOWS			8.971.252	6.089.202		
	CASH INFLOWS						
17	Secured Lending Transactions	-	-	-	-		
18	Unsecured Lending Transactions	6.409.201	4.161.821	5.408.625	3.850.294		
19	Other contractual cash inflows	2.057.041	1.905.489	2.057.041	1.905.489		
20	TOTAL CASH INFLOWS	8.466.242	6.067.310	7.465.666	5.755.783		
				Upper limit	applied		
				amou	nts		
21	TOTAL HQLA			5.969.215	4.592.095		
22	TOTAL NET CASH OUTFLOWS			2.242.813	1.522.301		
23	Liquidity Coverage Ratio (%)			266,15	301,65		

^(*) Average of the last three months of liquidity coverage ratios calculated considering weekly simple arithmetic averages.

As per "Regulation on Liquidity Coverage Ratio Calculation" published in the Official Gazette numbered 28948, dated March 21, 2014, the dates on which the minimum and maximum liquidity coverage ratios have been calculated for the last three months for 2018 are as follows:

Liquidity Coverage Ratio (%)	Prior F	Period	
	TL+FC	FC	
Lowest	226,63	264,91	
Date	November 04, 2018	October 31, 2018	
Highest	315,88	395,02	
Date	December 31, 2018	December 31, 2018	
Average	266,15	301,65	

(Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

VI. Explanations on consolidated liquidity risk (continued):

Consolidated liquidity coverage ratio (continued):

Consolidated liquidity coverage ratio is calculated by comparing the high quality liquid assets owned by the Parent Bank to net cash outflow in 30 days maturity. Balance sheet accounts that are significant on the ratio can be listed as reserve requirements maintained at CBRT, marketable securities that are not subject to repurchase agreements or not given as collateral, banks receivables, funds collected, funds borrowed. The effect of these accounts on the liquidity coverage ratio is higher than other accounts, since these accounts have a higher share in liquid assets and net cash outflows.

High quality liquid assets consist of cash, deposits in central banks and securities considered as high quality liquid assets. Reserve deposits are included in high quality liquid assets, limited by the amount that is allowed by central bank to use in liquidity shortages. The Parent Bank's high quality liquid assets are composed of 9,10% cash, 55,10 % deposits in central banks and 35,80 % securities considered as high quality liquid assets.

The Parent Bank's main funding sources are funds collected, funds borrowed, borrowings from money market, issued securities and subordinated loans. Funding source composition in report date is 87,45% funds collected, 12,55% funds borrowed, borrowings from money market, subordinated loans and securities issued.

Cash flows of derivatives that will take place within 30 days are taken into account in calculation of liquidity coverage ratio. Cash outflows of derivatives that arise from margin obligations, are reflected to the results in accordance with the methodology articulated in the related legislation.

The Parent Bank manages all the transactions with its foreign branches and subsidiaries consolidated in the framework of central bank, markets and related legislation of the country in which the institutions are located. Consolidated liquidity risk of the Parent Bank, its foreign branches and subsidiaries that are to be consolidated are managed within the regulatory limits and in accordance with group strategies. The liquidity positions of consolidated subsidiaries are continuously monitored by the Parent Bank.

(Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

VI. Explanations on consolidated liquidity risk (continued):

Presentation of assets and liabilities according to their remaining maturities:

	Demand	Up to 1 month	1-3 months	3-12 months	1-5 years	Over 5 years	Unallocated (***)(****)	Total
Current Period								
Assets								
Cash (cash in vault, foreign								
currency, money in transit,								
cheques purchased) and								
balances with the Central Bank								
of Republic of Turkey	4.173.150	4.622.759	-	-	-	-	-	8.795.909
Banks	3.040.193	1.024.446	112.517	-	-	-	-	4.177.156
Financial Assets at Fair Value	05.540	4.000	0.055	40.740	400 400			570.074
Through Profit and Loss(*)	35.542	1.222	3.255	46.716	486.139	-	-	572.874
Money Market Placements Financial Assets at Fair Value	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Through Other Comprehensive								
Income	23.312	545	149.304	239.950	1.574.626			1.987.737
Loans(**)	23.312	3.055.064	1.487.050	7.163.233	14.411.301	2.357.349	1.275.092	29.749.089
Financial Assets Measured at	-	3.055.064	1.467.030	7.103.233	14.411.301	2.337.349	1.275.092	29.749.009
Amortised Cost		60.797	37.515	820.971	1.075.036			1.994.319
Other Assets (*****)		00.797	1.122	10.048	102.372	212.137	3.873.205	4.198.884
				10.040	102.372		3.073.203	4.130.004
Total Assets	7.272.197	8.764.833	1.790.763	8.280.918	17.649.474	2.569.486	5.148.297	51.475.968
Liabilities								
Current account and funds								
collected from banks via								
participation accounts	794.319	534.434	666.857	-	-	_	_	1.995.610
Other current and profit sharing								
accounts	13.100.675	18.699.543	4.304.022	1.613.039	26.311	_	-	37.743.590
Funds provided from other								
financial institutions and								
subordinated loans	-	837.938	285.051	381.969	299.318	1.362.486	-	3.166.762
Money Market Borrowings	-	18.237	-	-	-	-	-	18.237
Marketable securities issued	-	868.982	1.166.538	453.819	30.080	-	-	2.519.419
Miscellaneous payables	-	313.161	48.796	26.010	-	-	1.101.312	1.489.279
Other liabilities	775.720	-	128	6.163	81.724	199.740	3.479.596	4.543.071
Total Liabilities	14.670.714	21.272.295	6.471.392	2.481.000	437.433	1.562.226	4.580.908	51.475.968
Not Liquidity Con	(7.398.517)	(12.507.462)	(4.680.629)	5.799.918	17.212.041	1.007.260	567.389	
Net Liquidity Gap	(7.396.517)	(12.507.462)	(4.680.629)	3.799.916	17.212.041	1.007.200	307.309	
Net Off-Balance Sheet								
Position	-	113	(108)	243	-	-	-	248
Financial Derivative Assets	=	34.764	8.644	23.261	-	-	-	66.669
Financial Derivative Liabilities		34.651	8.752	23.018			-	66.421
Non-Cash Loans	5.962.062	223.917	560.809	2.632.808	1.011.614	40.228	-	10.431.438
Prior Period								
Total Assets	7.669.458	5.877.028	2.728.827	8.012.853	13.085.454	2.180.281	2.668.046	42.221.947
Total Liabilities	9.502.104	17.824.457	4.405.381	5.126.934	182.369	1.193.054	3.987.648	42.221.947
Net Liquidity Gap	(1.832.646)	(11.947.429)	(1.676.554)	2.885.919	12.903.085	987.227	(1.319.602)	-
Net Off-Balance Sheet								
	_	(1.874)	557	1.743	_	_	_	426
Position								420
Position Financial Derivative Assets					_	_	-	265 125
Position Financial Derivative Assets Financial Derivative Liabilities		243.502 245.376	5.132 4.575	16.551 14.808	-	-	-	265.185 264.759

^(*) Derivative financial instruments are included.

^{(&}quot;) Leasing receivables are included under loans. Unallocated amount represents the net non-performing loans

^(***) Certain assets in the balance sheet that are necessary for the banking operations but cannot be readily convertible into cash in the near future, such as tangible assets, right of use of movables and real estates, investments in associates and subsidiaries, stationary supplies, prepaid expenses are included here

^(****) The unallocated other liabilities column consists of equity, provisions and (if any) deferred tax liabilities.

^(*****) The balance represents investment property and other assets.

(Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

VII. Explanations on consolidated leverage ratio:

	Current Period(**)	Prior Period(**)
Total assets in consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with Turkish Accounting Standards ^(*) The difference between total assets prepared in accordance with Turkish Accounting Standards and total assets in consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with the communiqué "Preparation of	49.128.437	41.791.422
Consolidated Financial Statements"	-	_
The difference between the amounts of derivative financial instruments and credit derivatives in consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with the communiqué "Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements" and risk amounts of such instruments	2.225.031	2.504.479
The difference between the amounts of securities or commodity financing transactions in consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with the communiqué	2.223.031	2.304.479
"Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements" and risk amounts of such instruments	218.303	881.634
The difference between the amounts of off-balance items in consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with the communiqué "Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements" and risk amounts of	210.303	001.004
such items	7.631	4.369
Other differences between the amounts in consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with the communiqué "Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements" and risk amounts of such items	-	-
Total Risk Amount	61.760.984	54.084.220

^(*) Consolidated financial statements prepared in compliance with the paragraph 6 of article 5 of the communiqué "Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements".

 $[\]ensuremath{^{(**)}}$ Represents average of the three months.

(Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

VII. Explanations on consolidated leverage ratio (continued):

As of December 31, 2019, consolidated leverage ratio of the Group calculated from the arithmetic average of the last three months is 5,32% (December 31, 2018: 6,24%). Leverage ratio is required to remain minimum 3% as per "Communiqué on Measurement and Evaluation for Leverage Ratios of Banks". The reason for the difference in leverage ratio between current and previous period is the high rate of increase in average risk amount.

		Current Period(*)	Prior Period ^(*)
	Balance sheet assets		
1	Balance sheet assets (excluding derivative financial assets and credit		
	derivatives, including collaterals)	49.365.269	41.890.212
2	(Assets deducted from Core capital)	(58.234)	(52.403)
3	Total risk amount of balance sheet assets (sum of lines 1 and 2)	49.307.035	41.837.809
	Derivative financial assets and credit derivatives		
4	Cost of replenishment for derivative financial assets and credit derivatives	5.672	6.944
5	Potential credit risk amount of derivative financial assets and credit		
	derivatives	11.228	12.645
6	Total risk amount of derivative financial assets and credit derivatives (sum		
	of lines 4 and 5)	16.900	19.589
	Financing transactions secured by marketable security or		
	commodity		
7	Risk amount of financing transactions secured by marketable security or		
	commodity (excluding Balance sheet)	186.303	254.130
8	Risk amount arising from intermediary transactions	-	-
9	Total risk amount of financing transactions secured by marketable security		
	or commodity (sum of lines 7 and 8)	186.303	254.130
	Off-balance sheet transactions		
10	Gross notional amount of off-balance sheet transactions	12.250.746	11.972.692
11	(Correction amount due to multiplication with credit conversion rates)	-	-
12	Total risk of off-balance sheet transactions (sum of lines 10 and 11)	12.250.746	11.972.692
	Capital and total risk		
13	Core Capital	3.288.556	3.375.653
14	Total risk amount (sum of lines 3, 6, 9 and 12)	61.760.984	54.084.220
	Leverage ratio		
15	Leverage ratio (%)	5,32	6,24

^(*) The arithmetic average of the last three months in the related periods

VIII. Explanations on presentation of consolidated financial assets and liabilities at fair value:

a. Information on fair value of financial assets and liabilities :

The following table summarizes the carrying values and fair values of financial assets and liabilities. The carrying value represents the acquisition costs and accumulated profit share accruals of corresponding financial assets or liabilities.

The fair values of financial assets and liabilities are calculated based on the following principles:

The fair values of investments measured at amortised cost are determined based on market prices. As of December 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018, fair value hierarchy of financial investments measured at amortized cost is determined as level 1.

The fair value of loans are determined by calculating the discounted cash flows using the current market profit share rates.

Carrying value of funds collected via special current accounts and participation accounts is assumed to approximate their fair value as they are valued at year-end unit values.

The fair values of funds collected from financial institutions are determined by calculating the discounted cash flows using the current market profit share rates.

(Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

VIII. Explanations on presentation of consolidated financial assets and liabilities at fair value (continue):

a. Information on fair value of financial assets and liabilities (continue):

	Carrying	yalue	Fair v	/alue
_	December 31, 2019	December 31, 2018	December 31, 2019	December 31, 2018
Financial Assets	·	•	•	•
Money market placements Banks	4.194.547	5.218.335	4.194.547	5.218.335
	4.194.547	5.216.335	4.194.547	5.216.333
Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through	F70 477	40.400	F70 477	40.400
Profit/Loss (FVTPL)	572.477	12.469	572.477	12.469
Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through				
Other Comprehensive Income (FVOCI)	1.987.737	1.071.984	1.987.737	1.071.984
Financial Assets Measured at Amortised Cost	1.994.319	618.506	2.080.209	596.204
Loans and financial lease receivables	29.749.089	26.184.989	27.049.251	24.292.355
Financial Liabilities				
Funds collected from banks via current accounts and				
profit sharing accounts	1.995.610	1.377.313	1.995.610	1.377.313
Other current and profit sharing accounts	37.743.590	27.162.018	37.743.590	27.162.018
Funds provided from other financial institutions	3.166.762	4.593.847	2.441.971	4.118.548
Marketable securities issued	2.519.419	3.159.052	2.746.056	3.050.674
Debts to Money Markets	18.237	771.957	18.237	771.957
Miscellaneous payables	1.489.279	1.455.165	1.489.279	1.455.165

b. Information on fair value measurement recognized in the financial statements:

TFRS 7 "Financial Instruments: Turkish Financial Reporting Standard Related to Explanations" sets a hierarchy of valuation techniques according to the observability of data used in valuation techniques which establish a basis for fair value measurement. Aforesaid fair value hierarchy is determined as follows:

- a. Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level I);
- **b.** Directly (by way of prices) or indirectly (derived from prices) data for the assets or liabilities, other than quoted prices in Level 1 (Level II);
- c. Data not based on observable data regarding assets and liabilities (Level III).

Fair value hierarchy of the financial assets and liabilities of the Parent Bank carried at fair value according to the foregoing principles are given in the table below:

Current period (*)	Level I	Level II	Level III	Total
Financial assets				
Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through				
Profit/Loss (FVTPL)	572.477	-	-	572.477
Government Securities	534.322	-	-	534.322
Equity securities	-	-	-	-
Other Financial Assets	38.155	-	-	38.155
Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Other				
Comprehensive Income (FVOCI)	1.979.718	-	-	1.979.718
Equity securities (**)	15.293	-	-	15.293
Government Securities	1.964.425	-	-	1.964.425
Other Financial Assets	-	-	-	-
Derivative Financial Assets	-	397	-	397
Financial Liabilities				
Derivative financial liabilities	-	849	-	849

^(*) In the current period, there is no classification between level I and level II.

^(**) Equity securities amounting to TL 8.019 under financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income are not quoted in an active market and hence, they are accounted at cost in the financial statemenst and not represented above table.

(Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

VIII. Explanations on presentation of consolidated financial assets and liabilities at fair value (continue):

b. Information on fair value measurement recognized in the financial statements (continue):

Prior period ^(*)	Level I	Level II	Level III	Total
Financial assets				
Financial assets at fair value through profit and				
loss	12.469	-	-	12.469
Government Securities	834	-	-	834
Equity securities	-	-	-	-
Other Financial Assets	11.635	-	-	11.635
Financial assets- available for sale	1.068.076	-	-	1.068.076
Equity securities (**)	9.562	-	-	9.562
Government Securities	1.058.514	-	-	1.058.514
Other Financial Assets	-	-	-	-
Derivative Financial Assets	-	1.510	-	1.510
Financial liabilities				
Derivative financial liabilities held for trading	-	1.545	-	1.545

^(*) In the prior period, there is no classification between level I and level II.

Apart from financial assets and financial liabilities, as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, the Parent Bank carries the real estates at fair value under tangible assets. Level III section is used in determining the related fair values.

IX. Explanations regarding the activities carried out on behalf and account of other persons:

The Parent Bank does not perform purchases, sales and custody services on behalf of its customers. The Parent Bank has no fiduciary transactions.

X. Explanations on consolidated on risk management:

Notes and explanations in this section have been prepared in accordance with the Communiqué On Disclosures About Risk Management To Be Announced To Public By Banks that have been published in Official Gazette numbered 29511 dated October 23, 2015 and became effective as of March 31, 2016. Due to usage of standard approach for the calculation of capital adequacy ratio by the Parent Bank, tables which have to be prepared within the scope of Internal rating-based (IRB) approach have not been presented.

a. Consolidated risk management strategy and weighted amounts:

a.1. Risk management strategy:

The aim of the Parent Bank's Risk management system is basically to ensure identification, measurement, monitoring and controlling of risks exposed, through establishment of policies, implementation procedure and limits for monitoring, controlling and in case of need changing the risk/return structure of future cash flows, and accordingly nature and level of operations.

The Board of Directors has a responsibility of establishing and providing compatible, adequate and effective system on internal control, risk management and internal auditing as anticipated by the Banking Law for the purpose of monitoring and controlling risks emerging from operations.

The Board of Directors is responsible for establishing risk management policies and strategies. These policies are revised and evaluated periodically according to prevailing market conditions.

^(**) Equity securities amounting to TL 3.908 under financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income are not quoted in an active market and hence, they are accounted at cost in the financial statements and not represented above table.

(Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

X. Explanations on consolidated on risk management (continued):

The general manager is responsible from ensuring that departments of the Parent Bank operate in accordance with the specified policies and strategies about risk management as determined by the Board of Directors.

The Board of Directors of the Parent Bank takes an important part in the processes of risk management by following policies and strategies on consolidated and unconsolidated basis, setting up limit systems and procedures in the Parent Bank. The related limits are monitored, reported and maintained within the set limits by the units under the internal systems and the related departments in the Parent Bank. Risk Management Department, organized within the frame of Risk Management regulations, undertakes activities for measuring, monitoring, controlling and reporting of risks.

Ultimate goal of the Parent Bank's risk management system is to allocate capital in accordance with risks that functional activities have (economical capital), to maximize return on capital adjusted according to risk and to increase added value created.

In Asset and Liability Committee, asset-liability structure is managed via evaluating fund collection activities in line with risk management policies and domestic and foreign conditions regarding the bank's fund lending.

The risks that the Parent Bank is exposed to or may be exposed to in the future are determined and the definition of these risks is made. Defined risks are measured and prioritized as far as possible. It is provided that all important risks are in the risk appetite considering the potential impact of the risks and the strategy arising from the Parent Bank's strategies to risk profile. The Parent Bank's strategies are integrated with risk profile and risk appetite. If it is expected that the risk profile is going to change in the future, this change is assessed with the degree of capital impact. While a risk profile is being developed, the risk profile is analyzed based on the risk type, the sector and/or the geographic location.

The Parent Bank's risk tolerance is the most comprehensive calculated risk amount which may be accepted in accordance with the determined mission and vision. In other words, before deciding on the necessity of taking measures, it is the Parent Bank's readiness to exposure of any risk amount. In this respect, the risk tolerance, in connection with the variety of services offered by the Parent Bank, is the level of risk it identifies as acceptable.

The Parent Bank's risk appetite means the amount of risk that can be accepted by the Parent Bank in order to reach the strategic targets, and it includes an acceptable variability around the targets as well.

The common feature of the Parent Bank's risk appetite and risk tolerance is to drive the lines regarding risk acceptance. However, risk tolerance is more comprehensive.

By means of "Risk Appetite Policy" approved by the board of directors, risk levels can be taken to implement risk strategies and to achieve the objectives of the Parent Bank's were identified. Limits, which are determined within the framework of risk profile of the bank in accordance with the Parent Bank's risk appetite and risk tolerance, and triggering functions, were described in detail.

Considering the Parent Bank's financial position, activity profile and the growth expectations of the future, the amount of capital needed for the strategic targets to be met have been calculated by the basis of static and dynamic stress tests and scenario analyses.

Considering the factors that may affect the Parent Bank operates market today and in the future, stress tests and scenario analysis studies on the financial structure of the Parent Bank have been assessed together with the other financial indicators; in this context, a coordination based on harmony was created between prepared capital plans and processes of the Parent Bank.

Aiming to ensure capital allocation compatible with the risks of its functional operations and increase the capital yield set according to these risks to the maximum level, the Parent bank's evaluates risks by classifying them as market risks, liquidity risk, credit risk, operational risk, strategic risk and credibility risk.

(Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

X. Explanations on consolidated on risk management (continued):

Market Risk

The Parent Bank's market risk; refers to the probability of loss may be exposed to exchange rate risk, equity position risk, profit rate risk and commodity risk.

Within the coverage of market risk, the Parent Bank calculates the foreign currency position risk and the security risk, as well as specific risks associated with market risk, by using the Standard approach and reports to it the authorities accordingly on a regular basis. Additionally, for test-purpose, foreign currency position risk of the Parent Bank is measured by internal models. With backtesting applications, deviations between actual values and daily VaR values, predicted by internal models, are observed in order to control accuracy and performance of these models. Potential strength of portfolio against to unexpected risks is measured with stress tests including stress scenarios.

Whether the market risk of the Parent Bank is in conformity with legal regulations and the determined limits is constantly monitored. Our foreign currency risk is discussed and evaluated at every Assets/Liabilities Committee meeting and our foreign currency strategy is based on holding this risk constant by holding to square foreign currency position (i.e. no short or long positions are taken).

Liquidity risk

The Parent Bank's liquidity risk, consists of funding related liquidity risk and market-related liquidity risk.

The liquidity risk is the situation whereby, as a result of any imbalances in the cash flows, there is a potential for not being able to meet the Participation Funds which have matured or other due liabilities in a timely manner due to shortage of liquid funds.

Market liquidity risk is an expression of the likelihood of the Parent Bank's suffering a loss because the Parent Bank is unable to close or cover a particular position at the market price owing to insufficient market depth or to excessive market volatility.

Liquidity risk could be caused by such factors as maturity mismatch, deterioration in the quality of assets, unexpected funding outflows, erosion in profitability levels and economic crisis.

In order to manage liquidity risk, the Parent Bank monitors the cash flows on a daily basis and takes preventive and improving measures taken so that commitments are met duly in time. The Liquidity risk is also evaluated by ALCO on a weekly basis.

The Parent Bank applies a policy whereby liquid assets are kept in sufficient volumes and qualities in consideration of the minimum liquidity coverage ratios determined by the related regulations and the liquidity experiences of the past in order to meet any liquidity requirement that could arise with unexpected volatilities in the markets.

Credit risk

Credit risk is defined as the probability of losses to the Parent Bank due to customers failing to partially or completely pay their commitments to the Parent Bank in a timely manner, in violation of the provisions of their credit contracts. This risk also contains any losses in the market value of the customers due to any deterioration in the financial position of the customer. The definition of credit risk is includes not just the portfolios within the balance sheet, but also those kept off balance sheet.

The authority to approve credits belongs to the Board of Directors at the Parent Bank. The Board of Directors determines the policies concerning the utilization, approval, risk management of the credits and other related management principles. It then ensures the implementation and supervision of these policies, taking required measures when necessary. The Board of Directors has transferred some of its authority in approving credit lines to the Credit Committee and General Management within the framework of the procedures and principles determined by the legal provisions. The General Management uses that authority to utilize credits by means of the credit departments and the Parent Bank's branches. At the Parent Bank's, credit allocations are realized within those limits that are determined on the basis of each debtor and group of debtors.

(Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

X. Explanations on consolidated on risk management (continued):

It is systematically not possible for customers to exceed the predetermined and approved limit Close attention is paid to prevent any sector concentration that might impair the health of the credit portfolio.

Utmost care is given to the prevention of risks concentrating on a small number of customers. Credit risks are constantly monitored and reported by the internal systems units and risk management bodies. Credit risks are ensured to be in conformity to "Regulation on Credit Policies and Implementation Procedures".

Operational risk

Operational risk is a risk of loss caused by insufficient or unsuccessful internal processes, by persons and systems or external events, wherein the legal risks and compliance risks are included while the strategic (making wrong decisions at the wrong time) and reputational risk are excluded.

Operational risk is a type of risk present in all activities of the Parent Bank. It could arise from errors of the staff or the system, from such transactions as may have been made based on insufficient or incorrect legal information or documents, due to impediments in the flow of information between the divisions in the organizational structure of the Parent Bank, due to uncertainties in the definition of limits of authorities or from structural and/or operational changes, natural disasters, terror and frauds.

The Parent Bank classifies operational risks into five groups according to their sources: staff risks, technological risks, organizational risks, legal and compliance risks and external risks.

The Parent Bank also takes required measures to maintain operational risks at acceptable levels.

Other risks

The other risks that The Parent Bank could encounter include strategic and reputational risk, counterparty credit risk, country risk, and concentration risk.

For the management of strategic risk, the Parent Bank keeps a close watch on the domestic and international situation, on technological, financial, and social developments, on the legal and regulatory frameworks, and on the banking industry as a whole in order to make rational decisions and to change them as circumstances warrant.

The Parent Bank regards reputational risk as anything that might lead to the Parent Bank's suffering a loss on account of adverse developments such as a reduction in the confidence that is had in it or any impairment in its good standing due to unfavorable opinions that existing or potential customers, shareholders, competitors, regulatory agencies, or other outside or associated parties may have about it or due to any breach of existing laws and regulations.

For the risk of reputation to be avoided and/or controlled by the Parent Bank's Risk Management System, a proactive communication mechanism that gives the customer priority is established any time a condition that could detriment the Parent Bank's reputation or image is detected.

Preparations are made for the worst-case scenarios in advance. In the evaluation of the reputation risk, the relationship, level and impact of operational risks to the reputation risk are also taken into account.

Counterparty credit risk is an expression of the likelihood that the counterparty in any transaction that imposes an obligation on two parties will default on the obligation before the final payment in the transaction's cash flow sequence. The Parent Bank manages its counterparty credit risk exposure as required by laws and regulations, taking best practices into consideration, and compatibly with the volume, nature, and complexity of its operations.

Country risk is an expression of the likelihood that the Parent Bank will suffer a loss because debtors in another country fail to fulfill or avoid fulfilling their obligations owing to uncertainties in the economic, social, and/or political conditions of that country. The Parent Bank enters into business relationships with foreign financial institutions and/or the agencies of foreign countries taking legal and regulatory restrictions, market conditions, and customer satisfaction into consideration and on the basis of feasibility studies that take the country's economic conditions into account.

(Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

X. Explanations on consolidated on risk management (continued):

Concentration risk is defined as the likelihood that a single risk or several risks that have some attribute in common may, if realized, cause losses that are capable of endangering the Parent Bank itself or its ability to carry out its essential activities. Policies aimed at managing concentration risk are formulated so as to deal with particular aspects of it such as sectoral concentration, collateral concentration, market risk concentration, types of loss concentration, and creditor concentration.

a.2. Overview of risk weighted amounts:

	or tron morginiou amounto.			Minimum capital
			ted Amount	requirement
		Current		
		Period	Prior Period	Current Period
1	Credit risk (excluding counterparty credit risk)			
_	(CCR)	29.462.092	27.215.820	2.356.967
2	Standardised approach (SA)	29.462.092	27.215.820	2.356.967
3	Internal rating-based (IRB) approach	-		-
4	Counterparty credit risk	2.396	5.806	192
5	Standardised approach for counterparty credit			
	risk (SA-CCR)	2.396	5.806	192
6	Internal model method (IMM)	-	-	-
7	Basic risk weight approach to internal models			
	equity position in the banking account	-	-	-
8	Investments made in collective investment			
	companies – look-through approach	-	-	-
9	Investments made in collective investment			
	companies – mandate-based approach	-	-	-
10	Investments made in collective investment			
	companies – 1250% weighted risk approach	-	-	-
11	Settlement risk	-	-	-
12	Securitization positions in banking accounts	-	-	-
13	IRB ratings-based approach (RBA)	-	-	-
14	IRB Supervisory Formula Approach (SFA)	-	-	-
15	SA/simplified supervisory formula approach			
	(SSFA)	-	-	-
16	Market risk	397.345	1.583.564	31.788
17	Standardised approach (SA)	397.345	1.583.564	31.788
18	Internal model approaches (IMM)	-	-	-
19	Operational Risk	2.711.059	2.342.448	216.885
20	Basic Indicator Approach	2.711.059	2.342.448	216.885
21	Standard Approach	-	_	-
22	Advanced measurement approach	-	_	-
23	The amount of the discount threshold under the			
	equity (subject to a 250% risk weight)	-	_	-
24	Floor adjustment	-	-	-
	•			
25	Total (1+4+7+8+9+10+11+12+16+19+23+24)	32.572.892	31.147.638	2.605.832

(Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

X. Explanations on consolidated risk management (continued):

b. Financial statements and regulatory exposures reconciliation:

b.1. Differences and Matching Between Accounting-related Consolidation and Legal Consolidation:

	Carrrying value					
Current Period	reported in financial tables in accordance with Turkish Accounting Standards	Subject to	Subject to counterparty	Securitization	Subject to market	Not subject to capital requirements or deducted
	(TAS)	credit risk	credit risk	positions	risk ^(*)	from capital
Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	12.990.456	12.990.456	-	-	-	-
Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss	572.477	_	243	_	572.477	_
Financial Assets at Fair Value through	512.411		240		372.477	
Other Comprehensive Income Financial Assets Measured at	1.987.737	1.987.737	-	-	-	-
Amortised Cost	1.994.319	1.994.319	-	-	-	-
Derivative Financial Assets	397	-	397	-	397	-
Non Performing Financial Assets Expected Credit Losses (-)	-	-	=	=	-	-
	17.391	-	=	=	-	17.391
LOANS (Net)	29.749.089	29.932.737	-	-	-	(183.648)
Loans	28.415.470	28.413.967	-	-	-	1.503
Financial Lease Receivables	243.678	243.678	=	=	-	-
Factoring Receivables	-	-	-	-	-	-
Non Performing Receivables	2.221.723	2.221.723	-	-	-	-
Expected Credit Losses (-)	1.131.782	946.631	-	-	-	185.151
Assets Held for Sale and Assets of	40.4.400	101 100				
Discontinued Operations (Net) Ownership Investments	124.480	124.480	-	-	-	-
Tangible Assets (Net)	286.470	286.470	=	-	-	
Intangible Assets (Net)	1.516.585	1.492.312	=	=	-	24.273
` '	35.810	1.861	-	-	-	33.949
Investment Property (Net)	1.419.315	1.419.315	-	-	-	-
Current Tax Asset Deferred Tax Asset	1.231	1.231	-	-	-	-
Other Assets	166.345	166.345	=	-	-	-
Total assets	648.648 51.475.968	648.648 51.045.911	640	<u>-</u>	572.874	(142.817)
Liabilities	31.473.900	31.043.911	040		372.074	(142.017)
Funds collected	39.739.200	_	_	_	_	39.739.200
Funds borrowed	1.791.598	_	_	_	_	1.791.598
Borrowings from money markets	18.237	-	-	-	-	18.237
Securities issued		-	-	-	-	
Financial Liabilities At Fair Value Through Profit and Loss	2.519.419	-	-	-	-	2.519.419
Derivative Financial Liabilities	849					849
Lease Payables	300.660	-	-	-	-	
Provisions	135.696	7.569	-	-	-	300.660 128.127
Current Tax Liability		7.509	-	-	-	
Deferred Tax Liability	74.600	-	-	=	-	74.600
Liabilities For Assets Held For Sale and Assets of Discontinued (Net)	-	- -	- -	- -	-	-
Subordinated Loans	1.375.164	_	_	_	-	1.375.164
	1.57 5. 104	-	-	-	-	1.575.104
Other Liabilities	1 480 270	_	-	_	_	1 480 270
	1.489.279 4.031.266	-	-	-	<u>-</u>	1.489.279 4.031.266

^(*) Represents the valued amounts of items subject to general market risk and specific risk according to Turkish Accounting Standards.

(Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

X. Explanations on consolidated risk management (continued):

b. Financial statements and regulatory exposures reconciliation (continued):

b.1. Differences and Matching Between Accounting-related Consolidation and Legal Consolidation (continued):

	Carrrying value	Carry	ing values of ite	ems in accordance		ish Accounting tandards (TAS)
Prior Period	reported in financial tables in accordance with Turkish Accounting Standards (TAS)	Subject to credit risk	Subject to counterparty credit risk	Securitization positions	Subject to market risk ^(*)	Not subject to capital requirements or deducted from capital
Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents Financial assets at fair value	11.136.716	11.136.716	-	-	-	-
through profit and loss Financial Assets at Fair Value	12.469	-	334	-	12.469	-
through Other Comprehensive Income Financial Assets Measured at	1.071.984	1.071.984	-	-	-	-
Amortised Cost	618.506	618.506	=	=	_	-
Derivative Financial Assets Non Performing Financial Assets	1.510 -	-	1.510 -	-	1.510 -	-
Expected Credit Losses (-) LOANS (Net)	17.163 26.184.989	- 26.547.103	-	-	-	17.163 (362.114)
Loans	25.173.679	25.172.487	-	-	-	1.192
Financial Lease Receivables Factoring Receivables	379.554	379.554	-	-	-	-
Non Performing Receivables Expected Credit Losses (-)	1.888.547 1.256.791	1.888.547 893.485	-		-	363.306
Assets Held for Sale and Assets of Discontinued Operations (Net)	649.688	649.688	-	-	-	
Ownership Investments Tangible Assets (Net)	99.571 655.457	99.571 631.459	-	-	-	23.998
Intangible Assets (Net)	36.734	7.118	-	-	-	29.616
Investment Property (Net) Current Tax Asset	1.074.667 3.992	1.074.667 3.992	-	-	-	
Deferred Tax Asset	169.474 523.353	169.474	-	-	-	493
Other Assets Total assets	42.221.947	523.846 42.534.124	1.844	<u> </u>	13.979	(326.156)
Liabilities						(= = = = = /
Funds collected	28.539.331	-	-	-	-	28.539.331
Funds borrowed	3.389.550	-	-	-	-	3.389.550
Borrowings from money markets	771.957 3.159.052	=	=	=	=	771.957
Securities issued Financial Liabilities At Fair Value	3.159.052	-	-	-	-	3.159.052
Through Profit and Loss Derivative Financial Liabilities	1.545	-	-	-	-	1.545
Lease Payables	-	- - 240	-	-	-	0E E0.4
Provisions Current Tax Liability	90.880 58.588	5.346 -	-	- -	-	85.534 58.588
Deferred Tax Liability Liabilities For Assets Held For Sale and Assets of Discontinued	-	-	-	-	-	-
(Net)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Subordinated Loans	1.204.297	-	-	-	-	1.204.297
Other Liabilities Shareholders' equity	1.455.165 3.551.582	-	-	-	-	1.455.165 3.551.582
Total liabilities	42.221.947	5.346				42.216.601

^(*) Represents the valued amounts of items subject to general market risk and specific risk according to Turkish Accounting Standards.

(Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

X. Explanations on consolidated risk management (continued):

b.2. Main reasons of the differences between the risk amounts and Carrrying Value in accordance with Turkish Accounting Standards (TAS):

	Current Period	Total	Subject to credit risk	Securitisation positions	Subject to counterparty credit risk	Subject to market risk ^(*)
1	Carrrying value of assets within the scope of legal consolidation in accordance with Turkish Accounting					
	Standard (as in template B1)	51.475.968	51.045.911	-	640	572.874
2	Carrrying value of liabilities within the scope of legal consolidation in accordance with Turkish Accounting					
	Standard (as in template B1)	-	7.569	-	-	-
3	Total net amount within the scope of					
	legal consolidation	51.475.968	51.038.342	-	640	572.874
4	Off balance sheet amounts	12.676.641	6.528.030	-	2.854	-
5	Repo and similar transactions (**)	-	-	-	-	-
6	Differences in valuations	-	-	-	-	-
7	Differences arising from different netting rules (other than those set out in line 2)	-	-	-	-	-
8	Differences arising from consideration of					
	provisions	-	-	-	-	-
9	Differences arising from BRSA's					
	applications	-	(11.261.231)	-	-	-
10	Risk amounts	64.152.609	46.305.141	-	3.494	572.874

⁽¹⁾ Represents the valued amounts of items subject to general market risk and specific risk according to Turkish Accounting Standards.

^(**) In accordance with "Regulation on Measurement and Assessment of Capital Adequacy of Banks", it is counterparty credit risk amount calculated for repurchase agreements and similar transactions.

	Prior Period	Total	Subject to credit risk	Securitisation positions	Subject to counterparty credit risk	Subject to market risk ^(*)
1	Carrrying value of assets within the					
	scope of legal consolidation in accordance with Turkish Accounting					
	Standard (as in template B1)	42.221.947	42.534.124	_	1.844	13.979
2	Carrrying value of liabilities within the	12.221.011	12.00 1.12 1		1.011	10.070
	scope of legal consolidation in					
	accordance with Turkish Accounting					
•	Standard (as in template B1)	-	5.346	-	-	-
3	Total net amount within the scope of	40 004 047	40 500 770		4.044	40.070
	legal consolidation	42.221.947	42.528.778	-	1.844	13.979
4	Off balance sheet amounts	12.444.026	6.450.554	=	5.038	-
5	Repo and similar transactions (**)	-	-	-	-	-
6	Differences in valuations	=	-	=	-	-
7	Differences arising from different netting					
	rules (other than those set out in line 2)	-	-	-	-	-
8	Differences arising from consideration of					
	provisions	-	-	-	-	-
9	Differences arising from BRSA's					
	applications	-	(8.579.885)	-	-	-
10	Risk amounts	54.665.973	40.399.447	-	6.882	13.979

^(*) Represents the valued amounts of items subject to general market risk and specific risk according to Turkish Accounting Standards.

b.3. Explanations on differences between carrying values in accordance with Turkish Accounting Standards (TAS) and risk amounts:

There is no significant difference between the financial statement amounts of assets and liabilities and the amounts included in capital adequacy calculation.

^(**) In accordance with "Regulation on Measurement and Assessment of Capital Adequacy of Banks", it is counterparty credit risk amount calculated for repurchase agreements and similar transactions.

(Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

X. Explanations on consolidated risk management (continued):

c. Consolidated Credit risk:

c.1. General information on credit risk:

c.1.1. General qualitative information on credit risk:

This information is already included in (X.a.I) The Parent Bank's risk management approach.

c.1.2. Credit quality of assets:

	Gross carrying value in financial statements prepared in accordance Current Period with Turkish Accounting Standards (TAS)			Allowances/ amortisation and		
		Defaulted	Non-defaulted	impairments	Net values	
1	Loans	2.221.723	28.719.077	1.191.711	29.749.089	
2	Debt securities	-	4.506.002	2.512	4.503.490	
3	Off-balance sheet					
	exposures	68.218	12.475.333	18.616	12.524.935	
4	Total	2.289.941	45.700.412	1.212.839	46.777.514	

	Prior Period	Gross carrying value in financial statements prepared in accordance with Turkish Accounting Standards (TAS)		Allowances/ amortisation and		
	-	Defaulted	Non-defaulted	impairments	Net values	
1	Loans	1.888.547	25.600.281	1.303.839	26.184.989	
2	Debt securities	-	1.712.426	35.899	1.676.527	
3	Off-balance sheet	61.827	11.852.255	3.037	11.911.045	
	exposures					
4	Total	1.950.374	39.164.962	1.342.775	39.772.561	

c.1.3. Changes in stock of default loans and debt securities:

		Current Period	Prior Period
1	Defaulted loans and debt securities at end of the previous		
	reporting period	1.950.374	1.261.895
2	Loans and debt securities that have defaulted since the last reporting		
	period	1.240.709	1.388.090
3	Receivables back to non-defaulted status	90.359	-
4	Amounts written off	441.418	242.105
5	Other changes	369.365	457.506
6	Defaulted loans and debt securities at end of the reporting period		
	(1+2-3-4±5)	2.289.941	1.950.374

c.1.4. Additional information on credit quality of assets:

The scope and definitions of past due receivables and the methods used by the Parent Bank to determine the provisions are mentioned in the Explanations on Credit risk.

The Parent Bank may restructure not only non-performing credits but also the first and the second stage credits. Restructuring for the first and the second stage credits are made to improve the customer's ability to repay the credit or for changes in contractual terms upon the customer request regardless of the customer's credit risk. Restructuring for non-performing credits are made for providing collection possibility by establishing a new payment plan.

(Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

X. Explanations on consolidated risk management (continued):

c.1.4. Additional information on credit quality of assets (continued):

Breakdown for receivables in terms of sectors are mentioned in the footnote section four numbered II.8 (Explanations on Credit Risk).

Breakdowns according to the remaining maturity for past due receivables and in terms of geographic locations receivables that specific provisions are set are represented below. In accordance with resolution of the Board of the Parent Bank, TL 441.418 has been written off.

Aging analysis for past due receivables:

As per Financial instruments segmentations, aging analysis af past due but not impaired financial assets is as follows:

	0-30 Days	31-90 Days	Total
Current Period	411.986	3.665.055	4.077.041
	0-30 Days	31-90 Days	Total
Prior Period	722.924	5.318.304	6.041.228

Receivables that provisions are set in terms of geographical region:

Current Period	Non-performing Loans ^(*)	Specific Provision(*)
Domestic	2.184.791	934.658
Off-shore Banking Countries	32.042	8.626
Other Countries	4.890	3.347
General Total	2.221.723	946.631

^(*) Represents amounts for cash loans.

Prior Period	Non-performing Loans ^(*)	Specific Provision(*)
Domestic	1.835.608	865.090
Off-shore Banking Countries	29.535	8.409
Other Countries	23.404	19.986
General Total	1.888.547	893.485

^(*) Represents amounts for cash loans.

c.2. Credit risk mitigation

c.2.1. Qualitative disclosure on credit risk mitigation techniques:

On and off balance sheet offsetting agreements are not utilized.

The Parent Bank, the risk mitigators that are used in credit process in compliance with Communiqué "The Risk Mitigation Techniques" which is published at September 6, 2014 are stated below.

- a) Financial Collaterals (Government Securities, Cash, Deposit or Participation Fund Pledge, Gold, Stock Pledge)
- b) Guarantees

The credibility of guarantors is monitored and evaluated within the framework of credit revision periods. Collaterals obtained by the Parent Bank are reviewed and appraised in accordance with related legislation as long as the credit relationship is outstanding.

If there are indicators on significant decreases of real estate's value in comparison to general market prices, the real estate's valuation is performed by the authorised valuation corporations authorised by Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency or Capital Markets Board of Turkey.

(Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

X. Explanations on consolidated risk management (continued):

c.2. Credit risk mitigation (continued)

c.2.1. Qualitative disclosure on credit risk mitigation techniques (continued):

The Parent Bank monitors other banks' guarantees that are evaluated as risk mitigators within the framework of BRSA regulations on a regular basis and reviews the credibility of banks periodically.

The volatility in real estate market is monitored closely by the Parent Bank and the market fluctuations are considered in credit activities.

c.2.2. Credit risk mitigation techniques:

Current Period		Exposures unsecured: carrying Exposures amount as secured by per TAS collateral		Collateralized amount of Exposures exposures secured by secured by financial collateral quarantees		Collateralized amount of exposures secured by financial guarantees	Exposures secured by credit derivatives	Collateralize d amount of exposures secured by credit derivatives	
1	Loans	22.484.742	7.264.347	5.079.229	1.061.069	472.864	-	-	
2	Debt securities	4.503.490	-	-	-	-	-	-	
3	Total	26.988.232	7.264.347	5.079.229	1.061.069	472.864	-	-	
4	Of which								
	defaulted	1.043.668	231.424	179.911	2.040	617	-	-	

Prior Period	Exposures unsecured: carrying amount as per TAS	Collateralized amount of Exposures exposures secured by secured by collateral		Exposures secured by financial guarantees	Collateralized amount of exposures secured by financial guarantees	Exposures secured by credit derivatives	Collateralized amount of exposures secured by credit derivatives	
1 Loans	19.193.921	6.991.068	4.889.638	910.075	292.353	-	-	
2 Debt securities	1.676.527	-	-	-	-	-	-	
3 Total	20.870.448	6.991.068	4.889.638	910.075	292.353	-	-	
4 Of which defaulted	808.212	186.850	133.016	2.415	785	-		

c.3. Credit risk under standardised approach:

c.3.1. Qualitative disclosures on banks' use of external credit ratings under the standardised approach for credit risk:

Explanations on rating grades that the banks use for calculation of credit risk by the standardised approach are mentioned in the footnote section four numbered II.9 Explanations on Consolidated Credit Risk.

(Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

X. Explanations on consolidated risk management (continued):

c.3.2. Credit risk exposure and credit risk mitigation techniques:

	Current Period	Exposures before Credit Conversion Rate and Credit Risk Mitigation		Credit Risk Mitigation and Exposures post- Credit Conversion Rate		Risk Weighted Average and Risk Weighted Average Density	
		On-balance	Off-balance	On-balance	Off-balance		
	Diek eleese	sheet	sheet	sheet	sheet	DIA/A	RWA
1	Risk classes Receivables from central	amount	amount	amount	amount	RWA	density
1	governments or central						
	banks	9.764.991	1.382	10.211.898	544	1.283.586	12,57%
2	Receivables from regional	9.704.991	1.302	10.211.090	544	1.203.300	12,37 70
2	or local governments	99.368		101.305		49.684	49,04%
3	Receivables from	99.300	_	101.303	-	49.004	49,0476
3	administrative units and						
	non-commercial						
	enterprises	91.771	42.417	91.771	19.291	106.571	95,96%
4	Receivables from	31.771	72.717	31.771	13.231	100.57 1	33,3070
7	multilateral development						
	banks	_	_	_	_	_	_
5	Receivables from						
Ŭ	international organizations	_	_	-	-	_	_
6	Receivables from banks						
Ū	and brokerage houses	4.878.697	371,291	4.918.661	311.148	2.181.313	41,71%
7	Receivables from		020 .		0		,,
	corporates	12.637.455	6.571.319	12.455.492	4.143.123	16.383.443	98,70%
8	Retail receivables	3.659.422	4.458.227	3.354.729	1.699.332	3.681.663	72,85%
9	Receivables secured by						•
	mortgages on property	436.616	48.133	435.797	20.292	162.259	35,58%
10	Receivables secured by						
	mortgages on commercial						
	property	2.078.951	599.311	2.078.951	332.224	1.262.320	52,35%
11	Past due receivables	703.682	-	702.349	-	704.941	100,37%
12	Receivables defined in high						
	risk category by BRSA	-	-	-	-	-	-
13	Securities collateralized by						
	mortgages	-	-	-	-	-	-
14	Short-term receivables						
	from banks, brokerage						
	houses and corporates	=	=	=	=	=	=
15	Investments similar to						
	collective investment funds		<u>-</u>		-		
16	Other receivables	5.318.761	10.381	5.318.761	2.076	3.538.915	66,51%
17	Equity share investments	107.397	-	107.397	-	107.397	100%
18	Total	39.777.111	12.102.461	39.777.111	6.528.030	29.462.092	63,63%

(Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

X. Explanations on consolidated risk management (continued):

c.3.2. Credit risk exposure and credit risk mitigation techniques (continued):

	Prior Period	Convers	before Credit ion Rate and sk Mitigation	and Exp	isk Mitigation posures post- oversion Rate	Risk Weighted Average and Risk Weighted Average Density		
	Risk classes	On-balance sheet amount	Off-balance sheet amount	On-balance sheet amount	Off-balance sheet amount	RWA	RWA density	
1	Receivables from central							
	governments or central							
	banks	4.967.514	1.631	5.664.004	159.633	175.329	%3,01	
2	Receivables from regional or							
	local governments	15	-	7.095	616	8	%0,10	
3	Receivables from							
	administrative units and non-							
	commercial enterprises	114.858	31.888	114.858	13.826	126.626	%98,40	
4	Receivables from multilateral							
	development banks	-	-	=	-	-	-	
5	Receivables from							
	international organizations	-	-	-	-	-	-	
6	Receivables from banks and							
	brokerage houses	5.413.508	390.497	5.414.016	327.655	2.736.416	%47,66	
7	Receivables from corporates	11.783.940	6.751.114	11.585.825	4.257.180	15.692.558	%99,05	
8	Retail receivables	3.786.448	3.590.042	3.284.338	1.277.059	3.362.413	%73,71	
9	Receivables secured by							
	mortgages on property	406.959	60.506	404.054	28.435	155.542	%35,96	
10	Receivables secured by							
	mortgages on commercial							
	property	1.947.063	602.056	1.947.063	384.769	1.201.354	%51,52	
11	Past due receivables	599.504	-	598.556	-	668.571	%111,70	
12	Receivables defined in high							
	risk category by BRSA	-	-	-	-	-	-	
13	Securities collateralized by							
	mortgages	-	-	-	-	-	-	
14	Short-term receivables from							
	banks, brokerage houses							
	and corporates	-	-	-	-	-	-	
15	Investments similar to							
	collective investment funds	-	-	-	-	-		
16	Other receivables	4.816.043	6.906	4.816.043	1.381	2.983.962	%61,94	
17	Equity share investments	113.041	-	113.041		113.041	%100,00	
18	Total	33.948.893	11.434.640	33.948.893	6.450.554	27.215.820	%67,37	

(Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

X. Explanations on consolidated risk management (continued):

c.3.3 Exposures by asset classes and risk weights:

-	Current Period				35% secured by Property							Total risk amount
	Risk Classes/Risk Weighted	0%	10%	20%	mortgage	50%	75%	100%	150%	200%	Others	(post-CCF and CRM)
1	Receivables from central											,
	governments or central banks	7.548.741	-	-	-	2.603.730	-	59.971	-	-	-	10.212.442
2	Receivables from regional or local											
	governments	-	-	-	-	101.305	-	-	-	-	-	101.305
3	Receivables from administrative											
	units and non-commercial											
	enterprises	835	-	4.570	-	-	-	105.657	-	-	-	111.062
4	Receivables from multilateral											
	development banks	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
5	Receivables from international											
	organizations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
6	Receivables from banks and											
	brokerage houses	9.097	-	3.134.319	-	1.023.925	-	1.062.468	-	-	-	5.229.809
7	Receivables from corporates	165.457	-	130.251	-	27.500	-	16.275.407	-	-	-	16.598.615
8	Retail receivables	128.160	-	79.261	-	-	4.846.640	-	-	-	-	5.054.061
9	Receivables secured by mortgages											
	on property	3.027	-	305	442.376	6.032	-	4.349	-	-	-	456.089
10	Receivables secured by mortgages											
	on commercial property	-	-	-	-	2.297.710	-	113.465	-	-	-	2.411.175
11	Past due receivables	128	-	212	-	238.401	-	219.691	243.917	-	-	702.349
12	Receivables defined in high risk											
	category by BRSA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
13	Securities collateralized by											
	mortgages	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
14	Short-term receivables from banks,											
	brokerage houses and corporates	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
15	Investments similar to collective											
	investment funds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
16	Other receivables	1.334.948	-	558.718	-	-	-	3.427.171	-	-	-	5.320.837
17	Equity share investments							107.397				107.397
18	Total	9.190.393	-	3.907.636	442.376	6.298.603	4.846.640	21.375.576	243.917	-	-	46.305.141

(Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

X. Explanations on risk management (continued):

c.3.3 Exposures by asset classes and risk weights (continued):

				•	·							
	Prior Period				35% secured by Property							Total risk amount
	Risk Classes/Risk Weighted	0%	10%	20%	mortgage	50%	75%	100%	150%	200%	Others	(post-CCF and CRM)
1	Receivables from central											
	governments or central banks	5.236.615	-	33	-	586.844	-	145	-	-	-	5.823.637
2	Receivables from regional or local											
	governments	-	-	-	-	7.711	-	-	-	-	-	7.711
3	Receivables from administrative											
	units and non-commercial											
	enterprises	2.048	-	12	-	-	-	126.624	_	-	-	128.684
4	Receivables from multilateral											
	development banks	_	-	-	-	-	-	_	_	-	-	-
5	Receivables from international											
	organizations	_	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
6	Receivables from banks and											
	brokerage houses	13.202	_	1.517.656	-	3.550.935	-	659.878	-	-	-	5.741.671
7	Receivables from corporates	149.904	-	94.688	-	7.617	-	15.590.796	_	-	-	15.843.005
8	Retail receivables	97.031	_	57.090	-	-	4.407.276	-	-	-	-	4.561.397
9	Receivables secured by											
	mortgages on property	1.951	-	4.524	409.639	10.225	-	6.150	_	-	-	432.489
10	Receivables secured by											
	mortgages on commercial											
	property	_	-	-	-	2.260.956	-	70.876	_	-	-	2.331.832
11	Past due receivables	276	-	200	-	149.505	-	158.166	290.409	-	-	598.556
12	Receivables defined in high risk											
	category by BRSA	_	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
13	Securities collateralized by											
	mortgages	_	-	-	-	-	-	_	_	-	-	-
14	Short-term receivables from											
	banks, brokerage houses and											
	corporates	_	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
15	Investments similar to collective											
	investment funds	_	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
16	Other receivables	1.168.608	-	831.067	-	-	-	2.817.749	_	-	-	4.817.424
17	Equity share investments	-	-	-	-	-	-	113.041	_	-	-	113.041
18	Total	6.669.635	-	2.505.270	409,639	6.573.793	4.407.276	19.543.425	290.409	-	-	40.399.447
		3.3301000			100,000	3.5. 311 00						1010001111

(Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

X. Explanations on consolidated risk management (continued):

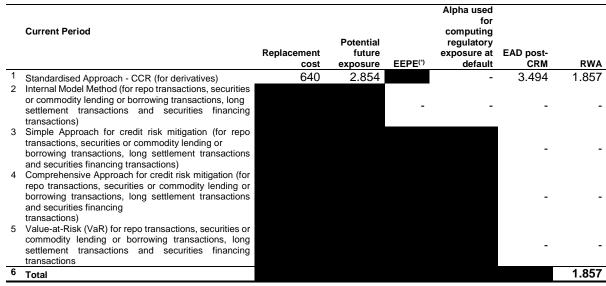
ç. Consolidated counterparty credit risk:

ç.1. Qualitative disclosure on counterparty credit risk (CCR):

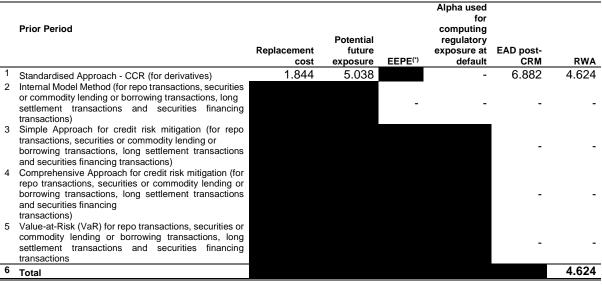
Derivatives and repurchase transactions in the calculation of counterparty credit risk are calculated according to the fair value in accordance with "Appendix-2 of Regulation on Measurement and Assessment of Capital Adequacy of Banks" published in the Official Gazette dated October 23, 2015 and numbered 29511. The sum of potential future exposures and positive replacement costs is taken in the calculation of the risk amount related to derivative transactions.

The Parent Bank prepared "Charter on the Counterparty Credit Risk Management Policy and Implementation Procedures" in order to determine the basic principles that manage the counterparty credit risk and this regulation was approved by the Board of Directors. The Board of Directors periodically reviews and assesses the related policy.

ç.2. Counterparty credit risk (CCR) approach analysis:



^(*) Effective Expected Positive Exposure



^(*) Effective Expected Positive Exposure

(Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

X. Explanations on consolidated risk management (continued):

ç.3. Capital requirement for credit valuation adjustment (CVA):

		Current Peri	od	Prior Perio	d
		EAD post- CRM	RWA	EAD post-CRM	RWA
	Total portfolios subject to the Advanced CVA				
	capital obligation	-	-	-	-
1	(i) VaR component (including the 3×multiplier)				-
2	(ii) Stressed VaR component (including the				
	3×multiplier)		-		-
3	All portfolios subject to the Standardised CVA				
	capital obligation	3.494	539	6.882	1.182
4	Total subject to the CVA capital obligation	3.494	539	6.882	1.182

ç.4. CCR exposures by risk class and risk weights:

Risk Weighted									
									Total
Risk Classes	0%	10%	20%	50%	75%	100%	150%	Other	credit exposure ^(*)
Receivables from central	<u> </u>	1070		0070	1070	10070	10070	O 11.10.	одробино
governments or central banks	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Receivables from regional or									
local governments	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
Receivables from									
administrative units and non-									
commercial enterprises	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	-
Receivables from multilateral									
development banks	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	-
Receivables from international									
organizations	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
Receivables from banks and									
brokerage houses	_	_	1.603	711	_	665	_	_	2.979
Receivables from corporates	-	_	-	-	-	515	_	_	515
Retail receivables	_	_	_	-	_	-	_	_	-
Receivables secured by									
mortgages on property	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	-
Past due receivables	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	-
Receivables defined in high									
risk category by BRSA	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	-
Securities collateralized by									
mortgages	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
Securitisation positions	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
Short-term receivables from									
banks, brokerage houses and									
corporates	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
Investments similar to									
collective investment funds	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_
Equity share investments	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Other receivables	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_
Other assets	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_
Total	-	-	1.603	711	-	1.180	-	-	3,494

^(*) Total credit risk: Represents the amount relating to CAR calculation after application of counterparty risk measurement techniques.

(Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

X. Explanations on consolidated risk management (continued):

ç.4. CCR exposures by risk class and risk weights (continued):

Prior Period									
Risk Weighted									Total
Piels Oleanas	00/	400/	000/	50 0/	750/	4000/	4500/	011	credit
Risk Classes	0%	10%	20%	50%	75%	100%	150%	Otner	exposure ^(*)
Receivables from central									
governments or central banks	-	-	-	2.376	-	-	-	-	2.376
Receivables from regional or									
local governments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Receivables from									
administrative units and non-									
commercial enterprises	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Receivables from multilateral									
development banks	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Receivables from international									
organizations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Receivables from banks and									
brokerage houses	-	-	210	1.803	-	707	-	-	2.720
Receivables from corporates	-	-	-	-	-	1.786	-	-	1.786
Retail receivables	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Receivables secured by									
mortgages on property	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Past due receivables	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Receivables defined in high									
risk category by BRSA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Securities collateralized by									
mortgages	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Securitisation positions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Short-term receivables from									
banks, brokerage houses and									
corporates	-	_	-	-	_	-	-	-	_
Investments similar to									
collective investment funds	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Equity share investments	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
Other receivables	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
Other assets	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
Total	-	_	210	4.179	-	2.493	_	_	6.882
						0			7.702

^(*) Total credit risk: Represents the amount relating to CAR calculation after application of counterparty risk measurement techniques.

(Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

X. Explanations on consolidated risk management (continued):

ç.5. Collaterals for CCR

	(Collateral for other transactions				
•	Collatera	ls received	Collatera	Is granted	Collaterals	Collaterals
Current Period	Segregated	Unsegregated	Segregated	Unsegregated	received	granted
Cash-domestic currency	_	-	-	-	-	_
Cash-foreign currency	-	2,268	=	-	-	-
Domestic sovereign debts	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other sovereign debts	-	-	-	-	-	-
Government agency debts	-	-	-	-	-	-
Corporate debts	-	-	-	-	-	-
Equity securities	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other collateral	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	-	2.268	-	-	-	-

	(Collateral for derivative transactions						
•	Collatera	s received	Collatera	Is granted	Collaterals	Collaterals		
Prior Period	Segregated	Unsegregated	Segregated	Unsegregated	received	granted		
Cash-domestic currency	-	-	-	-	_	_		
Cash-foreign currency	-	-	-	18.740	-	-		
Domestic sovereign debts	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Other sovereign debts	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Government agency debts	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Corporate debts	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Equity securities	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Other collateral	-	-	-	-	=	-		
Total				18.740	-	-		

c.6. Information on the risks of the Parent Bank arising from purchased or sold credit derivatives

The Parent Bank does not have any risks arising from purchased or sold credit derivatives (December 31, 2018: None).

ç.7. Information on risks of the Parent Bank arising from central counterparty

The Parent Bank does not have any risks arising from central counterparty (December 31, 2018: None).

d. Consolidated securitization explanations:

There is not any information to be announced to public on securitization (December 31, 2018: None).

e. Consolidated market risk

e.1. Qualitative disclosure on market risk:

The Parent Bank measures market risk by using the standard method in accordance with "Regulation on the Measurement and Assessment of the Capital Adequacy of Banks" dated October 23, 2015 and numbered 29511 and allocates legal capital on this basis. On the other hand, the market risk is also calculated by using the internal model for testing (Value at Risk) and the results found are supported by considering backtesting results. The market risk value (Value at Risk) calculated by using the internal model is calculated on a daily basis by using Variance-Covariance, EWMA, Monte Carlo and Historical Simulation methods and is reported to the top management.

The Board of Directors sets limits for these risks by considering the main risks and revises these limits periodically in line with market conditions and the Parent Bank's strategies. In addition, the Board of Directors ensures that the risk management unit and senior management take all necessary measures to identify, measure, prioritize, and reduce at an acceptable level and to manage the various risks that the Parent Bank is exposed to.

(Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

X. Explanations on consolidated risk management (continued):

Risks that positions held by the Parent Bank under on-balance sheet and off-balance sheet accounts may occur due to fluctuations in financial markets are measured. Information about the market risk considered in the calculation of legal capital as follows.

e.2. Market risk under standardised approach:

		Current Period	Prior Period
		RWA	RWA
(Outright products		
1	Profit rate risk (general and specific)	90.108	2.629
2	Equity risk (general and specific)	5.014	-
3	Foreign exchange risk	201.276	1.568.515
4	Commodity risk	100.947	12.420
(Options		
5	Simplified approach	-	-
6	Delta-plus method	-	-
7	Scenario approach	-	-
8	Securitisation	-	-
9	Total Total	397.345	1.583.564

f. Consolidated Operational risk:

Capital requirement for operational risk is calculated annually by using the Basic Indicator Method in accordance with Article 24 of the Regulation on the Measurement and Assessment of Capital Adequacy of Banks. As of December 31, 2019, amount subject to operational risk and the calculation information are given below:

	2 PP Value	1 PP Value	CP Value	Total number of years for which gross income is positive	Rate (%)	Total
Gross Income Amount subject to Operational Risk (Total*12,5)	1.228.536	1.436.154	1.673.004	1.445.898	15	216.885 2.711.059

g. Qualitative disclosure on profit rate risk arising from banking books

a) Important assumptions including the nature of profit rate risk arising from banking books and the early repayment of loans and movements in deposits other than time deposits with measurement frequency of the profit rate risk

Profit rate risk arising from banking books measures profit rate risk arising from on-balance sheet and off-balance sheet positions in the Parent Bank's banking books by standard shock method.

The Parent Bank calculates and measures legal ratio for profit rate risk arising from banking books on a monthly basis in accordance with "Regulation on Measurement and Assessment of Interest Rate Risk arising from Banking Books by Standard Shock Method" that have been published in Official Gazette numbered 28034 and dated August 23, 2011.

Profit share-yield assets, liabilities that profit share is paid, restructuring risk, yield curve risk in banking books and changes in profit rates occurred in market conditions are monitored, assessed, measured and managed by the Parent Bank in the calculations made within the scope of the related regulation.

Against the risk that these matters may affect the Parent Bank's capital negatively, these risks are assessed and managed on a weekly basis within the scope of the Charters established by the Board of Directors.

(Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

X. Explanations on consolidated risk management (continued):

b) Economic value differences arising from profit rate fluctuations in accordance with Regulation on Measurement and Assessment of Profit Rate Risk arising from Banking Books by Standard Shock Method:

Currency	Applied Shock (+/-x basis point)	Gains/ (Losses)	Gains/Equity (Losses/Equity) (%)
TL	(+) 500bp	(487.442)	(9,49)
TL	(-) 400bp	488.502	9,51
USD	(+) 200bp	(417)	(0,01)
USD	(-) 200bp	3.834	0,07
EUR	(+) 200bp	(43.189)	(0,84)
EUR	(-) 200bp	(2.718)	(0,05)
Total (For Negative Shocks)	-	489.618	9,53
Total (For Positive Shocks)	-	(531.048)	(10,34)

XI. Explanations on consolidated business segments:

The Parent Bank operates in retail, commercial and corporate banking segments via profit/loss sharing method in accordance with its mission.

-		Commercial			
Current Period	Retail	and Corporate	Treasury	Undistributed	Total
Operating Income (Net)	(710.582)	2.103.015	773.735	199.513	2.365.681
Operating Expenses	(739.001)	(1.187.057)	(316.288)	1.126	(2.241.220)
Operating Income/Expenses	(1.449.583)) 915.958	`457.447	200.639	` 124.461
Profit/(Loss) Before Tax	(1.449.583)	915.958	457.447	200.639	124.461
Tax Expense	-	-	-	(27.682)	(27.682)
Current Year Profit/(Loss)	(1.449.583)	915.958	457.447	172.957	`96.779
Total Assets	2.574.413	28.499.436	17.385.810	3.016.309	51.475.968
Total Liabilities	26.441.681	15.314.905	5.744.992	3.974.390	51.475.968

		Commercial			
Prior Period	Retail	and Corporate	Treasury	Undistributed	Total
Operating Income (Net)	(633.008)	1.582.675	686.240	386.932	2.022.839
Operating Expenses	(246.487)	(762.169)	(150.715)	(653.545)	(1.812.916)
Operating Income/Expenses	(879.495)	820.506	535.525	(266.613)	209.923
Profit/(Loss) Before Tax	(879.495)	820.506	535.525	(266.613)	209.923
Tax Expense	-	-	-	(36.688)	(36.688)
Current Year Profit/(Loss)	(879.495)	820.506	535.525	(303.301)	173.235
Total Assets	2.647.172	24.265.102	12.501.983	2.807.690	42.221.947
Total Liabilities	18.778.877	11.471.453	9.028.682	2.942.935	42.221.947

(Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

SECTION FIVE

Explanations and notes on the consolidated financial statements

I. Explanations and notes related to consolidated assets:

1. a) Cash and balances with the Central Bank of Republic of Turkey (CBRT):

	Curren	Current Period		eriod
	TP	YP	TP	YP
Cash/Foreign currency	128.031	894.076	143.580	679.886
CBRT	1.167.687	5.902.132	284.244	3.807.930
Other ^(*)	130.984	572.999	81.896	920.845
Total	1.426.702	7.369.207	509.720	5.408.661

⁽¹) Includes precious metals amounting to TL 145.266 (December 31, 2018: TL 171.675) and cash in transit amounting to TL 558.717 (December 31, 2018: TL 831.066) as of December 31, 2019.

b) Information related to CBRT:

	Current Pe	Current Period		or Period
	TP	YP	TP	YP
Unrestricted demand deposit Unrestricted time deposit	1.167.543	1.279.517	275.660	761.900 -
Restricted time deposit ^(*)	144	4.622.615	8.584	3.046.030
Total	1.167.687	5.902.132	284.244	3.807.930

⁽¹⁾ As of December 31, 2019, the reserve requirement held in standard gold is TL 1.179.678 (December 2018: TL 838.436)

In accordance with the "Communiqué Regarding the Reserve Requirements numbered 2005/1", banks operating in Turkey are required to maintain reserves in CBRT for TL and foreign currency liabilities. According to the Communiqué Regarding the Reserve Requirements, reserve requirements can be maintained in TL, USD and/or EURO and standard gold.

As of December 31, 2019, the compulsory rates for the reserve deposits at the Central Bank of Turkey for Turkish Lira are implemented within an interval from 1% to 7% depending on maturity of deposits and the compulsory rates for the foreign currency liabilities are within an interval from 5% to 21% depending on maturity of deposits.

The Parent Banks which meet the conditions in the "Communiqué Regarding the Reserve Requirements" on real credit growth rates will get the return at 10%, for the others which do not meet the conditions in the mentioned Communiqué will get the return at 0%.

c.1) Information on banks:

	Curren	Current Period		eriod
	TP	YP	TP	YP
Banks				
Domestic ^(*)	1.109.920	840.053	822.730	3.436.861
Abroad	-	2.244.574	-	958.744
Foreign head offices and branches	-	-	-	-
Total	1.109.920	3.084.627	822.730	4.395.605

^(*) Includes blockaged amount TL 1.032.679 (December 31, 2018: 800.457) booked under TL accounts arising from POS transactions

(Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

I. Explanations and notes related to consolidated assets (continued):

c.2) Information on foreign bank accounts:

	Current period		Prior	Period
	Unrestricted	Restricted	Unrestricted	Restricted amount
	amount	amount	amount	
European Union Countries	796.284	-	243.622	-
USA and Canada	1.104.077	-	416.030	-
OECD Countries (*)	95.442	-	12.479	-
Off-shore banking regions	5.232	-	15.367	-
Other(**)	220.548	22.991	257.787	13.459
Total	2.221.583	22.991	945.285	13.459

^(*) OECD countries other than EU countries, USA and Canada.

2. Information on financial assets measured at fair value through profit/loss:

a. Information on financial assets measured at fair value through profit/loss subject to repurchase agreements and given as collateral/blocked:

As of December 31, 2019, there is not any amount subject to repurchase agreements (December 31, 2018 None).

As of December 31, 2019, there is a blocked/guaranteed amounting to TL 895 (December 31, 2018: None).

b. Information on financial assets measured at fair value through profit/loss:

	Current Period	Current Period		riod
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Sukuk Others	100.556 33.942	436.059 1.920	10.247 225	1.888 109
Total	134.498	437.979	10.472	1.997

- 3. Information on financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income:
- a) Information on financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income subject to repurchase transactions, given as a guarantee or blocked:

As of December 31, 2019, there is not any amount subject to repurchase agreements (December 31, 2018: None)

As of December 31, 2019, guaranteed/blocked nominal amount is TL 355.481 (December 31, 2018: TL 425.917)

b) Information on financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Debt securities	1.966.602	1.093.920
Quoted on a stock exchange	1.966.602	1.093.920
Unquoted	-	-
Investment Funds	-	-
Quoted on a stock exchange	-	-
Unquoted	-	-
Share certificates	23.312	13.470
Quoted on a stock exchange	15.293	9.562
Unquoted	8.019	3.908
Impairment provision (-)	2.177	35.406
Total	1.987.737	1.071.984

^(**) Represents the balance amounts to TL 153.234 (December 31, 2018: TL 207.770) in Iraq Banks belonging to Parent Bank's foreign branch "Erbil".

(Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

I. Explanations and notes related to consolidated assets (continued):

4. Information on financial assets measured at amortised cost:

a) Information on subject to repurchase transactions, given as a guarantee or blocked:

As of December 31, 2019, there is not any amount subject to repurchase agreements (December 31, 2018: None)

As of December 31, 2019, there is not any amount blocked/guaranteed (December 31: None)

b) Information on related to government securities measured at amortised cost:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Government Bonds	-	-
Treasury Bills	-	-
Other Government Securities ^(*)	1.934.483	618.506
Total	1.934.483	618.506

^(*) Consists of Sukuk certificates issued by Ministery of Treasury and Finance of Turkey.

c) Information related to financial assets measured at amortised cost:

	Current Period	Prior Period
D.1.0	4 00 4 0 4 0	040 500
Debt Securities	1.994.319	618.506
Quoted on a stock exchange	1.994.319	618.506
Unquoted	-	-
Impairment provision (-)	-	-
Total	1.994.319	618.506

ç) Movements of the financial investments measured at amortised cost:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Balance at beginning of period	618.506	532.803
Foreign currency differences on monetary assets	32.804	-
Purchases during period (*)	1.442.377	187.962
Disposals through sales and redemptions ^(*)	(132.000)	(142.329)
Impairment provision (-)	` , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	-
Reclassifications	-	-
Income accruals	32.632	40.070
Closing balance	1.994.319	618.506

^(*) Represented on nominal values

5. Information on derivative financial assets:

a) Table of positive differences related to derivative financial assets:

	Current	Current Period		iod
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Forward Transactions	138	_	1.510	-
Swap Transactions	-	259	-	-
Futures Transactions	-	-	-	-
Options	-	-	-	-
Other .	-	-	-	-
Total	138	259	1.510	-

The Parent Bank has not any derivative financial assets for hedging purposes. (December 31, 2018: None).

- I. Explanations and notes related to consolidated assets (continued):
- 6. Information on loans:
- a) Information on all types of loans and advances given to shareholders and employees of the Parent Bank:

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	Cash	Non-cash	Cash	Non-cash
Direct loans granted to shareholders	164.966	39.387	208.645	7.601
Corporate shareholders	164.690	39.037	208.367	7.251
Real person shareholders	276	350	278	350
Indirect loans granted to shareholders	632.926	27.308	173.457	32.410
Loans granted to employees	15.236	2	14.998	2
Total	813.128	66.697	397.100	40.013

- b) Information on standart loans and loans under close monitoring including restructured or rescheduled loans:
- b1) Detailed table for standard loans and loans under close monitoring including restructured or rescheduled loans:

		Loans	S Under Close Monitoring	9
Current Period		Not under the scope of	Rest	ructured
		restructuring or	Loans with revised	
Cash Loans	Standard loans	rescheduling	contract terms	Refinancing
Loans	24.762.658	2.829.986	268.876	553.950
Export loans	1.351.678	8.228	-	-
Import loans	1.602.342	78.351	-	-
Business loans	13.038.036	2.454.010	212.870	416.862
Consumer loans	2.315.782	112.732	2.183	-
Credit cards	380.272	5.548	-	-
Loans given to				
financial sector	47.640	-	-	_
Other(*)	6.026.908	171.117	53.823	137.088
Other receivables	-	-	-	-
Total	24.762.658	2.829.986	268.876	553.950
(*) Details of other loan	ns are provided belo	w:		
				1.207.001
Commercial loans wi	th installments			458.318
Other investment cre	dits			1.698.852
Loans given to abroa				2.673.428
Profit and loss sharin	g investments(**)			283.110
Loans for purchase of Other		ties for customer		68.227
				6.388.936
Total				

^(**) As of December 31, 2019, the related balance represents profit and loss sharing investment projects (8 projects) which are real estate development projects in various regions of Istanbul and Ankara. Revenue sharing of profit and loss sharing investment projects is done within the framework of the signed contract between the Parent Bank and the counterparty after the cost of the projects is clarified and net profit of projects is determined once the project/stages of the project are completed. In case the transaction subject to the profit and loss sharing investment project results in a loss, the Parent Bank's share of loss is limited with the funds invested in the project by the Parent Bank. As of December 31, 2019, the profit and loss sharing investments are evaluated as financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss, and net profit amounts to TL 96.206 (TL 173.780 valuation profit, TL 59.028 valuation loss) between the total risk of the Bank and independent valuation reports of the related projects is reflected to the profit and loss statement. In addition to the fair value profit, as of December 31, 2019, the project sales profit accrual amounts to TL 15.716. In total, net profit from profit and loss sharing investments is TL 130.468.

(Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

- I. Explanations and notes related to consolidated assets (continued):
- 6. Information on loans (continued):
- b) Information on standart loans and loans under close monitoring including restructured or rescheduled loans (continued):
- b1) Detailed table for standard loans and loans under close monitoring including restructured or rescheduled loans (continued):

		Loans	Under Close Monitoring	
Prior Period		Not Under the Scope of	Restru	ıctured
		Restructuring or	Amendments to the	
Cash Loans	Standard Loans	Rescheduling	Terms of Contracts	Refinancing
Loans	19.961.950	4.586.686	84.914	540.129
Export loans	1.011.290	81.016	-	-
Import loans	1.708.418	132.927	155	-
Business loans	9.526.688	3.794.661	79.045	413.192
Consumer loans	2.326.204	177.374	4.703	-
Credit cards	313.127	16.801	-	-
Loans given to				
financial sector	63.275	-	-	-
Other ^(*)	5.012.948	383.907	1.011	126.937
Other receivables	-	-	-	-
Total	19.961.950	4.586.686	84.914	540.129
(*) Details of other loar	ns are provided belo	ow:		
Commercial loans wi	th installments			1.301.900
Other investment cre	edits			472.512
Loans given to abroa				1.143.043
Profit and loss sharing	ng investments ^(**)			2.145.198
Loans for purchase of	of marketable secur	ities for customer		370.076
Other				92.074
Total				5.524.803

^(**) As of December 31, 2018, the related balance represents profit and loss sharing investment projects (10 projects) which are real estate development projects in various regions of Istanbul and Ankara. Revenue sharing of profit and loss sharing investment projects is done within the framework of the signed contract between the Parent Bank, the counterparty after the cost of the projects is clarified, and net profit of projects is determined once the project/stages of the project are completed. In case the transaction subject to the profit and loss sharing investment project results in a loss, the Parent Bank's share of loss is limited with the funds invested in the project by the Parent Bank.

b2. Information on expected credit losses for standard loans and loans under close monitoring:

Current Period	Standard Loans	Loans under close monitoring
12 Month Expected Credit Losses	100.058	-
Significant Increase in Credit Risk	-	85.093
Prior Period	Standard Loans	Loans under close monitoring
Prior Period 12 Month Expected Credit Losses	Standard Loans 67.855	Loans under close monitoring

- I. Explanations and notes related to consolidated assets (continued):
- 6. Information on loans (continued):
- c) Maturity analysis of cash loans:

Cash Loans		Loans Under Follow-	Up
Current Period	Standard Loans	Non-restructured	Restructured
Short term loans	5.858.152	213.376	-
Medium and long-term loans (*)	18.904.506	2.616.610	822.826
Total	24.762.658	2.829.986	822.826

^(*) Loans with original maturities longer than a year are classified as "Medium and Long Term Loans".

Cash Loans	Ctondond Loons	Loans Under Follow-	Up
Current Period	Standard Loans	Non-restructured	Restructured
Short term loans	4.236.707	771.606	_
Medium and long-term loans (*)	15.725.243	3.815.080	625.043
Total	19.961.950	4.586.686	625.043

^(*) Loans with original maturities longer than a year are classified as "Medium and Long Term Loans".

- I. Explanations and notes related to consolidated assets (continued):
- ç) Information on consumer loans, retail credit cards, loans given to personnel and personnel credit cards:

		Medium and	
Current Period	Short-term	long-term	Total
Consumer loans-TL	42.191	2.378.802	2.420.993
Housing loans	12.147	2.082.795	2.094.942
Vehicle loans	12.443	210.479	222.922
Consumer loans	17.601	85.528	103.129
Other	17.001	03.320	103.129
Consumer loans-FC indexed	_	_	_
Housing loans	_	_	_
Vehicle loans	_	_	_
Consumer loans	_	_	_
Other	_	_	_
Consumer loans-FC	_	212	212
Housing loans	_	212	212
Vehicle loans	_	-	212
Consumer loans		_	
Other	_	_	
Retail credit cards-TL	104.320	172	104.492
With installment	33.424	164	33.588
Without installment	70.896	8	70.904
Retail credit cards-FC	70.090	-	70.904
With installment	_	_	_
Without installment	-	-	_
Personnel loans-TL	7.948	1.544	9.492
Housing loans	7.540	1.344	9.492 11
Vehicle loans	140	827	967
Consumer loans	7.808	706	8.514
Other	7.000	700	0.514
Personnel loans-FC indexed	_	-	-
Housing loans	-	-	-
Vehicle loans	-	-	-
Consumer loans	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-
Personnel loans-FC	-	-	-
Housing loans	-	-	_
Vehicle loans	-	-	-
Consumer loans	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-
Personnel credit cards-TL	5.723	21	5.744
With installment	2.541		
Without installment	3.182	21	2.562 3.182
Personnel credit cards-FC	3.102	-	3.102
With installment	-	-	-
Without-installment	-	-	-
Overdraft account-TL (real person)	- -	- -	-
Overdraft account-TC (real person)	- -	-	-
Overtical account-FC (real person)	-	-	-
Total	160.182	2.380.751	2.540.933

- I. Explanations and notes related to consolidated assets (continued):
- ç) Information on consumer loans, retail credit cards, loans given to personnel and personnel credit cards (continued):

Prior Period	Short-term	Medium and long-term	Total
riioi reiiou	Short-term	iong-term	iotai
Consumer loans-TL	11.980	2.486.782	2.498.762
Housing loans	2.298	2.318.529	2.320.827
Vehicle loans	2.088	77.325	79.413
Consumer loans	7.594	90.928	98.522
Other	-	-	-
Consumer loans-FC indexed	-	-	-
Housing loans	-	-	-
Vehicle loans	-	-	-
Consumer loans	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-
Consumer loans-FC	-	99	99
Housing loans	-	99	99
Vehicle loans	-	-	-
Consumer loans	_	-	-
Other	_	_	_
Retail credit cards-TL	90.527	-	90.527
With installment	29.971	_	29.971
Without installment	60.556	_	60.556
Retail credit cards-FC	-	_	-
With installment	_	_	_
Without installment	_	_	_
Personnel loans-TL	6.589	2.831	9.420
Housing loans	11	170	181
Vehicle loans	6	737	743
Consumer loans	6.572	1.924	8.496
Other	0.572	1.324	0.490
Personnel loans-FC indexed	-	-	-
Housing loans	-	-	-
Vehicle loans	-	-	-
Consumer loans	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-
Personnel loans-FC	-	-	-
	-	-	-
Housing loans	-	-	-
Vehicle loans	-	-	-
Consumer loans	-	-	-
Other	5.578	-	-
Personnel credit cards-TL		-	5.578
With installment	2.347	-	2.347
Without installment	3.231	-	3.231
Personnel credit cards-FC	-	-	-
With installment	-	-	-
Without-installment	-	-	-
Overdraft account-TL (Real Person)	-	-	-
Overdraft account-FC (Real Person)	-	-	-
Total	114.674	2.489.712	2.604.386

- I. Explanations and notes related to consolidated assets (continued):
- d) Information on commercial loans with installments and corporate credit cards:

		Medium and		
Current Period	Short-term	long-term	Total	
Commercial installment loans-TL	58.262	756.177	814.439	
Business loans	3.036	196.308	199.344	
Vehicle loans	48.075	396.582	444.657	
Venicie loans Consumer loans	48.075 7.151	396.582 163.287	444.657 170.438	
	7.151	103.207	170.436	
Other	-	-	400 770	
Commercial installment loans-FC indexed	-	199.773	199.773	
Business loans	-	101.807	101.807	
Vehicle loans	-	23.898	23.898	
Consumer loans	-	74.068	74.068	
Other	-	-	-	
Commercial installment Loans-FC	4.714	188.075	192.789	
Business loans	-	113.768	113.768	
Vehicle loans	4.714	32.017	36.731	
Consumer loans	-	42.290	42.290	
Other	-	-	-	
Corporate credit cards-TL	275.332	252	275.584	
With installment	71.610	235	71.845	
Without installment	203.722	17	203.739	
Corporate credit cards-FC	-	=	_	
With installment	-	-	_	
Without installment	_	_	_	
Overdraft account-TL (legal entity)	_	_	_	
Overdraft account-FC (legal entity)	-	-	-	
Total	338.308	1.144.277	1.482.585	

		Medium and		
Prior Period	Short-term	long-term	Total	
Commercial installment loans-TL	24.569	723.152	747.721	
Business loans	3.123	215.884	219.007	
Vehicle loans	14.958	195.023	209.981	
Consumer loans	6.488	312.245	318.733	
Other	-	-	-	
Commercial installment loans-FC indexed	260	372.637	372.897	
Business loans	-	196.574	196.574	
Vehicle loans	133	59.305	59.438	
Consumer loans	127	116.758	116.885	
Other	-	-	-	
Commercial installment Loans-FC	1.531	179.751	181.282	
Business loans	-	138.162	138.162	
Vehicle loans	1.531	4.178	5.709	
Consumer loans	-	37.411	37.411	
Other	-	-	-	
Corporate credit cards-TL	233.823	-	233.823	
With installment	54.103	-	54.103	
Without installment	179.720	-	179.720	
Corporate credit cards-FC	_	-	-	
With installment	-	-	-	
Without installment	-	-	-	
Overdraft account-TL (Legal Entity)	_	-	-	
Overdraft account-FC (Legal Entity)	-	-	-	
Total	260.183	1.275.540	1.535.723	

(Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

I. Explanations and notes related to consolidated assets (continued):

e) Allocation of loans by customers:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Public	227.525	
Private	28.187.945	25.173.679
Tivato	20.107.010	20.170.070
Total	28.415.470	25.173.679

f) Breakdown of domestic and foreign loans:

26 716 618	
1.698.852	24.030.636 1.143.043
20 445 470	25.173.679
	26.716.618 1.698.852 28.415.470

g) Loans granted to subsidiaries and associates:

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TP	YP	TP	YP
Direct Loans Granted to Subsidiaries and Associates	3	-	1	_
Indirect Loans Granted to Subsidiaries and Associates	-	-	-	-
Total	3	-	1	-

ğ) Specific provisions for loans or provisions for default loans (stage 3):

	Current Period	Prior Period
Loans with limited collectability	250.661	107.883
Loans with doubtful collectability	114.063	82.362
Uncollectible loans	581.907	703.240
Total	946.631	893.485

Specific provisions in the amount of TL 946.631 (December 31, 2018: TL 893.485) comprise TL 418.351 (December 31, 2018: TL 464.428) of participation account share of loans provided from participation accounts.

h. Information on non-performing loans (net):

h.1) Information on non-performing and restructured loans:

	Group III	Group IV	Group V
	Loans with limited collectability	Loans with doubtful collectability	Uncollectable loans
Current period			
Gross amount before specific provisions	1.645	42.080	92.590
Restructured loans	1.645	42.080	92.590
Prior period			
(Gross amount before specific provisions)	1.233	7.597	24.632
Restructured loans and other receivables	1.233	7.597	24.632

(Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

I. Explanations and notes related to consolidated assets (continued):

h.2) Movements of total non-performing loans:

	Group III	Group IV	Group V
	Loans with	Loans with	Uncollectable
Current Period	limited	doubtful	loans
	collectability	collectability	
Closing balance of prior period	346.493	341.237	1.200.817
Additions in the current period (+)	982.060	80.672	177.977
Transfers from other categories of non-performing loans (+)	-	790.836	688.296
Transfers to other categories of non-performing loans (-)	790.836	688.296	-
Collections in the current period (-)	62.083	122.433	191.240
Transfers to standard loans (-)(*)	9.200	82.368	440.209
Write offs (-)	-	-	-
Corporate and commercial loans	-	-	-
Retail loans	-	-	-
Credit cards	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-
Closing balance of the current period	466.434	319.648	1.435.641
Provisions (-)	250.661	114.063	581.907
Net balance at the balance sheet	215.773	205.585	853.734

^(*) According to change in "Regulation on the Procedures and Principles for Classification of Loans by Banks and Provisions to be set aside" published in the Official Gazette dated November 27, 2019 numbered 3096, the written off amount is TL 441.418 and its effect to NPL ratio is 131 basis point.

Non-performing loans and receivables in the amount of TL 2.221.723 comprise TL 1.120.746 of participation account share of loans provided from participation accounts.

	Group III	Group IV	Group V
Prior Period	Loans and receivables with limited collectability	Loans and receivables with doubtful collectability	Uncollectable loans and receivables
Closing balance of prior period	68.903	268.963	874.744
Additions in the current period (+)	1.015.020	164.492	208.578
Transfers from other categories of non-performing loans (+)	-	551.598	439.614
Transfers to other categories of non-performing loans (-)	551.598	439.614	-
Collections in the current period (-)	113.506	160.552	195.990
Transfers to standard loans (-)	-	-	-
Write offs (-) ^(*)	72.326	43.650	126.129
Corporate and commercial loans	-	-	-
Retail loans	-	-	-
Credit cards	-	-	-
Other	72.326	43.650	126.129
Closing balance of the current period	346.493	341.237	1.200.817
Specific provisions (-)	107.883	82.362	703.240
Net balance at the balance sheet	238.610	258.875	497.577

^(*) The Parent Bank has assigned TL 242.105 from its non-performing loan portfolio to asset management companies.

Non-performing loans in the amount of TL 1.888.547 comprise TL 1.005.830 of participation account share of loans provided from participation accounts.

(Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

I. Explanations and notes related to consolidated assets (continued):

h.3) Non-performing loans and other receivables in foreign currencies:

	Group III	Group IV	Group V
	Loans with limited collectability	Loans with doubtful collectability	Uncollectable loans
Current period:			
Period end balance	262.392	19.248	99.860
Provision (-)	162.380	5.990	48.339
Net balance	100.012	13.258	51.521
Prior period:			
Period end balance	9.868	89.051	96.284
Specific provision (-)	4.714	2.080	47.628
Net balance	5.154	86.971	48.656

h.4) Gross and net amounts of non-performing loans according to user groups:

	Group III	Group IV	Group V
	Loans with	Loans with	
	limited	doubtful	Uncollectable
	collectability	collectability	loans
Current period (net)	215.773	205.585	853.734
Loans to individuals and corporates (gross)	466.434	319.648	1.435.641
Provision (-)	250.661	114.063	581.907
Loans to individuals and corporates (net)	215.773	205.585	853.734
	213.773	200.000	000.704
Banks (gross)	-	-	-
Provision (-)	-	-	
Banks (net)	-	-	-
Other loans and receivables (gross)	-	-	-
Provision (-)	-	-	-
Other loans (net)	-	-	-
Prior period (net) ^(*)	238.610	258.875	497.577
Loans to individuals and corporates (gross)	346.493	341.237	1.200.817
Specific provision (-)	107.883	82.362	703.240
Loans to individuals and corporates (net)	238.610	258.875	497.577
Banks (gross)	-	-	-
Specific provision (-)	-	-	-
Banks (net)	-	-	-
Other loans and receivables (gross)	-	-	-
Specific provision (-)	-	-	-
Other loans and receivables (net)	-	-	-

(Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

I. Explanations and notes related to consolidated assets (continued):

h.5) Information on accruals, valuation differences and related provisions calculated for nonperforming loans for Banks which are providing expected credit loss according to TFRS 9:

	Group III	Group IV	Group V
	Loans with limited collectability	Loans with doubtful collectability	Uncollectable loans
Current Period (Net)	19.373	43.571	180.590
Profit Share Accruals and Valuation Differences	25.237	58.290	279.633
Provision (-)	5.864	14.719	99.043
Prior Period (Net)	38.694	30.522	68.964
Profit Share Accruals and Valuation Differences	55.013	38.336	187.489
Provision (-)	16.319	7.814	118.525

i) Liquidation policy for uncollectable loans:

Loans determined as uncollectible are liquidated through starting legal follow up and by converting the guarantees into cash.

i) Information on "Write-off" policies:

The write-off policy of the Parent Bank for receivables under follow up is to retire the receivables from assets in case of determination of the inability of collection through follow-up by the decision of the Parent Bank management. As of December 31, 2019, loans which deemed uncollectible amounts to TL 441.418 have been written off as per the decision taken by the Parent Bank management. (December 31, 2018: TL 242.105 has been assigned to the asset management companies.

7. Information on lease receivables (net):

a) Presentation of remaining maturities of funds lent under finance lease method:

	Curren	t Period	Prior P	eriod
	Gross	Net	Gross	Net
Less than a year	54.436	36.045	98.287	92.097
1 to 4 years	137.190	126.827	212.039	184.566
More than 4 years	83.308	80.806	112.474	102.891
Total	274.934	243.678	422.800	379.554

b) Information on net investments through finance lease:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Financial lease receivables (Gross)	274.934	422.800
Unearned financial lease receivable (-)	31.256	43.246
()		
Net receivable from financial leases	243.678	379.554

(Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

I. Explanations and notes related to consolidated assets (continued):

c) General explanation on finance lease contracts:

Finance lease contracts are realized in accordance with the related articles of Finance Lease, Factoring and Financing Companies Act numbered 6361. There are no restrictions due to finance lease contracts, no renewals or contingent rent payments that materially affect the financial statements.

Information on leasing receivables:

	Loans Under Close Monitoring			
		Not Under the Scope of	Restructured	
	Standard Loans	Restructuring or Rescheduling	Loans with Revised Contract Terms	Refinancing
Current Period Financial lease receivables (Net)	231.435		1.906	Kermaneing
Prior Period	231.433	10.337	1.900	-
Financial lease receivables (Net)	272.979	105.226	1.349	-

8. Information on assets held for sale and assets of discontinued operations:

Assets held for sale consist of tangible assets, which have been acquired due to non-performing loans.

	Current Period	Prior Period
Opening Balance	649.688	84.230
Additions	159.027	875.842
Disposals	(62.075)	(40.610)
Transfers (*)	(835.806)	(58.968)
Impairment Provision (-)/Reversal of Impairment Provision(*)	213.646	(210.806)
Net closing balance	124.480	649.688

^(*) The transfers and impairments related to the transfers (if any) have been moved to assets to be sold under tangible assets.

As of December 31, 2019, TL 123.357 (December 31, 2018: TL 646.597) of the assets held for sale is comprised of real estates, TL 1.123 (December 31, 2018: TL 3.091) is comprised of other tangible assets. The Parent Bank has not any discontinued operations and assets of discontinued operations.

(Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

- I. Explanations and notes related to consolidated assets (continued):
- 9. Ownership investments:
- a) Associates:

a.1) Information on consolidated associates:

Since the Parent Bank does not have the necessary shareholding percentage to become a qualified shareholder and significant influence over this associate, it has not been consolidated.

Name	Address (City/Country)	Parent Bank's share percentage-If different voting percentage (%)	Parent Bank's risk group share percentage (%)
Kredi Garanti Fonu A.Ş.	Ankara/Turkey	1,49	-

The balances of Kredi Garanti Fonu A.Ş. presented in the table below have been obtained from the audited financial statements as of December 31, 2018.

Total assets	Shareholders' equity	Total non- current assets	Dividend or profit share income	Income from marketable securities	Current period profit/loss	Prior years profit/loss	Fair value
476.692	392.969	25.822	-	-	64.893	32	-

The associates of Albaraka Portföy Yönetimi A.Ş.Fintech Girişim Sermayesi Yatırım Fonu controlled by Parent Bank namely Inooster Bilgi Teknolojileri A.Ş., Pedudi Bilişim Teknolojileri A.Ş., Tam Entegre Yazılım A.Ş. and Kronnika Bilgi Teknolojileri A.Ş. have not been consolidated since they are non-financial associates. The information related to those companies as of December 31, 2019 is as follows:

	Operation Center (City/Country)			(Fund) Share Percentage	Fair value of the amount invested by
Title		Main Activities	Capital	(%)	the Fund
Inooster Bilgi Teknolojileri A.Ş	İstanbul / Türkiye	Information Technologies	59	15	519
Pedudi Bilişim Teknolojileri A.Ş.	Kocaeli/ Türkiye	Information Technologies	50	20	544
Tam Entegre Yazılım A.Ş.	İstanbul/Türkiye	Information Technologies	50	30	254
Kronnika Bilgi Teknolojileri A.Ş.	İstanbul/Türkiye	Information Technologies	100	20	2.043

a.2) Information on consolidated associates:

As of balance sheet date, the Group does not have any consolidated associates.

(Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

- I. Explanations and notes related to consolidated assets (continued):
- 9. Ownership investments (continued):
- b. Information on subsidiaries (net):

b.1) Information on consolidated subsidiaries:

As per BOD decision dated December 22, 2017 "Albaraka Kültür Sanat ve Yayıncılık A.Ş." has been established. As of December 31, 2019, the company's capital is TL 3.540 and the Parent Bank has 100% ownership on it. Since it is a non-financial subsidiary, it has not been consolidated.

As per BOD decision dated December 24, 2018 "Albaraka Teknoloji Bilişim Sistemleri ve Pazarlama Ticaret Anonim Şirketi" has been established. As of December 31, 2019, the company's capital is TL 18.000 and the Parent Bank has 100% ownership on it. Since it is a non-financial subsidiary, it has not been consolidated.

Natura Gıda Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş, which is an associate of "Değer Girişim Sermayesi Yatırım Fonu" controlled by the Parent Bank, has not been consolidated since it is a none financial entity.

Name	Address (City/Country)	Parent Bank's share percentage-If different voting percentage (%)	(Fund) Share percentage (%)
Natura Gıda Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş	Istanbul /Turkey	-	81,90

The balances of Natura Gida Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş. presented in the table below have been obtained from the audited financial statements as of December 31, 2018.

Total assets	Shareholders' equity	Non- current assets	Dividend or profit share income	Income from marketable securities	Current period profit/loss	Prior years profit/loss
464.641	(380.893)	266.993	184	-	(217.713)	(499.859)

b.2) Information on consolidated subsidiaries:

i) Bereket Varlık Kiralama A.Ş. which is subject to consolidation by the Parent Bank founded on October 14, 2011, the purpose of which is to obtain rental income by taking over the assets of the source institution and leasing them back to the source institution, issue rent certificates based on said rental income and pass on the related assets to source institution by the end of the rental period. Bereket Varlık Kiralama A.Ş. has been founded to operate according to rulings of Turkish Trade Law about foundations of incorporations and complying with Communiqué on "Principles Related to Rent Certificates and Asset Leasing Companies "dated April 1, 2010 and numbered 27539 serial: 3 no:43 published in Official Gazette by Capital Markets Board of Turkey and other related regulations, upon BRSA's opinion dated September 22, 2011, numbered B.02,1.BDK.0.13.00.0-91.11-20564 and permission of Capital Markets Board of Turkey dated October 6, 2011 numbered 32/923. The founding capital of the Company is TL 50. As of December 31, 2019, the capital of the Company is TL 400. Bereket Varlık Kiralama A.Ş. is consolidated using full consolidation method as of December 31, 2019.

The balances of Bereket Varlık Kiralama A.Ş. presented in the table below have been obtained from audited financial statements as of December 31, 2019.

Name	Address (City/Country)	Parent Bank's share percentage-If different voting percentage (%)	Risk share percentage of other shareholders (%)
Bereket Varlık Kiralama A.Ş.	Istanbul/Turkey	100,00	-

(Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

- I. Explanations and notes related to consolidated assets (continued):
- 9. Ownership investments (continued):
- b.2) Information on consolidated subsidiaries (continued):

Total assets	Shareholders' equity	Total fixed assets	Dividend or profit share income	Income from marketable securities	Current period profit/loss	Prior years profit/loss	Fair value
2.742.621	507	-	-	-	104	3	-

ii) In the Board of Directors meeting dated February 25, 2015, the Parent Bank has taken a resolution on establishment a real estate portfolio management company with the name of "Albaraka Gayrimenkul Portföy Yönetimi A.Ş." whose capital is TL 5.000. The company is registered on June 3, 2015 and the foundation of the company is published on Trade Registry Gazette dated June 9, 2015 numbered 8837. The title of the company was changed to "Albaraka Portföy Yönetimi A.Ş." upon the decision of "2018 Extraordinary General Assembly" dated December 20, 2017. As of December 31, 2019, the capital of the company is TL 16.000. Albaraka Portföy Yönetimi A.Ş. is consolidated using full consolidation method as of December 31, 2019.

The balances of Albaraka Portföy Yönetimi A.Ş. presented in the table below have been obtained from audited financial statements as of December 31, 2019.

Name Albaraka Portföy Yönetimi A.Ş.			Idress Country)	Parent Bank's share percentage-If differen voting percentage (%	Risk share percentage of other shareholders (%)		
		S.	Istanbul/Turkey		100,00	-	
Total assets	Shareholders' equity	Total non- current assets	Dividend or profit share income	Income from marketable securities	Current period profit/loss	Prior years profit/loss	Fair value
32.966	30.697	205	342	4.413	13.397	686	-

iii) As of December 31, 2019, not audited financial statements of the Parent Bank's subsidiary "Insha GMBH" based in Berlin (Germany) established under "Europe Digital Banking Project" is as follows:

Name	Address (City/Country)	Parent Bank's share percentage-If different voting percentage (%)	Risk share percentage of other shareholders (%) -	
Insha GMBH	Berlin / Germany	100,00		
	Dividend Inco	amo.	Prior	

Total assets	Shareholders' equity	Total fixed assets	Dividend or profit share income	Income from marketable securities	Current period profit/loss	Prior years profit/los s	Fair value
1.826.367 €	1.755.164 €	-	-	-	(1.174.997) €	(5.620)€	-

(Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

- I. Explanations and notes related to consolidated assets (continued):
- 9. Ownership investments (continued):
- b.2) Information on consolidated subsidiaries (continued):

iv) Movement and Sectoral Information on consolidated subsidiaries:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Amount at the beginning of the period	11.307	5.400
Movements inside the term	12.404	5.907
Purchases/new incorporations/capital increases	12.404	5.907
Bonus shares	-	-
Profit received from current year share	-	-
Sales	-	-
Revaluation increases	-	-
Impairments	-	-
Amount at the end of the period	23.711	11.307
Capital commitments	-	-
Share of the capital at the end of the period (%)	100	100

	Current Period	Prior Period
Banks	-	-
Insurance Companies	-	-
Factoring Companies	-	-
Leasing Companies	-	-
Financing Companies	-	-
Other Financial Subsidiaries	23.711	11.307

c) Information on investments in joint- ventures:

c.1) Information on unconsolidated investments in joint-ventures:

The Group does not have unconsolidated investments in joint-ventures as of the balance sheet date.

c.2) Information on consolidated investments in joint- ventures:

The Parent Bank founded Katılım Emeklilik ve Hayat A.Ş. ("Company") – a private pension and insurance company – through equal partnership with Kuveyt Turk Katılım Bankası A.Ş. in the form of joint venture in accordance with Board of Directors' decision dated May 10, 2013 numbered 1186, and permission of BRSA dated September 24, 2013 numbered 4389041421.91.11-24049. The Company was registered on December 17, 2013 and noticed in Trade registry gazette dated December 23, 2013 and numbered 8470. As of December 31, 2019, Katılım Emeklilik ve Hayat A.Ş. has been consolidated by the Parent Bank using equity method. The financial data from not audited financial statements as of December 31, 2019 are below:

Joint-Ventures	The Parent Bank's shareholding percentage (%)	Group's shareholding percentage (%)	Current Assets	Non- Current Assets	Long Term Debts	Income	Expense
Katılım Emeklilik ve Hayat A.Ş.	50,00	50,00	167.363	2.445.814	2.454.654	139.324	(111.810)

(Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

I. Explanations and notes related to consolidated assets (continued):

9. Ownership investments (continued):

c.3) Information on consolidated investment funds:

The financial information of the investment funds consolidated by the Parent Bank using full consolidation method as of December 31, 2019 are as follows:

Investment Funds	Share of Parent Bank (%)	Share of Group (%)	Investment Amount of the Parent Bank (TL)	Income	Expenses	Net Profit /(Loss)
Albaraka Portföy Yönetimi A.Ş. One						
Tower Gayrimenkul Yatırım Fonu Albaraka Portföy Yönetimi A.Ş.	91,28	91,28	366.152	63.151	45.896	17.255
Dükkan Gayrimenkul Yatırım Fonu Albaraka Portföy Yönetimi A.Ş.	94,03	94,03	370.369	30.329	10.397	19.932
Batışehir Gayrimenkul Yatırım Fonu Albaraka Portföy Yönetimi A.Ş.	86,16	86,16	293.919	41.814	15.353	26.461
Metropol Gayrimenkul Yatırım Fonu Albaraka Portföy Yönetimi A.Ş. Değer	100,00	100,00	263.246	52.144	6.167	45.977
Girişim Sermayesi Yatırım Fonu Albaraka Portföy Yönetimi A.Ş. Fintech Girişim Sermayesi Yatırım	84,54	84,54	162.781	4.569	4.793	(224)
Fonu ^(*) Albaraka Portföy Yönetimi A.Ş.	100,00	100,00	10.000	1.529	261	1.268
Katılım Hisse Senedi Fonu Albaraka Portföy Yönetimi A.Ş.	45,94	45,94	1.000	571	38	533
Katılım Fonu Albaraka Portföy Yönetimi A.Ş. Altın	73,97	73,97	800	182	38	144
Katılım Fonu Albaraka Portföy Yönetimi A.Ş. Kira	95,56	95,56	1.600	457	38	419
Sertifikaları Katılım Fonu	67,88	67,88	700	239	31	208

(Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

I. Explanations and notes related to consolidated assets (continued):

10. Information on tangible assets:

		Leased tangible			Assets held for	
Current period	Immovables	assets	Vehicles	Other(*)	sale	Total
Cost						
Opening balance: January 1, 2019	445.917	-	733	267.958	187.356	901.964
Additions	316.868	-	121	56.278	5	373.272
Revaluation differences	31.588	-	-	-	-	31.588
Disposals	(500)	-	-	(15.513)	(67.901)	(83.914)
Impairment losses(-)/Reversal of	,			` ,	,	,
impairment losses	-	-	-	-	(212.178)	(212.178)
Transfers	-	-	-	_	835.806	835.806
Ending balance: December 31, 2019	793.873	-	854	308.723	743.088	1.846.538
Accumulated depreciation(-)						
Opening balance: January 1, 2019	55.622	-	539	187.219	3.127	246.507
Depreciation expense	56.735	-	67	42.208	-	99.010
Reversal of depreciation of the disposed						
assets	(73)	-	-	(14.780)	(711)	(15.564)
Transfers	-	-	_	` _	` -	` -
Ending balance: December 31, 2019	112.284	-	606	214.647	2.416	329.953
Total cost at the end of the year	793.873	-	854	308.723	743.088	1.846.538
Total accumulated depreciation at the						
end of the year	(112.284)	-	(606)	(214.647)	(2.416)	(329.953)
Closing net book value	681.589	-	248	94.076	740.672	1.516.585

		Leased tangible			Assets Held for	
Prior period	Immovables	assets	Vehicles	Other	sale	Total
Cost						
Opening balance: January 1, 2018	420.829	=	808	245.567	145.274	812.478
Additions	2.717	-	115	33.911	518	37.261
Revaluation differences	26.779	-	_	-	-	26.779
Disposals	(4.408)	-	(190)	(11.520)	(15.725)	(31.843)
Impairment losses(-)/Reversal of impairment	,		,	,	,	,
losses	-	-	-	-	(1.679)	(1.679)
Transfers	-	-	-	-	58.968	58.968
Ending balance: December 31, 2018	445.917	-	733	267.958	187.356	901.964
Accumulated depreciation(-)						
Opening balance: January 1, 2018	46.238	-	653	172.719	3.200	222.810
Depreciation expense	9.876	_	65	28.161	_	38.102
Reversal of depreciation of the disposed	0.0.0			_0		0002
assets	(492)	-	(179)	(13.661)	(73)	(14.405)
Transfers	-	_	-	-	-	-
Ending balance: December 31, 2018	55.622	-	539	187.219	3.127	246.507
Total cost at the end of the year	445.917	_	733	267.958	187.356	901.964
Total accumulated depreciation at the						
end of the year	(55.622)	-	(539)	(187.219)	(3.127)	(246.507)
Closing net book value	390.295	-	194	80.739	184.229	655.457

As of December 31, 2019, the immovables of the Parent Bank have been revalued by an independent valuer and revaluation fund of TL 270.910 (December 31, 2018: TL 251.889) net of deferred tax and depreciation has been reflected in the financial statements. After the revaluation, the cost of the Parent Bank's immovables amounting to TL 475.522 (December 31, 2018: TL 445.917), their amortisations amounting to TL 66.192 (December 31,2018: TL 55.622), net carrying value is TL 409.330 (December 31,2018: TL 390.295).As of December 31, 2019, the cost of the movables and immovable recognized as "right of use" under tangible assets in the balance sheet of the Parent Bank is TL 340.638, related amortisations amounting to TL 56.909. The initial transition effect of "IFRS 16 Leases" standard has been represented under additions line for more information please see Section three: Accounting Policies, Accounting policies and valuation principles applied in the preparation of financial statements, Reclassifications of TFRS 16.

(Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

I. Explanations and notes related to consolidated assets (continued):

11. Information on intangible assets:

a) Opening and ending book values and accumulated depreciation balances:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Gross book value	173.390	155.286
Accumulated depreciation (-)	137.580	118.552
Total (net)	35.810	36.734

b) Intangible assets movement between the beginning and end of the period:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Opening halance	36.734	28.479
Opening balance Additions	17.483	26.479
Disposals (-) (net)	17.403	305
Depreciation expense (-)	18.407	18.663
Depreciation expense (-)	10.407	10.003
Closing net book value	35.810	36.734

12. Information on investment property:

	Current P	Current Period		Prior Period		
	TL	FC	TL	FC		
Investment properties (*)	1.419.315	-	1.074.667	-		
Total	1.419.315	-	1.074.667	-		

^(*) Includes investment properties of "Albaraka Portföy Yönetimi A.Ş. One Tower Gayrimenkul Yatırım Fonu", "Albaraka Portföy Yönetimi A.Ş. Dükkan Gayrimenkul Yatırım Fonu", "Albaraka Portföy Yönetimi A.Ş. Metropol Gayrimenkul Yatırım Fonu" "Albaraka Portföy Yönetimi A.Ş. Batışehir Gayrimenkul Yatırım Fonu".

(Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

I. Explanations and notes related to consolidated assets (continued):

13. Information related to deferred tax asset:

As of December 31, 2019, the Group calculated net deferred tax asset of TL 166.345 (December 31, 2018: TL 169.474) by netting off deferred tax asset of TL 229.707 (December 31, 2018: TL 201.353) and deferred tax liability of TL 63.362 (December 31, 2018: TL 31.879) on all tax deductible/taxable temporary differences arising between the carrying amounts and the tax base of assets and liabilities in the financial statements that will be considered in the calculation of taxable earnings in the future periods.

	Current Period	Prior Period
Padiacount on profit chara and propoid foca and commission income		
Rediscount on profit share and prepaid fees and commission income and unearned revenues	56.241	38.067
	20.147	14.986
Provisions for retirement premium and vacation pay liabilities Difference between carrying value and tax base of tangible assets	20.147	14.900
(amortization differences)	20.010	7.035
Depreciation of tangible assets	42.801	47.404
Provisions for cases on trial	3.444	953
Revaluation difference of financial assets measured at fair value	3.444	900
through other comprehensive income		7.884
Provisions	24.961	68.717
	11.832	00.717
Leasing profit share expenses Other	50.271 ^(*)	16.307
Other	50.271	10.307
Deferred tax asset	229.707	201.353
Revaluation difference of property	21.063	17.718
Rediscount on profit share	8.445	10.645
Right of use assets	19.710	-
Revaluation difference of financial assets measured at fair value		
through other comprehensive income	11.298	-
Other	2.846	3.516
Deferred tax liability	63.362	31.879
	·	
Deferred tax asset (net)	166.345	169.474

^(*) Includes TL 45.796 subjected to deferred tax arising from previous years' losses.

14. Information on other assets:

As of the balance sheet date, the Group's other assets balance is TL 648.648 (December 31, 2018: TL 523.353) and does not exceed 10% of balance sheet total excluding off balance sheet commitments.

- II. Explanations and notes related to consolidated liabilities:
- 1. Information on funds collected:
- a) Information on maturity structure of funds collected:

Current Period	Demand	Up to 1 month	Up to 3 months	Up to 6 months	Up to 9 months	Up to	Over 1 vee	Accumulated participation	Tota
Current Period	Demand	1 month	montns	montns	montns	1 year	Over 1 year	accounts	Iota
I. Real Persons Current Accounts Non-Trade TL II. Real Persons Participation	1.683.275	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.683.275
Accounts Non-Trade TL	_	2.908.832	5.077.473	207.355	_	34,125	401.888	13.686	8.643.359
III. Current Account other-TL	2.515.654		-		-	-	-	-	2.515.654
Public Sector	68.515	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	68.515
Commercial Institutions	2.345.346	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	2.345.346
Other Institutions	76.454	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	76.454
Commercial and Other Institutions	18.415	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	18.415
Banks and Participation Banks	6.924	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6.924
Central Bank of Turkey	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Domestic Banks	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
Foreign Banks	6.788	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6.788
Participation Banks	134	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	134
Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
IV. Participation Accounts-TL	-	343.256	1.329.289	41.872	-	56.180	59.858	183	1.830.638
Public Sector	-	56	81	-	-	-	-	-	137
Commercial Institutions	-	300.413	1.140.561	38.821	-	55.674	57.009	183	1.592.661
Other Institutions	-	21.522	185.968	3.051	-	506	2.849	-	213.896
Commercial and Other Institutions	-	21.265	2.288	-	-	-	-	-	23.553
Banks and Participation Banks	-	-	391	-	-	-	-	-	391
V. Real Persons Current Accounts Non- Trade FC	3.978.509	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	3.978.509
VI. Real Persons Participation									
Accounts Non-Trade FC	-	3.281.952	5.189.583	463.346	-	30.296	1.062.696	1.388	10.029.261
VII. Other Current Accounts FC	4.839.287	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4.839.287
Residents in Turkey-Corporate	3.240.586	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3.240.586
Residents Abroad-Corporate	811.306	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	811.306
Banks and Participation Banks	787.395	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	787.395
Central Bank of Turkey	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Domestic Banks	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Foreign Banks	781.931	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	781.931
Participation Banks	5.464	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5.464
Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
VIII. Participation Accounts other- FC Public sector	-	498.817	2.893.485	612.470	-	6.545	14.971	27	4.026.315
Commercial institutions	_	348.427	2.117.663	39.815	_	6.545	14.922	27	2.527.399
Other institutions	_	4.130	49.904	6	-	-	-		54.040
Commercial and Other Institutions	-	65.806	173.495	4.626	-	-	49	-	243.976
Banks and Participation Banks	_	80.454	552.423	568.023	-	-	-	-	1.200.900
IX. Precious Metals Deposits	878.269	285.168	954.585	27,361	-	9.509	37.828	182	2.192.902
X. Participation Accounts Special Fund Pools TL	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Residents in Turkey	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	
Residents Abroad	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	
XI. Participation Accounts Special Fund Pools – FC	_	-	-	-	_	_	-	-	
Residents in Turkey	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Residents Abroad	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Total (I+II++IX+X+XI)	13.894.994	7.318.025	15.444.415	1.352.404		136.655	1.577.241	15.466	39.739.200

- II. Explanations and notes related to consolidated liabilities (continued):
- 1. Information on funds collected (continued):
- a) Information on maturity structure of funds collected (continued):

Prior Period	Demand	Up to 1 month	Up to 3 months	Up to 6 months	Up to 9 months	Up to 1 year	Over 1 year	Accumulated participation accounts	Total
						.,,			
I. Real Persons Current Accounts Non-Trade TL	1.134.274	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.134.274
II. Real Persons Participation Accounts Non-Trade TL	_	2.428.892	3.925.701	138,487	_	29.371	439.698	10.667	6.972.816
III. Current Account other-TL	1.673.133	2.420.032	3.323.701	130.407	-	23.371	-33.030	10.007	1.673.133
Public Sector	44.119	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	44.119
Commercial Institutions	1.545.407	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	1.545.407
Other Institutions	56.880	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	56.880
Commercial and Other Institutions	3.513	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	3.513
Banks and Participation Banks	23.214	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	23.214
Central Bank of Turkey		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Domestic Banks	2	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	2
Foreign Banks	23.211	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	23.211
Participation Banks	1	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	1
Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
IV. Participation Accounts-TL	-	246.578	1.369.688	186.881	-	7.553	104.511	32	1.915.243
Public Sector	-	68	1.190	-	-	_	-	-	1.258
Commercial Institutions	-	226.938	1.220.594	133.657	-	6.309	97.729	32	1.685.259
Other Institutions	-	19.552	147.337	53.224	-	1.244	4.931	-	226.288
Commercial and Other Institutions	-	20	5	-	-	_	1.851	-	1.876
Banks and Participation Banks	-	-	562	-	-	-	-	-	562
V. Real Persons Current Accounts									
Non- Trade FC	2.253.033	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.253.033
VI. Real Persons Participation Accounts Non-Trade FC		2.200.909	3.871.958	301.876		26.181	638.977	387	7.040.288
VII. Other Current Accounts FC	3.200.185	2.200.909	3.071.930	301.070	-	20.101	030.911	301	3.200.185
Residents in Turkey-Corporate	2.386.238	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	2.386.238
, ,	388.771	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	388.771
Residents abroad-Corporate Banks and Participation Banks	425.176	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	425.176
Central Bank of Turkey	423.170		_	_		_		_	423.170
Domestic Banks			_		_	_	_	_	_
Foreign Banks	420.247		_	_		_		_	420.247
Participation Banks	4.929	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	4.929
Other	4.323		_		_	_	_	_	4.323
VIII. Participation Accounts other- FC	_	465.979	2.232.544	207.092	_	12.236	11.108	-	2.928.959
Public Sector	_	400.070		207.002	_	.2.200		_	2.020.000
Commercial Institutions	_	255.551	1.400.746	62.073	_	12.236	11.068	_	1.741.674
Other Institutions	_	2.986	29.705	3.613	_	12.230	11.000	_	36.304
Commercial and Other Institutions	_	10.986	208.223	3.371	_	_	40	_	222.620
Banks and Participation Banks	_	196.456	593.870	138.035	_	_	-	_	928.361
IX. Precious Metals Deposits	465.759	184.260	706.317	31.486	_	8.140	25,303	135	1.421.400
X. Participation Accounts Special Fund Pools TL	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-
Residents in Turkey	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Residents abroad	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
XI. Participation Accounts Special									
Fund Pools – FC	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Residents in Turkey	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Residents abroad	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total (I+II++IX+X+XI)	8.726.384	5.526.618	12.106.208	865.822		83.481	1.219.597	11.221	28.539.331

(Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

- II. Explanations and notes related to consolidated liabilities (continued):
- b) Information on participation fund under the guarantee of insurance:

b.1) Exceeding the limit of insurance fund:

Information on real persons' current and participation accounts not subject to trading transactions under the guarantee of insurance and exceeding the limit of Insurance Fund:

	Under the guarantee of Insurance	Under the guarantee of Insurance	Exceeding the guarantee of Insurance	Exceeding the guarantee of Insurance
	Current Period	Prior Period	Current Period	Prior Period
Real persons' current and participation accounts not subject to trading transactions	5 055 404	4.445.000	4 474 000	0.004.400
Turkish Lira accounts	5.855.401	4.415.669	4.471.232	3.691.420
Foreign currency accounts Foreign branches' deposits subject to	4.485.043	2.621.145	11.489.849	7.874.166
foreign authorities insurance Off-shore deposits under foreign authorities' insurance	-	-	-	-

Funds collected by Participation Banks (except foreign branches) from current and participation accounts denominated in Turkish Lira or foreign currency up to a limit of maximum TL 150 (including both capital and profit shares) for each real person is under the guarantee of Saving Deposit Insurance Fund in accordance with the Banking Law numbered 5411.

b.2) Funds collected which are not under the guarantee of insurance fund:

Funds collected of real persons, which are not under the guarantee of insurance fund:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Foreign Branches' Profit Sharing Accounts and Other Accounts Profit Sharing Accounts and Other Accounts of Controlling Shareholders and Profit Sharing Accounts and Other Accounts of Their Mother, Father, Spouse, and Children in Care	40.415	28.459
Profit Sharing Accounts and Other Accounts of Chairman and Members of Board Of Directors or Managers, General Manager and Assistant General Managers and Profit Sharing Accounts and Other Accounts of Their Mother, Father, Spouse, and Children in Care	16.974	12.634
Profit Sharing Accounts and Other Accounts in Scope of the Property Holdings Derived from Crime Defined in article 282 of Turkish Criminal Law no:5237 dated 26.09.2004 Profit Sharing Accounts in Participation Banks Established in Turkey in order to engage solely in Off-Shore Banking Activities	-	-

(Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

II. Explanations and notes related to consolidated liabilities (continued):

2. Information on borrowings:

a.1) Information on types of borrowings:

	Current F	Current Period		eriod
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Syndication Loans	-	-	_	1.665.370
Wakala Loans	-	978.465	-	1.210.541
Other	100.219	712.914	220.698	292.941
Total	100.219	1.691.379	220.698	3.168.852

a.2) Information on banks and other financial institutions:

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Loans from CBRT	-	_	_	_
Loans from domestic banks and institutions	100.219	252.151	54.568	292.942
Loans from foreign banks, institutions and funds	-	1.439.228	166.130	2.875.910
Total	100.219	1.691.379	220.698	3.168.852

a.3) Maturity analysis of funds borrowed:

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Short-Term	100.219	1.129.603	62.933	1.354.439
Medium and Long-Term	-	561.776	157.765	1.814.413
Total	100.219	1.691.379	220.698	3.168.852

b) Additional disclosures on concentration areas of The Parent Bank's liabilities:

The Parent Bank does not have concentration on customer or sector group providing funds (December 31, 2018: None).

3. Information on securities issued:

a) Breakdown of sukuk issued:

	Current Peri	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC	
Sukuk issued	2.519.419	-	1.405.143	1.753.909	
Total	2.519.419	-	1.405.143	1.753.909	

4. a) Information on derivative financial liabilities:

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Forward transactions	504	41	205	-
Swap transactions	-	304	1.340	-
Futures transactions	-	-	-	-
Options	-	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-	-
Total	504	345	1.545	-

The Parent Bank has not any derivative financial liabilities for hedging purposes (December 31,2018: None).

(Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

II. Explanations and notes related to consolidated liabilities (continued):

5. Lease payables:

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Less than a year	6.291	-	-	-
1 to 5 years	81.724	1.199	-	-
Over 5 years	199.740	11.706	-	-
Total	287.755	12.905	-	-

6. Information on provisions:

a) Information on provisions for employee rights:

The Group's provisions for employee benefits consist of reserve for employee termination benefits amounting to TL 86.118 (December 31, 2018: TL 62.219), vacation pay liability amounting to TL 13.270 (December 31, 2018: TL 11.178), performance premium amounting to TL 750 (December 31, 2018: 500), totalling to TL 100.138 (December 31, 2018: TL 73.897). The Group has calculated the reserve for employee termination benefits using actuarial valuation methods as indicated in TAS 19. Accordingly, following actuarial assumptions were used in the calculation of the total liability.

	Current Period	Prior Period
Discount rate (%) Estimated increase rate of salary ceiling (%)	11,70 8.90	16,00 12.30
Estimated increase rate of salary ceiling (%)	8,90	

Movement of the reserve for employment termination benefits in the balance sheet is as follows:

_	Current Period	Prior Period
Prior period ending balance	62.219	50.664
Change in the period	20.565	14.875
Actuarial (gain)/loss	13.716	2.892
Paid during the period	(10.382)	(6.212)
Balance at the end of the period	86.118	62.219

(Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

II. Explanations and notes related to consolidated liabilities (continued):

b.) Other provisions:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Non-cash loans first and second stage expected loss provisions Provisions allocated from profit shares to be distributed to profit sharing	11.047	6.192
accounts		
Third stage expected loss provision for unindemnified letter of garantees	3.686	3.037
Third stage expected loss provision for cheques commitments	3.883	2.309
Provision for promotions related with credit cards and promotion of		
banking services	224	212
Provisions for cases on trial	15.655	4.440
Accrual for purchase and sale commitments	291	148
Other	772	645
Total	35.558	16.983

c) Information on provisions for foreign exchange losses on foreign currency indexed loans and financial lease receivables:

As of December 31, 2019, provision for foreign exchange losses on foreign currency indexed loans and lease receivables amounting to TL 901 (December 31, 2018: TL 3.802) has been offset against the loans and financial lease receivables included in the assets of the balance sheet.

7. Information on taxes payable:

a) Explanations on current tax liability:

a.1) Explanations on tax provisions:

As of December 31, 2019, the Group's corporate tax payable is TL 5.586 (December 31, 2018: TL 5.237) after offsetting prepaid corporate tax.

a.2) Information on taxes payable:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Corporate taxes payable	5.586	5.237
Banking insurance transaction tax	14.130	17.552
Taxation on securities income	24.408	12.024
Value added tax payable	1.872	1.532
Taxation on real estate income	1.230	1.233
Foreign exchange transaction tax	2.274	-
Income tax deducted from wages	10.442	9.465
Other	1.967	1.073
Total	61.909	48.116

a.3) Information on premiums:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Social security premiums-employee	5.520	4.556
Social security premiums-employer	5.994	4.948
Bank pension fund premium-employee	-	-
Bank pension fund premium-employer	-	-
Pension fund membership fees and provisions-employee	-	-
Pension fund membership fees and provisions-employer	-	-
Unemployment insurance-employee	392	322
Unemployment insurance-employer	785	646
Other	-	-
Total	12.691	10.472

(Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

- II. Explanations and notes related to consolidated liabilities (continued):
- 8. Liabilities for assets held for sale and discontinued operations:

None (December 31, 2018: None).

9. Detailed explanations on number, maturity, profit share rate, creditor and option to convert to share certificates; if any; of subordinated loans:

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Debt instruments to be included in calculation of	-	-	-	-
Subordinated loans	-	-	-	-
Subordinated debt instruments	-	-	-	-
Debt instruments to be included in calculation of Tier II	-	1.375.164	-	1.204.297
Subordinated loans	-	1.375.164	-	1.204.297
Subordinated debt instruments	-	-	-	-
Total	-	1.375.164	-	1.204.297

The Parent Bank has obtained subordinated loan on November 30, 2015 from the investors not resident in Turkey through its structured entity Albaraka Sukuk Ltd. amounting to USD 250.000.000 with 10 years maturity with a grace period of 5 years. The profit rate of the subordinated loan with grace period of 5 years with 10 years total maturity was determined as 10,5%. The Parent Bank has repurchased the sukuk issued in the amount of USD 20.161.000 and this amount is offset in Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income and subordinated loans.

The Parent Bank has realized unmatured additional Tier 1 Capital amount to USD 205.000.000 on February 20, 2018.

10. Breakdown of items in other liabilities, which exceed 10% of the balance sheet total, and breakdown of items, which constitute at least 20% of grand total:

None (December 31, 2018: None).

- 11. Information on shareholders' equity:
- a) Presentation of paid-in capital:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Common stock Preferred stock	900.000	900.000

b) Paid-in capital amount, explanation as to whether the registered share capital system is applicable at the Parent Bank and if so, amount of the registered share capital ceiling:

In the Board of Directors meeting dated February 28, 2013, the Parent Bank has taken a resolution on transition to registered capital system. The application dated December 27, 2016 for the extension of the Registered Capital Ceiling to the Capital Markets Board was approved on January 10, 2017 and the registered capital ceiling was determined as TL 2.500.000 to be valid until December 31, 2021.

Share Capital System	Paid-in Capital	Ceiling
Registered Capital	900.000	2.500.000

(Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

- II. Explanations and notes related to consolidated liabilities (continued):
- 11. Information on shareholders' equity (continued):
- c) Information on the share capital increases during the period and their sources; other information on increased capital in the current period:

The Parent Bank has completed capital increase through rights issues in December 2019. As of December 31, 2019, the capital has not been registered and the added amount (TL 450.000) has been represented under "Other Capital Reserves" on the balance sheet.

c) Information on share capital increases from capital reserves during the current period:

There is no share capital increase from capital reserves during the current period.

d) Capital commitments in the last fiscal year and by the end of the following interim period, general purpose of these commitments and projected resources required to meet these commitments:

There are no capital commitments until the end of the last fiscal year and following interim period.

e) Estimated effects on the shareholders equity of the Parent Bank, of predictions to be made by taking into account previous period indicators regarding the Parent Bank's income, profitability and liquidity, and uncertainties regarding such indicators:

The Parent Bank continues its operations in a profitable manner and majority of the profits are kept in shareholders' equity through transfer to reserves. Moreover, the Parent Bank's shareholders' equity is invested in liquid and earning assets.

f) Information on privileges given to stocks representing the capital:

There is no privilege given to stocks representing the capital.

g) Information on marketable securities valuation reserve:

	Current Period		Prior Per	riod
	TL	FC	TL	FC
From investments in associates, subsidiaries, and				
joint ventures	-	-	-	-
Valuation difference (*)	3.499	36.033	(23.215)	(5.566)
Foreign exchange difference	-	-	-	-
Total	3.499	36.033	(23.215)	(5.566)

^(*) The amount represents the net balance after deferred tax calculation.

ğ) Information on other capital reserves:

The Parent Bank has evaluated its perpetual sukuk transaction as non-monetary item as per TAS 32 which is issued by "Bereket One Ltd" quoted at Ireland Stock Exchange amount to USD 205.000.000 (Historical cost is TL 775.720) and compatible with Basel III criteria. In addition to this evaluation, considering BRSA's approval to add it to additional Tier 1 capital dated February 20, 2018, the Parent Bank recognized it in shareholders' equity under "other capital reserves" on historical cost. The settlement date of the sukuk transaction is February 20, 2023 and its yearly cost is 10% with every sixmonth payment. The Parent Bank has option to cancel the expense amounts. If the Parent Bank uses this option, it is not obligatory to pay the amount it has not paid in the following periods.

The coupon payment for the related transaction amounting to TL 112.284 (December 31, 2018: TL 60.051) has been recognized under prior years profit / loss.

h) Information on minority shares:

As of December 31, 2019, minority shares calculated for full-consolidated uncontrolled shares amount to TL 157.436 (December 31, 2018: TL 262.064).

(Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

- III. Explanations and notes related to consolidated off-balance sheet:
- 1. Explanations on consolidated off-balance sheet:
- a) Type and amount of irrevocable loan commitments:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Commitments for credit card limits	769.342	630.690
Payment commitments for cheques	631.606	537.673
Asset purchase and sale commitments	437.404	476.958
Loan granting commitments	262.517	215.439
Tax and funds liabilities arising from export commitments	10.381	6.906
Commitments for promotions related with credit cards and banking activities	335	332
Other irrevocable commitments	528	387
Total	2.112.113	1.868.385

- b) Type and amount of possible losses and commitments arising from off-balance sheet items:
- b.1) Non-cash loans including guarantees, bank acceptances, collaterals and others that are accepted as financial commitments and other letters of credit:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Letters of guarantees	8.718.394	8.574.565
Bank loans	14.463	39.338
Letters of credit	1.329.920	1.229.615
Other guaranties and sureties	368.661	202.179
Total	10.431.438	10.045.697

b.2) Revocable, irrevocable guarantees and other similar commitments and contingencies:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Letters of guarantees	8.718.394	8.574.565
Long standing letters of guarantees	5.448.790	5.149.800
Temporary letters of guarantees	371.560	191.708
Advance letters of guarantees	362.686	369.112
Letters of guarantees given to customs	366.118	252.510
Letters of guarantees given for obtaining cash loans	2.169.240	2.611.435
Sureties and similar transactions	368.661	202.179
Total	9.087.055	8.776.744

c) Within the non-cash loans

c.1) Total amount of non-cash loans:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Non-cash loans given against cash loans	2.169.240	2.611.435
With original maturity of 1 year or less	555.521	917.931
With original maturity of more than 1 year	1.613.719	1.693.504
Other non-cash loans	8.262.198	7.434.262
Total	10.431.438	10.045.697

(Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

III. Explanations and notes related to consolidated off-balance sheet (continued):

c.2) Sectoral risk concentration of non-cash loans:

		Curren	t period	
	TL	(%)	FC	(%)
Agricultural	41.099	0,80	45.800	0,86
Farming and stockbreeding	23.964	0,47	44.801	0,84
Forestry	16.274	0,32	999	0,02
Fishery	861	0,02	-	0,00
Manufacturing	1.266.579	24,70	2.568.269	48,43
Mining	34.091	0,66	38.262	0,72
Production	892.192	17,40	2.186.913	41,24
Electricity, gas and water	340.296	6,64	343.094	6,47
Construction	1.160.560	22,63	688.776	12,99
Services	2.574.523	50,20	1.889.532	35,63
Wholesale and retail trade	1.304.624	25,44	1.076.518	20,30
Hotel, food and beverage services	45.111	0,88	163.865	3,09
Transportation and telecommunication	146.265	2,85	127.457	2,40
Financial Institutions	236.391	4,61	357.093	6,73
Real estate and renting services	533.096	10,39	118.977	2,24
Self-employment services	127.927	2,49	36.258	0,68
Education services	50.922	0,99	541	0,01
Health and social services	130.187	2,54	8.823	0,17
Other	85.741	1,67	110.559	2,08
Total	5.128.502	100,00	5.302.936	100,00
_		Prior	period	
_	TL	(%)	FC	(%

		Prior period				
	TL	(%)	FC	(%)		
Agricultural	48.322	1,04	33.389	0,62		
Farming and stockbreeding	20.888	0,45	27.688	0,51		
Forestry	25.422	0,55	906	0,02		
Fishery	2.012	0,04	4.795	0,09		
Manufacturing	1.025.981	22,03	2.944.516	54,63		
Mining	20.663	0,44	25.039	0,46		
Production	650.808	13,98	2.435.225	45,19		
Electricity, gas and water	354.510	7,61	484.252	8,98		
Construction	1.375.102	29,54	641.315	11,90		
Services	2.124.928	45,64	1.682.374	31,21		
Wholesale and retail trade	981.935	21,09	763.206	14,16		
Hotel, food and beverage services	43.723	0,94	133.179	2,47		
Transportation and telecommunication	89.681	1,93	216.910	4,02		
Financial Institutions	387.797	8,33	344.956	6,40		
Real estate and renting services	406.294	8,73	143.681	2,67		
Self-employment services	89.441	1,92	48.699	0,90		
Education services	26.275	0,56	489	0,01		
Health and social services	99.782	2,14	31.254	0,58		
Other	81.502	1,75	88.268	1,64		
Total	4.655.835	100,00	5.389.862	100,00		

c.3) Information on the non-cash loans classified in Group I and Group II:

Current Period	l st Grou	ıp	II nd Group	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Non-cash loans	4.857.876	5.130.896	231.175	141.699
Letters of guarantee	4.828.965	3.449.486	230.683	139.468
Bank loans	-	14.463	=	-
Letters of credit	257	1.327.432	-	2.231
Endorsements	-	-	-	-
Underwriting commitments	-	-	-	-
Factoring commitments	-	-	-	-
Other commitments and contingencies	28.654	339.515	492	-

(Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

III. Explanations and notes related to consolidated off-balance sheet (continued):

c.3) Information on the non-cash loans classified in Group I and Group II (continued):

Prior Period	l st Grou	ıp	II nd Group		
	TL	FC	TL	FC	
Non-cash loans	4.255.685	4.354.920	350.505	1.016.629	
Letters of guarantee	4.225.529	2.929.525	350.377	1.001.176	
Bank loans	-	39.338	-	-	
Letters of credit	7.852	1.215.649	128	5.986	
Endorsements	-	-	-	-	
Underwriting commitments	-	-	-	-	
Factoring commitments	-	=	=	-	
Other commitments and contingencies	22.304	170.408	-	9.467	

2. Explanations on derivative transactions:

	Derivative	Derivative
	transactions	transactions
	according to	according to
	purpose	purpose
	December 31,2019	December 31,2018
Trading Derivatives		
Foreign Currency Related Derivative Transactions (I)	133.090	529.944
Currency Forwards-Purchases, sales	75.187	52.727
Currency Swaps-Purchases, sales	57.903	477.217
Currency Futures	-	-
Currency Options-Purchases, sales	-	-
Profit share Rate Related Derivative Transactions (II)	-	-
Profit share rates forwards-Purchase, sales	-	-
Profit share rates swaps-Purchases, sales	-	-
Profit share rates options-Purchases, sales	-	-
Profit share rates futures-Purchases, sales	-	-
Other Trading Derivatives (III)	-	-
A. Total Trading Derivatives (I + II + III)	133.090	529.944
Hedging Derivatives	-	-
Fair value hedges	-	-
Cash flow hedges	-	-
Foreign currency investment hedges	-	-
B. Total Hedging Derivatives	-	-
Total Derivatives Transactions (A+B)	133.090	529.944

3. Explanations on contingent assets and liabilities:

The Parent Bank has made a provision amounting to TL 15.655 (December 31, 2018: TL 4.440), as presented under "Other Provisions" note in section five Note II.6.b, for the lawsuits opened by various real persons and legal entities against the Parent Bank with high probability of realization and cash outflows. Although there are other ongoing lawsuits against the Parent Bank, the Parent Bank considers the probability of a negative result in ongoing litigations resulting in cash outflows as remote.

4. Explanations on services rendered on behalf of third parties:

The Group has not any operations like money placements on behalf of real persons or legal entities, charitable foundations, retirement insurance funds and other institutions.

(Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

IV. Explanations and notes related to the consolidated statement of profit or loss:

1. Information on profit share income:

a) Information on profit share income received from loans:

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Profit share received from loans ^(*)				
Short Term Loans	519.583	153.434	489.130	75.802
Medium and Long-Term Loans	1.546.305 ^(**)	550.248	1.519.924	467.971
Profit Share on Non–Performing Loans	186.228	4.238	97.880	544
Premiums Received from Resource Utilization Support Fund	-	-	-	-
Total	2.252.116	707.920	2.106.934	544.317

^(*) Includes fees and commission income on cash loans.

b) Information on profit share income received from banks:

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
CBRT	23.076	28.821	18.673	39.884
Domestic Banks	539	1.734	734	1.857
Foreign Banks	-	-	-	-
Head Offices and Branches Abroad	-	-	-	-
Total	23.615	30.555	19.407	41.741

c) Information on profit share income received from marketable securities:

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through				
Profit/Loss	1.165	5.072	483	450
Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Other				
Comprehensive Income	92.070	63.584	103.002	23.976
Financial Assets Measured at Amortised Cost	82.866	25.715	87.617	-
Total	176.101	94.371	191.102	24.426

ç) Information on profit share income received from associates and subsidiaries:

None (December 31, 2018: None).

^(**) Total TL 170.950 is the accrued profit from profit and loss investments and TL 155.234 of this profit is fair value profit.

(Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

- IV. Explanations and notes related to the consolidated statement of profit or loss (continued):
- 2. Explanations on profit share expenses:
- a) Distribution of profit share expense on funds collected based on maturity of funds collected:

Naccount name	Surrent Period			Pro	fit sharing ac	counts			
Funds collected from banks through current and profit sharing accounts (Red persons non-trading profit sharing accounts) (Red persons non-trading profit sharing accounts) (Red persons non-trading profit sharing accounts) (Red persons non-trading profit sharing accounts) (Red persons non-trading profit sharing accounts) (Red persons non-trading profit sharing accounts) (Red persons) (Red pers	Account name					•			Tota
Funds collected from banks through current and profit sharing accounts (Red persons non-trading profit sharing accounts) (Red persons non-trading profit sharing accounts) (Red persons non-trading profit sharing accounts) (Red persons non-trading profit sharing accounts) (Red persons non-trading profit sharing accounts) (Red persons non-trading profit sharing accounts) (Red persons) (Red pers	TL								
sharing accounts									
Real persons' non-trading profit sharing accounts 10 28 - - -		00	004						00
profit sharing accounts 326,967 564,381 19,969 - 3,685 61,664 1,731 978,41 Public sector profit sharing accounts 10 28		89	291	-	-	-	-	=	38
Public sector profit sharing accounts 10 28		326.987	564.381	19.969	_	3.685	61.664	1.731	978.41
Commercial sector profit sharing accounts of the institutions prof									
sharing accounts		10	28	-	-	-	-	-	3
Cher institutions profit		20 207	224 761	24 650		0.645	19 726	7	216.09
sharing accounts		30.201	224.761	24.009	-	9.045	10.720	,	310.00
FC		3.322	27.249	1.920	-	1.492	761	-	34.74
FC	Total	269 605	916 710	16 519		14 922	01 151	1 720	1 220 66
Banks 3.554 13.640 5.570 22.76 Real persons non-trading profit sharing accounts 58.252 103.966 7.933 - 633 20.261 11 191.05 Public sector profit sharing accounts 7.613 33.980 1.440 - 179 389 - 43.60 Commercial sector profit sharing accounts 7.613 33.980 1.440 - 179 389 - 43.60 Commercial sector profit sharing accounts 8.608 3.808 126 1 1 - 4.54 Precious metals deposits 479 2.423 78 - 66 243 1 3.25 Total 70.506 157.817 15.147 - 878 20.894 12 265.25 Grand total 439.201 974.527 61.695 - 15.700 102.045 1.750 1.594.91 Prior Period Profit sharing accounts Account name Up to 1 Up to 3 Wp to 6 Wp to 9 Wp to 1 Wp ear 1 year	Total	300.093	610.710	40.346	<u> </u>	14.022	01.131	1.730	1.329.00
Real persons' non-trading profit sharing accounts 58.252 103.966 7.933 - 633 20.261 11 191.05 Public sector profit sharing accounts	FC								
profit sharing accounts 58.252 103.966 7.933 - 633 20.261 11 191.05 Public sector profit sharing accounts - 1	Banks	3.554	13.640	5.570	-	-	-	-	22.76
Public sector profit sharing accounts									
Commercial sector profit Sharing accounts Commercial sector profit Commercial sector profit Commercial sector profit Commercial sector profit Commercial sector profit Commercial sector profit Commercial sector profit Commercial sector profit Commercial sector profit Commercial sector profit Commercial sector profit Commercial sector profit Commercial sector profit Commercial sector profit Commercial Commercial sector profit Commercial Commer		58.252	103.966	7.933	-	633	20.261	11	191.05
Commercial sector profit sharing accounts		-	-	_	_	_	_	-	
Chher institutions profit Sharing accounts 608 3.808 126 - - 1 - 4.54									
sharing accounts 608 3.808 126 1 1 - 4.54 Precious metals deposits 479 2.423 78 - 66 243 1 3.25 Total 70.506 157.817 15.147 - 878 20.894 12 265.25 Grand total 439.201 974.527 61.695 - 15.700 102.045 1.750 1.594.91 Prior Period Period Profit sharing accounts Account name Up to 1		7.613	33.980	1.440	-	179	389	-	43.60
Precious metals deposits		600	2.000	100			4		4.54
Total Tota	3					- 66		- 1	
Prior Period	<u> </u>								
Prior Period	Total	70.506	157.817	15.147	-	878	20.894	12	265.25
Account name	Grand total	439.201	974.527	61.695	-	15.700	102.045	1.750	1.594.91
Account name									
Account name	Prior Period			Pro	fit sharing ac	counts			
TL Funds collected from banks month months mont		Un to 1	Un to 2	Un to 6	Un to 0	Un to 1	Mara than		
Funds collected from banks through current and profit sharing accounts - 58 - 50.069 14.847 - 3.496 53.235 1.067 857.90 Public sector profit sharing accounts 32.004 170.117 6.443 - 1.078 5.813 3 215.45 Other institutions profit sharing accounts 32.004 170.117 6.443 - 1.078 5.813 3 215.45 Other institutions profit sharing accounts 32.004 170.117 6.443 - 1.078 5.813 3 215.45 Other institutions profit sharing accounts 32.004 170.117 6.443 - 1.078 5.813 3 215.45 Other institutions profit sharing accounts 32.004 170.117 6.443 - 1.078 5.813 3 215.45 Other institutions profit sharing accounts 32.006 688.841 22.872 - 143 735 - 24.70 Other institutions profit sharing accounts 42.374 85.540 6.476 - 614 17.991 1 152.99 Public sector profit sharing accounts 42.374 85.540 6.476 - 614 17.991 1 152.99 Public sector profit sharing accounts 6.029 36.210 693 - 481 244 - 42.65 Other institutions profit sharing accounts 1.650 6.210 158 1 1 - 8.01 Precious metals deposits 1.168 7.068 346 - 120 561 1 9.26 Other institutions profit sharing accounts 1.650 6.210 158 1 1 - 8.01 Precious metals deposits 1.168 7.068 346 - 120 561 1 9.26 Other institutions profit sharing accounts 1.168 7.068 346 - 120 561 1 9.26 Other institutions profit sharing accounts 1.168 7.068 346 - 120 561 1 9.26 Other institutions profit sharing accounts 1.168 7.068 346 - 120 561 1 9.26 Other institutions profit sharing accounts 1.168 7.068 346 - 120 561 1 9.26 Other institutions profit sharing accounts 1.168 7.068 346 - 120 561 1 9.26 Other institutions profit sharing accounts 1.168 7.068 346 - 120 561 1 9.26 Other institutions profit sharing accounts 1.168 7.068 346 - 120 561 1 9.26 Other institutions profit sharing accounts 1.168 7.068 346 - 120 561 1 9.26 Other institutions profit sharing accounts 1.168 7.068 346 - 120 561 1 9.26 Other institutions profit sharing accounts 1.168 7.068 346 - 120 561 1 9.26 Other institutions profit sharing accounts 1.168 7.068 346 - 120 561 1 9.27 Other institutions profit sharing accounts 1.168 7.068 346 0 9.25 1 9.26 0	Account name								Tot
Funds collected from banks through current and profit sharing accounts						,	•		
through current and profit sharing accounts - 58 - 58 - 5 - 5 - 5 - 5 - 5 - 5 - 5 -									
sharing accounts Real persons' non-trading profit sharing accounts Public sector profit sharing accounts 16 101 1000 Commercial sector profit sharing accounts Sharing accounts 32.004 170.117 6.443 - 1.078 5.813 3 215.44 Other institutions profit sharing accounts 37.53 18.496 1.582 - 143 735 - 24.70 Total 320.962 688.841 22.872 - 4.717 59.783 1.070 1.098.24 FC Banks Public sector profit sharing Banks 9.260 13.456 2.252 - 14 24.91 Public sector profit sharing accounts 42.374 85.540 6.476 - 614 17.991 1 152.91 Public sector profit sharing accounts Commercial sector profit sharing Banks 9.260 13.456 2.252 - 14 24.91 Public sector profit sharing accounts 8.540 6.476 - 614 17.991 1 152.91 Public sector profit sharing accounts 8.540 6.476 - 614 17.991 1 152.91 Public sector profit sharing accounts 9.540 6.476 - 614 17.991 1 152.91 Public sector profit sharing accounts 9.540 6.476 - 614 17.991 1 152.91 Public sector profit sharing accounts 9.540 6.476 - 614 17.991 1 152.91 Public sector profit sharing accounts 9.540 6.476 - 614 17.991 1 152.91 Public sector profit sharing accounts 9.540 6.476 - 614 17.991 1 152.91 Public sector profit sharing accounts 9.540 6.476 - 614 17.991 1 152.91 Public sector profit sharing accounts 9.540 6.470 693 - 481 244 - 42.61 152.91 Public sector profit sharing accounts 9.540 6.210 158 1 1 - 8.01 152.91 Precious metals deposits 1.168 7.068 346 - 120 561 1 9.261 1 9.261 1									
Real persons' non-trading profit sharing accounts 285.189 500.069 14.847 - 3.496 53.235 1.067 857.90 profit sharing accounts 16 101 10 Commercial sector profit sharing accounts 32.004 170.117 6.443 - 1.078 5.813 3 215.45 (Other institutions profit sharing accounts 32.004 170.117 6.443 - 1.078 5.813 3 215.45 (Other institutions profit sharing accounts 32.004 170.117 6.443 - 1.078 5.813 3 215.45 (Other institutions profit sharing accounts 32.006 688.841 22.872 - 4.717 59.783 1.070 1.098.24 (FC Banks 9.260 13.456 2.252 - 144 24.95 (Real persons' non-trading profit sharing accounts 42.374 85.540 6.476 - 614 17.991 1 152.95 (Public sector profit sharing accounts		_	58	_	_	_	_	_	ı
profit sharing accounts 285.189 500.069 14.847 - 3.496 53.235 1.067 857.90 Public sector profit sharing accounts 16 101 12 Commercial sector profit sharing accounts 32.004 170.117 6.443 - 1.078 5.813 3 215.45 Other institutions profit sharing accounts 3.753 18.496 1.582 - 143 735 - 24.70 Total 320.962 688.841 22.872 - 4.717 59.783 1.070 1.098.24 FC Banks 9.260 13.456 2.252 - 14 24.96 Real persons' non-trading profit sharing accounts 42.374 85.540 6.476 - 614 17.991 1 152.95 Public sector profit sharing accounts 5.029 36.210 693 - 481 244 - 42.65 Other institutions profit sharing accounts 1.650 6.210 158 1 1 - 8.07 Precious metals deposits 1.168 7.068 346 - 120 561 1 9.26		_	30	_	_	_	_	_	,
16		285.189	500.069	14.847	-	3.496	53.235	1.067	857.90
Commercial sector profit sharing accounts 32.004 170.117 6.443 - 1.078 5.813 3 215.45 Other institutions profit sharing accounts 3.753 18.496 1.582 - 143 735 - 24.70 Total 320.962 688.841 22.872 - 4.717 59.783 1.070 1.098.24 FC	Public sector profit sharing								
sharing accounts 32.004 170.117 6.443 - 1.078 5.813 3 215.45 Other institutions profit sharing accounts 3.753 18.496 1.582 - 143 735 - 24.70 Total 320.962 688.841 22.872 - 4.717 59.783 1.070 1.098.24 FC Banks 9.260 13.456 2.252 - 14 - - 24.98 Real persons' non-trading profit sharing accounts 42.374 85.540 6.476 - 614 17.991 1 152.98 Public sector profit sharing accounts -		16	101	-	-	-	-	-	11
Other institutions profit sharing accounts 3.753 18.496 1.582 - 143 735 - 24.70 Total 320.962 688.841 22.872 - 4.717 59.783 1.070 1.098.24 FC Banks 9.260 13.456 2.252 - 14 - - 24.98 Real persons' non-trading profit sharing accounts 42.374 85.540 6.476 - 614 17.991 1 152.99 Public sector profit sharing accounts - - - - - - - - - Commercial sector profit sharing accounts 5.029 36.210 693 - 481 244 - 42.66 Other institutions profit sharing accounts 1.650 6.210 158 - - 1 - 8.0° Precious metals deposits 1.168 7.068 346 - 120 561 1 9.26 Total 59.481 148.484 9.925 - 1.229 18.797 2 237.91	·	32 004	170 117	6 443	_	1 078	5.813	3	215 45
3.753 18.496 1.582 - 143 735 - 24.70	Other institutions profit sharing	52.504	.70.117	0.440	=	1.070	0.010	3	210.40
FC Banks 9.260 13.456 2.252 - 14 - 24.98 Real persons' non-trading profit sharing accounts 42.374 85.540 6.476 - 614 17.991 1 152.98 Public sector profit sharing accounts Commercial sector profit sharing accounts 5.029 36.210 693 - 481 244 - 42.68 Other institutions profit sharing accounts 1.650 6.210 158 1 - 8.01 Precious metals deposits 1.168 7.068 346 - 120 561 1 9.26		3.753	18.496	1.582	-	143	735	-	24.70
Banks 9.260 13.456 2.252 - 14 - - 24.98 Real persons' non-trading profit sharing accounts 42.374 85.540 6.476 - 614 17.991 1 152.98 Public sector profit sharing accounts -	Total	320.962	688.841	22.872	-	4.717	59.783	1.070	1.098.24
Banks 9.260 13.456 2.252 - 14 - - 24.94 Real persons' non-trading profit sharing accounts 42.374 85.540 6.476 - 614 17.991 1 152.99 Public sector profit sharing accounts -									
Real persons' non-trading profit sharing accounts 42.374 85.540 6.476 - 614 17.991 1 152.99 Public sector profit sharing accounts - <td< td=""><td></td><td>0.000</td><td>40 450</td><td>0.050</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>0.4.0</td></td<>		0.000	40 450	0.050					0.4.0
profit sharing accounts 42.374 85.540 6.476 - 614 17.991 1 152.99 Public sector profit sharing accounts -		9.260	13.456	2.252	-	14	-	=	24.98
Public sector profit sharing accounts		42,374	85.540	6.476	-	614	17,991	1	152.90
accounts			55.510	5.170		511	551	•	.52.00
sharing accounts 5.029 36.210 693 - 481 244 - 42.68 Other institutions profit sharing accounts 1.650 6.210 158 - - 1 - 8.0 Precious metals deposits 1.168 7.068 346 - 120 561 1 9.26 Total 59.481 148.484 9.925 - 1.229 18.797 2 237.9°			-	-	-	-	-	-	
Other institutions profit sharing accounts 1.650 6.210 158 - - 1 - 8.0 Precious metals deposits 1.168 7.068 346 - 120 561 1 9.2 Total 59.481 148.484 9.925 - 1.229 18.797 2 237.9	Public sector profit sharing accounts	-							
accounts 1.650 6.210 158 1 - 8.0 Precious metals deposits 1.168 7.068 346 - 120 561 1 9.2 Total 59.481 148.484 9.925 - 1.229 18.797 2 237.9	Public sector profit sharing accounts Commercial sector profit	-	00.040				~		
Precious metals deposits 1.168 7.068 346 - 120 561 1 9.26 Total 59.481 148.484 9.925 - 1.229 18.797 2 237.9°	Public sector profit sharing accounts Commercial sector profit sharing accounts	5.029	36.210	693	-	481	244	-	42.6
Total 59.481 148.484 9.925 - 1.229 18.797 2 237.9	Public sector profit sharing accounts Commercial sector profit sharing accounts Other institutions profit sharing				-			-	
	Public sector profit sharing accounts Commercial sector profit sharing accounts Other institutions profit sharing accounts	1.650	6.210	158	- - -	-	1		8.0
	Public sector profit sharing accounts Commercial sector profit sharing accounts Other institutions profit sharing accounts Precious metals deposits	1.650 1.168	6.210 7.068	158 346	- - -	- 120	1 561	1	8.0° 9.26

(Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

IV. Explanations and notes related to the consolidated statement of profit or loss (continued):

b) Information on profit share expense paid to funds borrowed:

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Banks	2.435	51.888	22.307	93.649
CBRT	-	-	-	-
Domestic banks	-	6.133	-	8.717
Foreign banks	2.435	45.755	22.307	84.932
Head offices and branches abroad	_	_	_	-
Other institutions	11.792	156.559	2.877	156.317
Total	14.227	208.447	25.184	249.966

c) Profit share expense paid to associates and subsidiaries:

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Profit share paid to investments in associates and subsidiaries	1.750	74	274	510
Total	1.750	74	274	510

ç) Profit share expenses paid to marketable securities issued:

	Current Period		Prior F	Period
	TL	FC		
Profit share expenses paid to marketable securities issued	417.097	58.037	119.463	118.732
Total	417.097	58.037	119.463	118.732

3. The Other Items in Net Fees and Commission Income / Expenses, which constitute at least 20% of the total of other items, if the total of other items in income statement exceed 10% of the total of income statement:

Other Fees and Commissions Received	Current Period	Prior Period
Member firm-POS fees and commissions	76.369	52.460
Clearing room fees and commissions	57.625	39.837
Commissions on money orders	20.362	12.144
Appraisal fees	10.706	9.536
Insurance and brokerage commissions	19.579	12.878
Checks and bills commissions	3.591	3.218
Safe deposit box commissions	2.164	1.992
Advocacy service commissions	4.726	6.152
Service pack commissions	15.171	10.263
Enquiry fees received	3.304	1.112
Fees and commissions from correspondent banks	3.039	1.704
Export credit commissions	3.682	2.089
Prepaid import commissions	13.339	7.954
Other	37.672	16.613
Total	271.329	177.952

Other Fees and Commissions Paid	Current Period	Prior Period
Funds borrowed fees and commissions	13.416	33.459
Credit cards fees and commissions	21.057	13.947
Member firm-POS fees and commissions	28.572	23.084
Fees and commissions for Swift, EFT and money orders	22.088	14.872
Other	10.092	9.235
Total	95.225	94.597

(Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

IV. Explanations and notes related to the consolidated statement of profit or loss (continued):

4. Information on dividend income:

	Current	Period	Prior Pe	riod
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Financial assets measured at fair value through profit/loss (FVTPL)	_	_	-	_
Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI)	_	_	_	_
Other	-	-	177	-
Total	_	-	177	-

5. Explanations on trading income/loss (net):

	Current Period	Prior Period
Income	11.101.412	12.649.798
Income from capital market transactions	66.310	565
Income from derivative financial instruments	88.113	40.751
Foreign exchange income	10.946.989	12.608.482
Loss (-)	10.876.585	12.344.132
Loss on capital market transactions	3.014	4.273
Loss on derivative financial instruments	110.105	66.982
Foreign exchange losses	10.763.466	12.272.877
Trading Income/Loss (net)	224.827	305.666

6. Explanations related to other operating income:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Reversal of prior year provisions	456,494	314.306
Income from sale of assets	36.332	28,365
Communication income	11.688	7.112
Reversal of vacation pay expenses provision	-	-
Cheque book charges	1.866	1.502
Operating Lease Income	10.005	4.699
Real estate revaluation income ^(*)	134.257	68.955
Real estate rental income ^(*)	18.501	17.596
Real estate sales income ^(*)	20.801	19.856
Other income (**)	34.500	8.382
Total	724.444	470.773

^(*) Represents the income from real estates' portfolio under real estate investment funds.

^(**) The balance includes TL 12.562 income arising from derivative's accounting and subjection to corporate income tax in the prior periods (this amount is deducted from banking and insurance transaction payable tax), TL 1.520 is the income deducted from banking and insurance transaction payable tax related to investment allowances.

(Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

IV. Explanations and notes related to the consolidated statement of profit or loss (continued):

7. Informations on Expected Credit Losses:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Expected Credit Loss	706.313	582.494
12 month expected credit loss (stage 1)	47.570	29.198
Significant increase in credit risk (stage 2)	25.288	130.997
Non-performing loans (stage 3)	633.455	422,299
Marketable Securities Impairment Expense	-	-
Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Profit/Loss	-	-
Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Other		
Comprehensive Income	-	-
Impairment Provision for Associates, Subsidiaries and Joint		
Ventures	_	-
Associates	-	-
Subsidiaries	-	-
Joint ventures	-	-
Other (*)	67.683	25.342
Total	773.996	607.836

Expected credit losses amount to TL 773.996 (December 31, 2018: TL 607.836) includes TL 286.461 (December 31, 2018: TL 244.196) representing participation account share of expected credit losses of loans provided from participation accounts.

(*) Details of the "other" amount is as follows:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Expected credit losses 1st and 2nd group non-cash loans	5.276	6.132
Third stage expected loss provision for unindemnified non- cash loans	2.330	2.567
Expected credit losses (stage 1) for banks	228	15.973
Profit and loss sharing investments' fair value provision	59.028	-
Expected credit losses (stage 1) for other financial assets	-	439
Provision for expected losses for securities measured at amortized cost	821	231
Total	67.683	25.342

(Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

IV. Explanations and notes related to the consolidated statement of profit or loss (continued):

8. Information on other operating expenses:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Provision for retirement pay liability	10.183	8.663
Deficit provision for pension fund	-	-
Impairment expenses of tangible assets	-	-
Depreciation expenses of tangible assets	99.010	38.102
Impairment expenses of intangible assets	-	-
Impairment expense of goodwill	-	-
Amortization expenses of intangible assets	18.407	18.663
Impairment provision for investments accounted for under equity method	-	-
Impairment expenses of assets to be disposed	-	-
Depreciation expenses of assets to be disposed	-	-
Impairment expenses of assets held for sale and assets of discontinued		
operations	148	210.940
Other business expenses	152.525	218.344
Leasing Expenses on TFRS 16 Exceptions	3.180	-
Operating Lease Expenses	-	89.294
Maintenance and repair expenses	23.186	15.216
Advertisement expenses	14.736	24.271
Other expenses(*)	111.423	89.563
Loss on sale of assets	1.361	273
Other ^(**)	236.163	167.407
Total	517.797	662.392

	Current Period	Prior Period
Communication Expenses	26.024	17.487
Donations	8.061	10.071
Cleaning expenses	18.029	14.722
Heating, lighting and water expenses	14.569	10.179
Representation and Hosting expenses	9.191	7.865
Vehicle expenses	6.762	6.392
Lawsuit and court expenses	2.962	3.374
Movables Insurance Expenses	4.504	3.290
Stationery Expenses	3.265	2.733
Expense Share for Common Expenses	2.850	2.087
Group transportation costs	5.089	5.449
Other	10.117	5.914
Total	111.423	89.563

I otal	111.423	89.563
(**) Details of "other" balance are provided as below:		
	Current Period	Prior Period
Saving Deposit Insurance Fund	77.345	45.377
Taxes, Duties, Charges and Funds	51.893	38.150
Expertise and Information Expenses	10.687	8.358
Audit and Consultancy Fees	15.776	21.859
Institution and Union Participation Share Expense	19.581	7.768
Residence Expenses ^(*)	14.549	9.444
Shopping Mall expenses ^(*)	36.494	11.740
Other	9.838	24.711
Total	236.163	167.407

 $^{^{(&}quot;)}$ Represents the expenses from real estates' portfolio under real estate investment funds.

(Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

IV. Explanations and notes related to the consolidated statement of profit or loss (continued):

9. Explanations on income/loss from continued operations before taxes:

As the Parent Bank does not have any discontinued operations, there is no explanation related to income/loss from discontinued operations before taxes. The Parent Bank's income before tax decreased by 41% compared to prior period and is realized as TL 124.461 (December 31, 2018: TL 209.923). Income before tax comprises net profit share income in the amount of TL 846.084 (December 31, 2018: TL 1.041.278) and fees and commission income in the amount of TL 299.245 (December 31, 2018: TL 197.508). Total other operating expenses amount to TL 517.797 (December 31, 2018: TL 662.392).

10. Explanations on tax provision for continued and discontinued operations:

Since the Parent Bank has no discontinued operations, there is no tax provision for this purpose.

As of December 31, 2019, the Parent Bank has deferred tax income of TL 201.392 (December 31, 2018: TL 139.903) and deferred tax expense of TL 220.539 (December 31, 2018: TL 171.354). The current tax provision is TL 8.535 (December 31, 2018: TL 5.237).

11. Explanations on net income/loss from continued and discontinued operations:

The Parent Bank has no discontinued operations. Net income for the period has been realized as TL 124.461 (December 31, 2018: TL 209.923) by deducting tax provision expense amounting to TL 27.682 (December 31, 2018: TL 36.688) from profit from continued operations amounting to TL 96.779 (December 31, 2018: TL 173.235).

12. Explanations on net income/loss:

a) The nature and amount of certain income and expense items from ordinary operations; if the disclosure for nature, amount and repetition rate of such items is required for a complete understanding of the Parent Bank's performance for the period:

None.

b) The effect of the change in accounting estimates to the net income/loss; including the effects on the future period:

None.

c) Income/loss of minority shares:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Net profit/(loss) of minority shares	6.734	15.221

V. Explanations and notes related to the consolidated statement of changes in shareholders' equity:

a) There is no declaration of dividends made subsequent to the balance sheet date, and prior to the announcement of the financial statements.

Decision related to the dividend distribution will be taken in the General Assembly. General Assembly has not been held as of the date of finalization of the accompanying financial statements.

- b) "Unrealized gains and losses" arising from changes in the fair value of securities classified as financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income are recognized in the "Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income or Expenses that will be Reclassified to Profit or Loss" account under equity, until the financial assets are sold, disposed of or impaired at which time they are transferred to the statement of income. TL 87.581 increase has occurred after the revaluation of financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (December 31, 2018: TL 14.318 decrease).
- c) Revaluation amounts related to tangible and intangible assets are accounted under equity in revaluation reserve on tangible assets and revaluation reserve on intangible assets.

(Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

V. Explanations and notes related to the consolidated statement of changes in shareholders' equity (continued):

d) Foreign exchange differences arising from translation of income statement of foreign branch and foreign subsidiary of the Parent Bank are accounted in other capital reserves amounts to TL 16.782 as increase. (December 31, 2018: TL 36.025 increase).

VI. Explanations and notes related to the consolidated statement of cash flows:

1. Components of cash and cash equivalents and accounting policy applied in their determination:

"Cash" is defined as cash in vault and foreign currency cash, money in transit, cheques purchased, unrestricted balance with the Central Bank and demand deposits at banks. "Cash equivalents" is defined as money market placements and time deposits at banks with original maturities less than three months.

(a) Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period:

	Current Period	Current Period
Cash	2.692.092	2.001.123
Cash in TL/foreign currency	823.466	365.436
Cash in transit	831.066	863.141
CBRT	1.037.560	772.546
Cash equivalents	4.417.767	888.600
Domestic banks	3.459.023	342.727
Foreign banks	958.744	545.873
Total cash and cash equivalents	7.109.859	2.889.723

(b) Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period:

	Current Period	Prior
Cash	4.027.884	2.692.092
Cash in TL/foreign currency	1.022.107	823.466
Cash in transit	558.717	831.066
CBRT	2.447.060	1.037.560
Cash equivalents	3.161.797	4.417.767
Domestic banks	917.218	3.459.023
Foreign banks	2.244.579	958.744
Total cash and cash equivalents	7.189.681	7.109.859

2. Cash and cash equivalent items which are restricted for the usage of the Bank by legal or other limitations:

Restricted time deposits held at the Central Bank of Turkey and blockaged amount arising from POS are not considered as cash and cash equivalent items.

3. Explanation about other cash flow items and the effect of the changes in foreign exchange rates on cash and cash equivalents:

The "Others" item under "Operating profit before changes in operating assets and liabilities" amounting to TL 62.047 (December 31, 2018: TL 855.948) mainly comprises other operating expenses excluding personnel expenses and amortization expenses.

The "Net increase/decrease in other liabilities" item under "Changes in operating assets and liabilities" amounting to TL 334.636 (December 31, 2018: TL 264.856) mainly comprises changes in miscellaneous payables, other liabilities and taxes and other duties payable.

Effect of the changes in foreign currency rates on cash and cash equivalents has been calculated approximately as TL 235.821 as of December 31, 2019 (December 31, 2018: TL 290.406).

(Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

VII. Explanations related to the risk group of the Parent Bank:

1. Information on the volume of transactions relating to the Parent Bank's risk group, outstanding loans and funds collected and income and expenses related to the period:

a) Current period:

Risk Group of the Parent Bank ^(*)	subsidiaries and j	n associates, oint ventures Partnerships)	sharehol	Direct and indirect shareholders of the Parent Bank		Other real or legal persons included in the risk group	
	Cash	Non-cash	Cash	Non-cash	Cash	Non- Cash	
Loans							
Balance at the beginning of the period	1	5	173.457	32.410	19	-	
Balance at the end of the period Profit share and commission income	3	5	632.926	27.308	27	-	
received	-	-	10.157	195	-	-	

b) Prior period:

Risk Group of the Parent Bank ^(*)	Investment in associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures (Business Partnerships)		Direct and indirect shareholders of the Parent Bank		Other real or legal persons included in the risk group	
	Cash	Non-cash	Cash	Non-cash	Cash	Non-cash
Loans and other receivables						
Balance at the beginning of period	-	-	118.658	22.039	106	-
Balance at end of period Profit share and commission income	1	5	173.457	32.410	19	-
received	-	-	7.288	66	-	-

^(*) Defined under Banking Law numbered 5411 in article 49 and "Communiqué Related to Credit Operations of Banks" in article 4 published on November 1, 2006

c.1) Information on current and profit sharing accounts of the Parent Bank's risk group:

Risk Group of the Parent Bank ^(*)	Investment in associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures (Business Partnerships)		Direct and indirect Shareholders of the Parent Bank		Other real or legal persons included in the risk group	
	Current Period	Prior Period	Current Period	Prior Period	Current Period	Prior Period
Current and profit sharing accounts						
Balance at the beginning of period	19.653	7.677	604.631	602.289	7.106	4.801
Balance at the end of period Profit share expense	13.955 2.369	19.653 842	831.442 8.859	604.631 5.542	11.073 381	7.106 234

^(°) As of December 31, 2019 wakala borrowings obtained from risk group of the Parent Bank through investment purpose wakala contracts amount to USD 34.002.557 and EUR 65.082.069 (December 31, 2018: USD 31.856.532 and EUR 122.404.261). The profit share expense relating to such borrowings for the period between January 1, 2019 – December 31, 2019 is TL 12.346 (December 31, 2018: TL 19.416). The Parent Bank has issued Sukuk in the amounts of TL 2.690.000 through "Bereket Varlık Kiralama A.Ş." which exists in the risk group of the Parent Bank. The total expenses for the related issues are TL 475.134 as of December 31, 2019 (USD 350.000.000, which its capital paid and closed in June 2019, has been included) (December 31, 2018: TL 238.195).

(Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

VII. Explanations related to the risk group of the Parent Bank (continued):

USD 155 million of the additional Tier I capital amounting to USD 205 million, which was realized on February 20, 2018, belongs to Albaraka Banking Group, the main shareholder of the Parent Bank. The related amount is accounted under other capital reserves in the financial statements.

c.2) Information on forward, option agreements, and other similar agreements with related parties:

The Group does not have forward and option agreements with the risk group of the Parent Bank.

As of December 31, 2019, the Group has paid TL 18.031 (December 31, 2018: TL 19.406) to top management.

VIII. Explanations related to consolidated domestic, foreign and offshore branches or investments and foreign representative offices:

1. Information on the domestic and foreign branches and representative offices of the Parent Bank:

	Number	Number of Personnel			
Domestic Branches	228	3.771			
			Country		
Foreign Representation Office	-	-	-		
				Total Assets (Thousand TL)	Statutory Share Capital
Foreign Branches	2	20	Iraq	656.918	30.510.625.954 Iraqi Dinar
Off-Shore Branches	-	-	-	-	-

2. Information on the Parent Bank's branch or representative office openings, closings, significant changes in the organizational structure:

The Parent Bank has opened 1 domestic branch and 1 foreign branch, has closed 2 domestic branches in 2019 in different regions.

IX. Explanations related to subsequent events:

In the Board of Directors meeting dated February 19, 2020, it has been decided to propose to General Assembly that net profit from unconsolidated financial tables in 2019 to be distributed as follows

Net Profit for the year: TL 63.429 First legal reserves: TL 3.172

Distributable net profit for the year: TL 60.257

First dividend to shareholders (gross) : -

Second dividend to shareholders (gross): -

Second legal reserves: -

Other statutory reserves (real estate profit on sale): TL 1.082

Extraordinary reserves: TL 59.175

X. Other Explanations

Other issues that have significant effect on the balance sheet or that are ambiguous and/or open to interpretation and require clarification:

None.

(Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

SECTION SIX

Independent Auditors' report

I. Explanations on independent audit report:

The Group's consolidated financial statements as of and for the period ended December 31, 2019 have been audited by "Güney Bağımsız Denetim ve Serbest Muhasebeci Mali Müşavirlik A.Ş." (the member of the Ernst & Young Global Ltd.) and the audit report dated December 31, 2019 is presented at the beginning of the financial statements and related notes.

II. Other notes and explanations prepared by the independent auditors:

None.